"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers to-day; clearing to-morrow; south to northwest winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,092. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1910.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

FORCED TO AMEND TAFT RAILWAY BILL

Regulars Abandon Traffic Agreement Clause and That Legalizing Some Mergers.

TAFT IS CONSULTED FIRST

Insurgent Combination Mustered Twenty Votes and Conference Leaders Failed to Bring Compromise.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—After Senator Nixon of Montana announced in a speech to-day that there were twenty Republican votes in the Senate in favor of inserting his long and short haul clause in the President's Railway bill, and in face of insurgent activity which seemed to show that the Montana Senator was right, the regulars virtually admitted defeat by deciding to abandon two of the most distinctive provisions of the measure.

Before any action was taken President Taft himself, at Pittsburg, was advised of the situation over the long-distance telephone by Senator Aldrich. Then, despairing of putting the bill through the Senate in the form in which it was reported from the Committee on Inter-State Commerce, the leaders in conference decided to eliminate Section 7, which the insurgents claim would practically have repealed the Sherman anti-trust law by permitting traffic agreements, and Section 12, which would have legalized mergers in cases where one railroad corporation, owning already 50 per cent. of another, desired to control outright.

This decision on the part of the regulars means the most sweeping insurgent victory of the year in the Senate, and indicates the extent to which the organization's power is breaking down. The indications are that the break is working up from the country at large, and that the irregularity into which the ordinarily regular Senators find themselves driven in this case is the result of pressure from their constituents at home.

Practically nothing distinctive of the original bill will remain save the sections providing for the creation of a Court of Commerce. Even that has had a perilous time in the House, and nobody to-night is prepared to guarantee that it will be enacted. In fact, the differences between the Senate and the House are so great that, in view of the radical action decided upon by Senate leaders to-night, it would surprise nobody if the entire bill should fail in conference.

Upon the insurgents the Administration will endeavor to place the responsibility for the failure of the Taft railroad legislation. To Senator Aldrich over the telephone Mr. Taft is said to have expressed himself emphatically to this effect.

That he had initiated the pending measure and had advocated it throughout the country in the form in which it was reported to the Senate, and that if a combination of insurgent Republicans and Democrats rendered it impossible for the Republican majority to enact the bill, then he felt that the Administration should be relieved of responsibility for its defeat. He left the entire matter in the hands of Senator Aldrich and his Republican associates, who were then in conference.

In the conference were Senators Aldrich, Elkins, Carter, Kean, Crane, Root, Curtis, Flint, Bandegee, Lodge, and, from time to time, others of the Republican leaders.

Although admittedly estopped from passing the bill in the form in which they wished, the Administration Senators at once began the formulation of plans through which they will endeavor to take away from the insurgent Republicans the chance to claim a clean-cut victory for themselves. They even wore an air of jubilation to-night over the prospect of putting the "insurgents" to rout on the pending Cummins amendment to the traffic agreement section, which will be the first matter voted upon when the bill is again taken up, probably to-morrow.

If the Administration Senators are correct in the poll they have taken, the Cummins amendment would be lost by the narrow margin of one or two votes, for which victory the Administration agrees to pay the price of striking out the whole section.

Not only must they strike out this section, but it is agreed that Section 12 must be abandoned also. It is not certain that even Sections 13, 14, and 15, which provide for Federal regulation of the issuance of securities of railroads, can be saved. The agreement reached to-day does not, however, cover these sections.

Several Senators were asked to-night to what they attributed their failure to get enough votes to adopt the Elkins-Crawford amendment. They were almost unanimous in the expression that it could be charged directly to the fear that if rates were raised by the railroads the people would say the repeal of the Sherman anti-trust law in its application to railroads was responsible. Unquestionably the possible political effect of the adoption of that section frightened away some of the early supporters of the provision.

Senator Root was noticeably annoyed at the outcome of the conference. When asked what caused the change of front in connection with Section 7 he said:

"Cold feet. Some of those who ought to support the bill were afraid of the political effect."

The action of railroads in the Western Trunk Line Association in filing new classifications with the Inter-State Commerce Commission giving notice of material increases was referred to by a number of those who attended the conferences to-day. In view of the fact that wages have been increased it was agreed that there would certainly be other advances, and certain Republicans feared the political effect. Attention was called also to the fact that the New York, New Haven & Hartford to-day increased passenger rates between 15 and 30 per cent.

Mr. Dixon's boast that the insurgents would poll twenty Republican votes on the amendment was brought out by Chairman Elkins himself of the Committee on Inter-State Commerce. The course of the debate had already developed that many men ordinarily regular, like Mr. Smoot and Middle Westerners of his school, were in favor of the amendment which would give to the cities of the Middle West or mountain States rates at least not higher than those accorded cities on the Pacific Coast or in the East for much longer hauls.

"The Senator cannot reverse the laws of nature," interrupted Mr. Elkins. "If he wants Spokane to get the rates of Chicago, he ought to move to Chicago. If Spokane were where Chicago is it would be as big as Chicago."

"If we in the Middle West had moved out, as the Senator suggests," retorted Mr. Dixon, angrily, "and the ten Republican Senators who represent them had moved out, too, there wouldn't have been enough votes last Summer to pass the tariff law under which the country is now prospering."

"What I want to know," asked Mr. Nelson of Minnesota, "is what is the connection between the short and long haul clause and the tariff law?"

"You ought to know," exclaimed Mr. Elkins, leaping from his seat and shaking his fist good-naturedly at the Minnesota insurgent. "You put up the duty on everything in your State, sky high, while my coal is down low. You wouldn't vote for the Tariff bill until you got everything you wanted—protection on all your products—hay, potatoes, feathers, and [illegible]

MYSTERY IN HOTEL ROBBERY.

Manager Asserts That American's Contention Is Impossible.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 2.—The alleged robbery of $3,240 from H. Harry Meyers while he was a guest of the Piccadilly Hotel remains a mystery. While Mr. Meyers maintains stoutly that the money was abstracted from a wallet in his waistcoat in the course of the night, when he and his wife were asleep, the manager of the hotel says such a thing is impossible, and does not hesitate to say that if the money was lost it happened before Mr. Meyers entered the hotel.

One result of the mystery is likely to be two actions, Mr. Meyers asserting that he will sue the hotel to recover the amount, alleging negligence on its part, while the hotel management has instructed solicitors to protect its position in whatever form seems desirable.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent called at the hotel to-night and saw Mrs. Meyers, a young Englishwoman only recently married. Asked as to the identity of her husband, she said:

"He is well known in New York and Chicago financial circles, being connected with a number of companies, his chief position being as President of the American Animal Therapy Company." She said she did not think her husband had an office in America, nor could she give any address there.

It is asserted that the stolen money was in American bills of denominations from $500 to $20. It is said that Mr. Meyers carried the money around in order to save discount, as he frequently crosses the Atlantic.

Mrs. Meyers did not appear worried over the loss, saying it had caused them no embarrassment, only annoyance. The manager of the hotel said he was determined to sift the matter to the bottom, in furtherance of which object he had employed detectives to find out every detail, both here and in America, regarding Mr. Meyers.

PROMPTLY CONFIRMS HUGHES

Senate Accepts His Nomination to Supreme Court Without Debate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The Senate to-day paid Gov. Hughes the unusual compliment of confirming his nomination to the Supreme bench on the same day that his nomination was favorably reported from the Committee on the Judiciary. At the last threats of opposition dwindled away, and in a brief executive session of the Senate late this afternoon the nomination was confirmed. It is significant that under the rules of the Senate the nomination could have been held up for at least one day by a single protest, but the protest was not made.

Ordinarily the newly appointed Justice would at once assume the duty of his office. In Gov. Hughes's case, however, the commission will be dated Oct. 1 and his salary necessarily will not begin until then. Meanwhile he will continue his duties as Governor.

It is known that at least one prominent Senator—a Democrat—announced no longer ago than Saturday in a private conversation that he would be compelled to oppose Gov. Hughes's nomination on account of his stand against the income tax. Public opinion, however, has been manifesting its approval of the President's selection of the late Justice Brewer's successor, and when the vote was taken to-day the Senator in question let the nomination pass.

UNDER THE RIVER TO JAMAICA

First Electric Train Run from the Pennsylvania's Terminal.

The first electric train of the Long Island Railroad was run through the Pennsylvania tunnel from the new Pennsylvania Terminal, at Seventh Avenue and Thirty-third Street, under the East River to Jamaica yesterday afternoon. The train, consisting of three coaches, each somewhat larger and heavier than the regular Subway cars, left the Pennsylvania station at 2:15 o'clock, and reached the Long Island City terminal four minutes later. From there it proceeded more leisurely along the regular tracks to Jamaica. This part of the road was hampered by work trains, and no effort was made to establish a speed record.

In the train were Ralph Peters, President of the Long Island Railroad; James A. McRea, General Superintendent, and about a dozen other officials of the railroad. All expressed themselves favorably impressed by the condition of the tunnel and the speed of transit through it. It was said that regular service under the East River would be opened on Aug. 1. The original plan to open it on May 15 had to be changed because of delay in getting the necessary car equipment, 144 cars having been held up at the factories. The cars are to be similar to those now in use between Brooklyn and Hempstead, built of steel, with concrete floors and cross seats.

Test trains drawn by locomotives were taken through the tunnel under the East River several weeks ago, but the first tryout with an electric train was made yesterday. Two of the tubes are to be used by the Pennsylvania and two by the Long Island Railroad, but only in one was the electric current turned on yesterday.

KAISER INTERVIEW FAKED?

Attack on Prince Buelow in a Book by an ex-Councillor.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 3.—A remarkable attack on Prince von Bülow, the ex-Imperial Chancellor of Germany, in connection with the memorable interview with Emperor William, published in October, 1908, by The London Daily Telegraph, is contained in a lengthy volume which is about to be issued by the ex-Governmental Councillor, Rudolf Martin.

The Chancellor is accused of treason toward the Emperor. The author of the book asserts that the interview never took place; that table talk, the gist of which the Emperor communicated to Prince von Bülow, was put into the form of an interview by the German Foreign Office, reaching The Daily Telegraph from the hands of the journalist Harold Spender.

Herr Martin gives the names of prominent personages to support his assertions, one of the chief of whom is the ex-Councillor of the German Embassy in London, Baron von Eckhardstein. Both he and Herr Martin have left the Government service.

Summer Weariness—Horsford's Acid Phosphate quickly relieves the languor, exhaustion and nervousness of Summer.—Adv.

OVATION TO PEARY GIVEN IN LONDON

Received Like a Conquering Hero—Enthusiastic Crowd at Station.

ASKED ABOUT BARTLETT

Says They Had Perfect Understanding—Demand for Seats at Explorer's Lectures.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 2.—Commander Peary was received with a modern conquering hero's honors on his arrival in England to-day, one battalion of reporters meeting him at Plymouth, where he landed from the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, and another battalion seeking a fresh batch of interviews when the boat train brought him to London.

As Commander Peary, looking in vigorous health, stepped on the platform at Paddington, Major Leonard Darwin and Dr. Scott Keltie, respectively President and Secretary of the Royal Geographical Society, with Commander Simpson, formerly Naval Attaché of the American Embassy here, and Mrs. Simpson, were awaiting him. Major Darwin grasped the explorer's hand, bidding him welcome to London in the name of the Royal Geographical Society, and he was warmly greeted by the others. Then, while his luggage was being got together, Commander Peary was surrounded by fellow-passengers, all wanting to shake hands with him at the same time, and, as he and Mrs. Peary and their two children drove away, loud cheers were given by a crowd which had increased tremendously as the news passed around that the north pole discoverer had arrived.

Hardly less an object of enthusiasm with the crowd was Capt. "Bob" Bartlett, who accompanied Commander Peary.

At the Hotel Victoria, where, an hour later, Peary, surrounded by reporters, was going over again and again the story of his dash to the pole, the explorer said he had a splended voyage, felt in excellent health, and was delighted to be again in England, where he has a host of friends.

Telegrams and letters of welcome and invitations are pouring in on Commander Peary, but, as his time is limited, many of the invitations will have to be declined.

Of course the main question which the English reporters fired at the explorer was why he did not take Bartlett the entire journey. Peary explained courteously for the thousandth time that he had a perfect understanding with Bartlett before starting out as to how far the latter was to go, and he directed his inquisitors to see Bartlett and find out for themselves if it were not so.

"There was no misunderstanding with Bartlett," Commander Peary said. "I gave him the post of honor and took him nearer the pole than any other white man except myself. He knew the programme from the first."

All of which Capt. "Bob" cheerfully and smilingly acquiesced in, adding: "Peary is the finest man in the world."

Regarding the quest of the south pole, Commander Peary, after saying that he had finished with polar work forever and adding, "I leave it now confidently to younger men," said he hoped that America would yet put an antarctic expedition into the field. Barring unforeseen accidents, he regarded it as a certainty that Capt. Scott would reach the goal.

To-night Commander Peary dined privately with friends. To-morrow he will be the guest at a luncheon at the Royal Societies Club, Lord Halsbury presiding, while on Wednesday there will be the big reception of the Royal Geographical Society in the Albert Hall, where nearly 10,000 persons will be present. At the last moment it is announced that neither King Edward nor the Prince of Wales will be able to be present, but it is understood that both have invited Commander Peary to luncheon before his return to America.

Through the courtesy of Dr. Keltie I to-day saw the special gold medal which is to be presented to Commander Peary on Wednesday night by the Royal Geographical Society. Appropriately enough it was designed by Mrs. Scott, wife of Capt. Scott, the leader of the British antarctic expedition, who, however, was not selected for any sentimental reason, but because of her acknowledged excellence in such work. It is made of eighteen-carat gold, is two and three-quater inches in diameter, and weighs six ounces. The obverse side has a bust portrait of the explorer, with the following lettering around the rim:

Robert Edwin Peary, 1910. Presented by the Royal Geographical Society, for arctic exploration, 1886-1909.

The reverse shows at the bottom the arctic regions of the globe, while above is an American eagle soaring.

A replica in silver will be presented to Capt. Bartlett, the only difference being the addition of his name around the rim.

Never in the history of the Royal Geographical Society has there been such a demand for tickets as for Wednesday night's function. The vast hall could easily be filled ten times over, while every seat for the public lecture in Queen's Hall, seating 3,000, on Thursday night, has been sold.

Commander Peary goes to the Continent on May 6 to deliver a series of lectures before geographical societies in the principal cities, returning here on May 23 to fill a few engagements. He hopes to return to America on June 12.

While the explorer was busy to-day receiving callers and attending to his correspondence, Mrs. Peary and the children went out sightseeing, although the day has been unpleasant, one of the worst this year.

Robert Peary, Jr., the six-year-old son and heir of the explorer, is having the time of his life. That he inherits his father's passion for exploration is attested by a large patch of sticking plaster on the top of his head, a mark of distinction he won by his activities aboard ship. Even this did not deter him from exploring every nook and corner of the Victoria Hotel, and, while his father was talking to the reporters, the boy was here, there, and everywhere, climbing over large ornaments, sliding down banisters, crawling under chairs, and generally having a high old time.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with newsdealers to-day.

FINDS KATZ GUILTY; JURY OUT 5 HOURS

Member of Concern That Raided the Windsor Trust May Go to Prison for 10 Years.

NO REQUEST FOR MERCY

Was Charged with Selling $100,000 of Heinze Copper Stock That Had Been Pledged for $50,000 Loan.

After deliberating for five hours, the jury in the case of Charles Katz, who was charged with sharing in a plot whereby $100,000 in Heinze copper stock was put upon the market last Summer, after Matthew M. Joyce, a broker, had supposed he placed it as collateral with the Windsor Trust Company for a $50,000 loan, last night found Katz guilty of grand larceny. The maximum penalty which may be inflicted for this crime is ten years' imprisonment.

Supreme Court Justice Marcus, who also had tried the case of Donald Persch, in which the jury disagreed two weeks ago, and who, on that occasion, had ordered the jury discharged by telephone, was present when the jury announced its verdict. The jury made no recommendation for mercy.

The conviction of Katz is the first that has been obtained in the Heinze copper stock case. Of the four other men indicted, the Persch jury disagreed, Walter L. Clark turned State evidence, and John F. Sherwood and Leonard J. Field are still to be tried. Persch was in the court corridor last night, eagerly awaiting the verdict in Katz's case.

Katz received the verdict calmly. When his pedigree was then taken, he said he was 38 years old, and that he lived at 1,861 Madison Avenue. He is married and has one child, and is a son of Bernard Katz, owner of the Eastern Brewing Company of Paterson, N. J. The name of the brewing company figured frequently in the trial, the testimony alleging that the Windsor Trust Company had been led to believe that one of the officials of the brewery had been the loaner of the money pledged.

In his closing argument John F. McIntyre laid the blame for the transaction on various parties, but he was most severe in his references to Stirling Birmingham, loan manager of the Windsor Trust Company, whom he described as a co-conspirator, without whose assistance the loan could never have been made, nor the stock never sold.

Assistant District Attorney Nott for the people likened the whole affair to an old cartoon by Nast, drawn during the Tweed scandal, when the gang stood in a circle, each pointing over his shoulder to the one in back, and murmuring: "'Twasn't me, 'twas him."

"If men like these can concoct schemes for the theft of stock and clean up a profit of $44,000 without putting up a cent of money and get off free," he said, "then this is no civilized community."

NO TAFT INDORSEMENT.

Denial That Roosevelt Has Written Approval of President's Course.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Prompt denial was made to-day of the report that letters had been received from Theodore Roosevelt by President Taft, Senator Root, and William Loeb, Jr., indorsing the Taft Administration, favoring Mr. Loeb to succeed Gov. Hughes of New York, and indicating that Roosevelt's decision to remain in private life was final and unalterable.

The report was that Roosevelt would not even be a candidate to succeed Chauncey M. Depew in the Senate, and much less would he desire any other office. It was also said the former President would not be a candidate for the Presidency in 1912, but felt that the re-election of President Taft was the Republican Party's duty.

It was impossible to find in Washington to-day a single person who would admit having received from Mr. Roosevelt any communication on the subject of politics or of his own plans for the future. Those who are known to have been in intimate correspondence with the ex-President made little secret of their skepticism as to his having communcated on these subjects with anybody.

Representative Nicholas Longworth, son-in-law of ex-President Roosevelt, to-day said he knew nothing about any letters being received in this country by anybody outlining Mr. Roosevelt's political views.

"I think that about the time Mr. Roosevelt arrives back in this country people will learn where he stands on these matters," said Mr. Longworth.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 2.—When President Taft was informed to-day of the story published in Washington as to letters said to have been received by him, and was asked if he had received any such communication from Mr. Roosevelt, he shook his head and said, "No."

WOMAN ASLEEP A WEEK.

And Cannot Be Aroused—But She Had Been Awake for 45 Days Before.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST PALESTINE, Ohio, May 2.—For the past seven days Mrs. Albert Eikert of East Palestine has been lying asleep at her home. Her relatives have employed a physician to remain at her bedside for almost twenty-four hours a day, and he says that while there is something unusual about her sleep in a short time she will then return to consciousness. He says that her sleep of such a length is due almost entirely to the rest she missed for forty-five days prior through illness.

Mrs. Eikert has been an unusually healthy woman. About three months ago she became ill, and physicians were called to treat her. They all said that she was merely suffering from the grip and that she would sleep in time. But Mrs. Eikert didn't. Instead, she laid awake for forty-five days and nights, suffering terrible pains and telling her nurses that, while she was sleepy, the pains banished slumber.

Last Monday the pains ceased. Then she slept. She has been sleeping soundly since. She wanders in her mind and talks of writing a book about her life. The physicians say this is a peculiar form of dementia, but that it will wear away.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER, 50c. per case of 6 glass [illegible]s.—Adv.

ARREST POLICEMAN AS EXCISE GRAFTER

On Charge of a Saloonman Lieut. Hannon Is Held in $5,000 Bail.

FEWER EXCISE COMPLAINTS

Only 198 Turned In for Sunday, as Against 530 Last Week—Brooklyn Man the First Convicted.

The charge that he demanded and accepted money at various times between last January and the first of the present month to permit in return violation of the excise tax law has been made against Lieut. J. Stephen Hannon of the West Brighton (S. I.) Police Station. Hannon was arrested at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon by his Captain, Horatio Young, the precinct commander.

Two hours later he was suspended from police duty by order of Commissioner Baker. At the same time Mr. Baker ordered the Lieutenant to appear at Headquarters at 3 o'clock to-day to answer the charges made against him. The hour set is just two hours later than the one set for Hannon to appear in the police court at New Brighton and make a formal plea to the charge.

Hannon's arrest followed the making of an affidavit by Joseph Betterli, a saloon keeper of West Brighton. Betterli made the accusation without swearing to it, and Capt. Young, who made an investigation, ordered the complaint sworn to. Betterli went before Magistrate Joseph B. Handy and took oath to the truth of the charge he made. The warrant was issued at once, and Capt. Young served it.

Hannon was taken before Magistrate Handy, who fixed bail at $5,000. Frederick W. Kerr of Port Richmond provided the bond.

In West Brighton last night it was rumored that the one arrest was not to end the matter. It was said the liquor dealers, angered at the activity of the police since Mayor Gaynor ordered the change in the method of enforcing the law, had begun to tell tales of what had been occurring and also were refusing to pay for protection that did not protect.

Betterli, the complainant, has been charged with violating the law many times, and now is one of those under bonds with charges pending. Lieut. Hannon has credit for thirty-one years' service on the police. The greater part of this was with the old Staten Island police, which were taken into the New York force at consolidation. He lives in good style with his family in Jewett Avenue, West Brighton. He denied that he had taken money and asserted that there was no real basis for the charge.

The first conviction of a Brooklyn saloon keeper under Mayor Gaynor's new excise rule was obtained in that borough yesterday. A liquor seller having a place in the Hamilton Avenue district was fined $10 in the Court of Special Sessions for not having his bar properly exposed to view from the street.

The conviction was on the unsupported testimony of the policeman who detected the violation, and this has caused the saloon keepers of the borough to do a lot of deep thinking.

The convicted saloon man paid the fine, saying he would not appeal.

From the appearances of the excise report to the Police Commissioner, New York must have been considerably drier than usual Sunday. Only 198 affidavits of complaint were turned in, as against 530 last Sunday and 500 the Sunday previous, which was the first day on which Mayor Gaynor's excise scheme was tried.

The complaints were received as follows: Manhattan and the Bronx, eighty-six; Brooklyn, twenty-four; Queens, three; Richmond, seventy-three; inspection districts, twelve. The Staten Island Police were again active, for their total, seventy-three, almost reached that of Manhattan and the Bronx and far outclassed Brooklyn.

The highest number of arrests made by a single station in either New York or Brooklyn was twelve, by the Eldridge Street police, and the Highbridge Station came next with ten.

BALLOONIST GOES 206 MILES.

When 4,000 Feet Up Is Struck by a Night Storm—Lands Drenched.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 2.—After a spectacular flight of 206 miles, in which his balloon was soaked with rain and beaten by hail, William F. Assmann, amateur aeronaut of St. Louis, landed two and a half miles north of Macomb, Ill., last night, exactly four hours after his ascension.

By the aid of lightning flashes he accomplished one of the most difficult feats known to balloonists, making a landing at night without personal injury after having been dragged southward nearly fifty miles. He landed in a creek and narrowly escaped death. His basket rested on the ground, and beneath it he spent a cheerless night, soaked to the skin and shivering with cold.

This was Assmann's fifth flight. He made it partly to qualify himself for a pilot's license and partly to anticipate the attempt of Prof. David Todd of Amherst College, Massachusetts, to view Halley's comet from a balloon. In this he failed.

Assmann sailed in the smallest balloon owned by the Aero Club of St. Louis, the Missouri. He was traveling at an altitude of 4,000 feet when he was struck by a night storm, one of the things most feared by aeronauts.

BIPLANE DEFEATS AUTO.

Hamilton, In a Curtiss Machine, Wins Exciting Race at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 2.—In a four-mile race between Charles K. Hamilton, in a Curtiss bi-plane, and John Juhasse, in a 20 horse power automobile, the crowd at the aviation meeting here to-day had its first real excitement.

At the end of the first lap Hamilton had a slight lead. In a pretty piece of aerial jockeying he made one of his famous glides and almost forced the automobile from the track. This caused the defeat of Juhasse, Hamilton winning by half the length of his machine. No time was taken.

In a preliminary flight in his bi-plane Hamilton successfuly circled the two-mile speedway twice, then, gliding out over the tree tops, described a figure eight and alighted on the track.

FLIGHTS BY J. A. DREXEL.

A. J. Drexel's Son Successful with a Monoplane in England.

LONDON, May 2.—J. Armstrong Drexel, son of Anthony J. Drexel, and one of the latest recruits to the ranks of aviators, made several successful flights in a monoplane at East Boldre, Hampshire, to-day.

VANDERBILT JEWELS LOST.

Report That Countess Szechenyi Is Minus a Case Worth $40,000.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 3.—A dispatch to The Daily Telegraph from Vienna says it is reported that Countess Szechényi, formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt of New York, has lost a case of jewels valued at $40,000.

BUYS A FAMOUS REMBRANDT.

H. C. Frick Purchases "The Polish Rider" from a Family of Cracow.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 3.—The Morning Post announces that Henry C. Frick of New York has purchased Rembrandt's famous painting, "The Polish Rider," from the family of Count Tarnowski of Cracow.

Recently Mr. Frick bought the painting of "an old Dutch woman" by Franz Hals which fetched $137,000 at the Yerkes sale.

O'NEAL FOR GOVERNOR.

Wins in Alabama Democratic Primary by 20,000.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 2.—Unofficial returns indicate that Emmet A. O'Neal of Florence and E. P. Thomas of Eufaula were nominated in a primary election to-day by the Democrats of Alabama to be Governor and Lieutenant Governor, respectively.

O'Neal's majority over H. S. D. Mallory of Selma will not run lower than 20,000.

John H. Bankhead was indorsed for United States Senator.

HOOKWORM DEATH IN VIRGINIA

A 15-Year-Old Boy Reported as the First Victim in That State.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., May 2.—The first death in Virginia officially reported to have been caused by the hookworm disease was that of James R. Sheppard, a fifteen-year-old boy, to-day. He had been suffering for many months and showed all the symptoms of being afflicted with hookworm.

Health authorities and citizens are being stirred to more action in fighting the mysterious malady, and the State Board will soon begin systematic work against it.

COMMUTERS MUST PAY MORE.

New Haven Road Increases Fares and Withdraws Scale Basis.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Sweeping, and in some instances striking, advances in passenger rates between New York and New England points were filed to-day with the Inter-State Commerce Commission by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

In commutation tickets from New York to points as far east as New Haven, Conn., an increase to all stations of from 15 to 30 per cent. is made.

The cost of sixty trip monthly tickets between New York and Mount Vernon will be advanced from $5.60 to $6.75; to New Rochelle from $6.35 to $7.65; to Greenwich, Conn., from $8.50 to $10.20; to Riverside, from $8.65 to $10.40; to Stamford, Conn., from $9 to $10.80; to Bridgeport, from $12.75 to $16.80, and from New Haven from $16 to $22.

The scale basis of commutation tickets by which on renewal the commuter got a reduction in fare, will be withdrawn. There is a flat increase of 5 cents in some instances on single fares between stations.

LEFT $2,000 TO HER HORSES.

Mrs. Brinckerhoff Wanted Her Favorites Well Cared For.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 2.—The will of Mary E. Brinckerhoff, who resided at 19 East Eightieth Street, Manhattan and who had a country residence at Greenbury, was filed to-day in the Surrogate's Court at this place. The personal property is stated to be $568,943 and the real estate $464,636.

After setting aside $2,000 for the care of her favorite horses, Jesse and Fannie, the testatrix makes bequests ranging from $150,000 to $500 to about fifty relatives, friends, and servants.

The sum of $50,000 is bequeathed to Barnard College, $4,000 to Sleepy Hollow Cemetery at Tarrytown, $25,000 to the New York Infirmary, $10,000 to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and $10,000 to the New York Kindergarten.

648,000,000 EGGS RECEIVED.

April Was a Record Month—Prices Were Highest Also.

Receipts of eggs at New York in April were the largest in several years, and the average prices were the highest on record for the same month. The larger dealers, however, predict that the present flooding of the markets from the West and South will result in a drop of prices in a few days.

The month's receipts, as compiled yesterday by the New York Mercantile Exchange, were 1,800,000 cases. Each case contained thirty dozens, or 648,000,000 eggs. The total a year ago was 1,350,000 cases.

The wholesale prices ranged between 22 cents to 25 cents per dozen, about 2 cents above those of a year ago, which were the highest on record up to that time.

HER $4,000 GEMS GONE.

Mrs. A. C. Rodenburgh of Easton, Penn., Misses Them at Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 2.—Hotel managers and police officials are equally at a loss to account for the disappearance of $4,000 worth of rings, brooches, and other jewels belonging to Mrs. Albert C. Rodenburgh of Easton, Penn., who left for her home yesterday heartbroken over her ill-fortune.

Mrs. Rodenburgh, who has been at the Hotel Strand for a week with a party of prominent residents of Easton, discovered her loss on Sunday and promptly informed the hotel management. She had carried her jewels in a chamois bag. Attaches of the hotel were quite certain the diamonds could not have disappeared from Mrs. Rodenburgh's room, and thought it more probable that they had been left in a rolling chair while she was taking a ride on the Boardwalk. A thorough search of the hotel proved unavailing. Pawnshops were searched with no more success.

Pinkerton detectives have been engaged to aid the police of this city and Philadelphia in apprehending the thieves if the gems were stolen.

TAFT PRAISES KNOX; DEFENDS HIS POLICY

Declares Relations with South and Central America Have Never Been Better.

PEACE AND TRADE SECURED

President Speaks at Carnegie Institute and Attends Baseball Game in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, May 2.—President Taft ended his two days' stay in Pittsburg with a speech at the Grant Day dinner of the Americus Club to-night, in which he dealt almost wholly with the foreign affairs of the Nation. The President paid a striking tribute to the Secretary of State, Mr. Knox, who was present. He vigorously defended and justified the Secretary's Nicaraguan policy, flayed those who invented the phrase "Dollar Diplomacy" with the idea of bringing contempt to a policy in which he said the Nation is vitally interested, and concluded with the declaration that the record of the State Department during the first year of the present Administration was one to which he pointed with the greatest pride.

The President's praise of Secretary Knox and his vigorous language in dealing with the critics of the State Department aroused the Americus Club diners to a high pitch of enthusiasm.

Mr. Taft had an exceedingly busy day and was pretty thoroughly tired out when he retired on board his private car to-night preparatory to leaving at 2:30 A. M. for Cincinnati, where he is due to arrive at 10:25 A. M. to-morrow. Count von Bernstorff, who was in the Presidential party throughout the day, left with the President to-night for Cincinnati.

The President's day began with a brief address to the students of the Pennsylvania State College for Women, where he told the young ladies that he was sure they were preparing themselves to take an important part in the life of the Nation, whether they were allowed to vote or not.

Mr. Taft next made an address at the Founders' Day exercises at Carnegie Institute, where he declared that in the development of the aesthetic this Nation had much to learn from the older countries of Europe.

After luncheon at the University Club came the ball game between the Pittsburg and Chicago teams of the National League.

The President was the last speaker at the banquet to-night. He was preceded by Senator W. E. Borah of Idaho, who made an eloquent address on the life of Grant. Secretary Knox and Count von Bernstorff also were among the speakers. Senator George T. Oliver of Pennsylvania was toastmaster.

When the President was introduced he referred to his delight at being in Pittsburg, congratulated the club in having secured Senator Borah as the Grant orator of the evening, and then continued:

"I am greatly indebted to the State of Pennsylvania, to the City of Pittsburg, and to the American Club for giving me that gentleman who sits at the head of my Cabinet table, and who, in the exercise of the ability and learning which brought him to the head of your bar and which distinguished his service as Attorney General of the United States and as a Senator in Congress from Pennsylvania has given wise counsel of the utmost value in guiding the course of the Administration, beset with many difficulties.

"As the law officer of the Government who conducted to a successful issue the greatest of the cases in which the meaning and limitations of the Anti-Trust act were considered, and who by his successful advocacy called a halt upon the movement which threatened a merger of all railroads in the hands of one syndicate, he took his place among the statesmen of the country; and, while respecting the rights of capital and the great advantage of its efficient organization, was alive to the danger to the public weal which lies in the suppression of healthful competition and in the abuse of the privilege of organization to secure private monopoly and excessive profit.

"As the head of the great State Department, having in its charge our foreign relations, Mr. Knox has shown the same capacity for guarding the interests of his client, the United States and her people, in dealing with foreign nations as he did in protectin their rights against the unlawful encroachments of domestic combinations of capital.

"The department of foreign affairs in Government, if it is useful and successful, is not generally very spectacular, and it requires a recital of its work. Its triumphs are peaceful negotiations leading to agreements recorded often not in the ratification of treaties but in the acquiescence of correspondence, and not heralded to the world as what they often really are—important steps toward the universal peace of nations."

The President detailed the recent reorganization of the State Department under the direction of Secretary Knox. He referred also to the successful culmination of all the recent negotiations under the maximum and minimum provisions of the new tariff law, and continued:

"The work has been done by Mr. Knox and the State Department, and has been well done. We have succeeded in securing from all countries substantially their minimum tariffs, or if not their minimum tariffs in terms, such concessions as to be equivalent to those benefits under the minimum tariff denied us."

The President referred particularly to the negotiations with Canada, and in this connection said:

"It is the view of the Administration that the peculiar relations existing between Canada and the United States, with a boundary line of 3,000 miles in extent between them, justifies a different policy as to imports and exports between the two countries from that which obtains in regard to European and Oriental countries, and that if by reciprocal arrangements, we can make the commercial bond closer, it will be for the benefit of both nations.

"The example set by the last Administration, with Mr. Root at the head of the State Department, in cultivating good relations with all the South American and Central American Republics, has been followed closely by Mr. Knox, and the department under him. I say this deliberately for the purpose of meeting suggestions and criticism that there has been a departure from such policy, and I venture to affirm that never before in the history of the country have our relations with South American and Central American Republics been more friendly than they are to-day.

"By tact and diplomatic guidance a war between Peru and Bolivia was avoided, and not a little of the credit for reaching an honorable and pacific settlement was due to the sensible and straightforward suggestion of our Secretary of State.

"The boundary dispute between Costa Rica and Panama was lately settled by the friendly offices of Secretary Knox, and a convention signed providing for

arbitration by the Chief Justice of the United States.

"Relations between Peru and Ecuador are at present strained, due also to a boundary dispute, in which acrimonious feeling has been developed on both sides, and in regard to which our peace-making Secretary of State is bending his energies to bring about a solution honorable to both parties.

"The fact that in respect to the claim pending against one of the South American republics our State Department took a firm stand and insisted on a settlement, is not to be regarded in the slightest degree as an evidence of our lack of friendship for that Government or our earnest desire to maintain the friendliest relations with all South America. But a Secretary of State of the United States would be recreant to all the proper rules governing his duty if he neglected the just rights of American citizens in dealing with any country, however important her friendship.

"The course of our State Department with respect to certain small Central American States has been subjected to criticism, which to me seems wholly unwarranted. Turbulence and unstable conditions in Central America give a perennial occupation to the Department of State.

"The great disturber of Central America in recent years has been Zelaya, the tyrannical and unprincipled President of the Republic of Nicaragua. With respect to every plan for the promotion of pacification and friendly relations between the five republics he played the part of marplot. When his brutal and cruel exactions drove a part of the people of Nicaragua into rebellion and an extended civil war he violated the laws of war and the rights of American citizens who had regularly enlisted in the ranks of the revolutionists by taking their lives.

"He thus gave a right to the Government of the United States to demand reparation and to decide, by reason of the character of his Government--exemplified by this cruelty toward American citizens--to withdraw all diplomatic relations by a letter of Secretary Knox which gave full reasons therefor and which notified the contending forces in Nicaragua that the United States would hold each one to strict accountability were the rights of American citizens further outraged.

"It is undoubtedly true that the attitude of the United States toward Zelaya so injured his prestige and brought him so clearly to the bar of the public opinion of the world as an international criminal that he was obliged to abdicate and leave his Government to a better man. It is hoped that the war between the factions is now drawing to a close, and that a far better Government may be established which shall have regard to the interests of its own citizens as well as of those of friendly nations.

"The leaders of both factions, Madriz and Estrada, have admitted the unjust character of the killing of Groce and Cannon. This Government must consider at the proper time calling upon the Government of Nicaragua, when one can be recognized, to make such reparation as shall seem to be just for this violation of American rights, and to give adequate guarantees for the future observance and strengthening on the part of Nicaragua of the Washington conventions.

"Meanwhile, pending the working out of the Nicaraguan situation, we have saved further invasion of American rights and have indirectly accomplished the elimination of Zelaya and of Zelayism. I think any one who will analyze the Nicaraguan policy will see that it has brought about its exact and just and beneficent objects.

"The elimination of Castro, who was of the class of Zelaya, from the control of Venezuela, has enabled us to settle peacefully the claims of our fellow-citizens in that important South American State.

"As a confirmation of the friendly relations which now exist between this country and all of South America, Argentina has placed the contract for two battleships and certain additional naval armament, amounting in money value in all to about $23,000,000, and there is reason to believe that we shall have further contracts of a similar sort placed in the United States by other South American Governments.

"The opportunity to get this business was brought about directly by the untiring efforts of the Department of State, and this could not have been achieved but for the reorganization of the State Department, and by means of a liberal appropriation of Congress, and the consequent energetic direction of the reformed Consular Service and the Diplomatic Service reorganized last year.

"The theory that the field of diplomacy does not include in any degree commerce and the increase of trade relations is one to which Mr. Knox and this Administration do not subscribe. We believe it to be of the utmost importance that while our foreign policy should not be turned a hair's breadth from the straight path of justice, it may be well made to include active intervention to secure for our merchandise and our capitalists opportunity for profitable investment which shall inure to the benefit of both countries concerned. There is nothing inconsistent in the promotion of peaceful relations and the promotion of trade relations.

"To call such diplomacy 'dollar diplomacy,' and thus apply to it what is deemed by the authors of the phrase an expression of contempt, is to ignore entirely a most useful office to be performed by a Government in its dealings with foreign Governments. Such diplomacy gives to the merchants of other countries in the competition for the trade of the world an advantage which their own Governments are only too glad to offer to them and which our Government ought not to deny to her own merchants, manufacturers, and capitalists.

"Our trade has grown quite beyond the limits of this country. With an annual foreign trade exceeding $2,000,000,000, our State Department could not vindicate its existence or justify a policy which in any way withheld a fostering, protecting, and stimulating hand in the development and extension of that trade.

"There is promised great railway development in the Empire of Turkey, and our State Department is using such proper efforts as it may to assist American contractors and constructors in securing the contracts for the making of these railroads.

"In our agreements with China we have provisions whereby the Chinese Government promises to reform its currency and to abolish Likin, a mode of internal taxation which weighs against our trade, and to give a share o railroad loans to American capital.

"The policy of the 'open door' was inaugurated by this Government while John Hay was Secretary of State, and had its inception in a note circulated among the powers by him. It has been the intention and purpose of this Administration to conserve and maintain that policy as far as possible, and we cannot look with satisfaction or quietly acquiesce in a silent defeat of that policy in the actual measures adopted by any of the Governments interested in the Orient.

"It is the purpose of our State Department to insist upon a respect for the just claims of American citizens, wherever they may be. These cannot be sacrificed to any policy. We must use every effort to give a full measure of protection in our own country to the rights of foreigners of whatever nationality or race, and in our dealings with other Governments to combine a patient insistence upon our rights with a scrupulous respect for theirs.

"In this way the great work of making world peace is carried on, and such a course contributes quite as much to this end as arbitration treaties and other instrumentalities by which in more conspicuous ways war is rendered less and less possible.

"Among the direct contributions to the cause of peace I am glad to call your attention to the fact that Secretary Knox has broached to the powers a project for evolving a general court of arbitral justice out of the theory of the Prize Court Convention drawn up at the last Hague Conference. The proposal has had a most sympathetic reception from many of the powers, sufficient we hope to secure its success, and we feel assured that in the not distant future it will take tangible form and result in a forum always open to all nations having a confidence in the justice of their respective causes, which will make them willing to substitute in the settlement of controversies the deliberate and righteous judgment of an impartial tribunal for the antiquated method of force.

"To the record of a year's accomplishments under Secretary Knox in our foreign affairs I think I may properly point with pride, and yet with becoming modesty, for it is his work and not mine. All I can claim is the merit of selecting him for the task."

ROBIN COOPER'S TRIAL SET.

Will Again Answer to Charge of Murdering ex-Senator Carmack.

NASHVILLE, May 2.—The trial of Robin J. Cooper, charged with the murder of former United States Senator E. W. Carmack in this city on Nov. 9, 1908, was to-day set for June 21.

Cooper was convicted in the criminal court and the case was recently remanded for retrial by the Supreme Court. At the same time the conviction of his father, Col. Cooper, was affirmed. Col. Cooper was immediately pardoned by Gov. Patterson.

WICKERSHAM RAILS AT THE INSURGENTS

Attorney General Accuses Them of Impeding the Work of the Administration.

WRECKING A PARTY, HE SAYS

Appeals to Voters for Support at a Dollar Dinner to County Chairman Griscom.

Attorney General Wickersham, in an address last night at the dollar dinner given in honor of County Chairman Griscom by some 1,300 voters of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District in Terrace Garden, accused the insurgents in the ranks of the Republican Party, without mentioning any names, of "impeding the work of the National Administration by the lessening of party cohesion and discipline."

He also told the diners that he was satisfied with his position as a Cabinet officer in spite of the fact that "whatever one does in public employment is the subject of criticism," and that his office "entails laborious days and involves the exercise of great responsibilities."

Mr. Wickersham upheld the policies of the Republican Party and urged co-operation among members of the organization in helping to carry out the party pledges. He said that the revelations of the demoralization of the Customs Service have taught clearly the need of removing the Customs Service absolutely from partisan political influence, and a reorganization of its administration so as to prevent a recurrence of these offenses and to free the service from all reproach.

"This work is being undertaken now," he added, "by the present Secretary and the Collector of the Port, but to its accomplishment the loyal, effective co-operation of all Republicans is essential. Much virtue is imputed to themselves by certain individuals in refusing to cooperate with the President, and the Administration in carrying out the pledges and the programme of the Republican Party. They seek to extol the independence of the individual at the expense of party organization."

All students of government, he declared, recognize the fact that the success of American institutions has resulted from the peaceful submission of the minority to the rule of the majority, and the success of majority rule has been the result of the application of the same doctrine in party affairs. Referring to a recent statement by a Democratic Senator to the effect that "all men who think one way necessarily must be Republicans and all who think the other way necessarily must be Democrats," Mr. Wickersham said: "I hope it will be pondered over by those gentlemen who still persist in thinking that they can run with the hare and hunt with the hounds."

The speaker acknowledged that "long-continued control of government by one party always has tended to result in its abuse and to corruption in its exercise," but he expressed the opinion that the Republican Party, "like some human bodies, which are so constituted that before disease has destroyed life, they develop within themselves an antitoxin which overcomes and completely cures the disease, has always had within itself the vital capacity of rooting out the abuses and corruption of its own representatives, and without the necessity of surgery from without has wrought its own cure completely by action from within.

"The present National Administration," said the Attorney General, "came into power under a commission perhaps more specific than any other ever formulated for party government. It succeeded an era of attack upon special privilege and of effort to enforce laws made to check exploitation of the great resources of the Nation for the benefit of comparatively small groups.

"The present Administration," he continued, "is not running amuck among legitimate business interests. On the contrary, the intention and desire of the Administration is to protect them from the disastrous influences of unfair competition and secret illegitimate advantages in transportation and in trade which operate to the benefit only of those few who participate in them and to the detriment of all the many who do not. It is this which has become the settled definite policy of the Republican Party.

"But to the carrying out of the Republican programme, the effective co-operation of all representatives of the party is necessary."

Comparing the party to a boat crew and President Taft to the coxswain, Mr. Wickersham predicted that "with the loyal co-operation of the crew the Republican boat must and will win the goal. But there has been a mighty splashing of the oars; too many of the crew have been slow to realize that unless they all fell into stroke they inevitably would capsize the boat and all go into the water together.

"It is to be hoped," he said, "and, indeed, there are signs that wiser counsels may prevail, and that desire for personal prowess will be subordinated to a recognition of the fact that the success of the party administration is of more importance than the self-exploitation of any one individual member of it."

In conclusion Mr. Wickersham said:

"A party whose ideals are impersonated at the head of its country organization by a man of the lofty character and varied experience of Lloyd Griscom; at the head of the State Government by one who has placed himself so high in the esteem of the American people as Charles Evans Hughes; and at the head of national affairs by that embodiment of all that is best in the name American, William H. Taft surely need feel no fear of the result of a submission of its claims to the impartial judgment of the American people."

Mr. Wickersham's address came near the close of the dinner, and was received with clamorous applause. Before he spoke there were other speakers who hailed Mr. Griscom as a leader of merit and one who could safely be trusted to conduct the destinies of the county organization. Mr. Griscom also made a plea for closer organization in the Republican ranks.

The diners cheered Theodore Roosevelt whenever his name was mentioned by one or another of the speakers, and it was mentioned several times.

One overzealous friend of District Attorney Whitman tried to start a Gubernatorial boom for him, but it did not seem to take. There were a few faint cheers, but nothing in the way of a real demonstration. Several of the speakers referred with regret to the acceptance by Gov. Hughes of the appointment to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Congressman Herbert Parsons, whom Mr. Griscom succeeded as County Chairman, predicted success for the Republicans in the Fall.

Mr. Griscom said that a radical change had come about in the county organization in the last few years. He said it was far easier to build up an organization by crooked and unscrupulous methods than otherwise, and he preferred a slow but steady progress to better government.

Joseph H. Choate, after paying his respects to the administrative ability of Mr. Griscom, said that the action of President Taft in placing Gov. Hughes on the Supreme Court bench was one for which he is entitled to the everlasting gratitude of the Nation.

INHERITANCE TAX REFUND.

Court of Claims Decision May Mean $5,000,000 Out of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 2. — The United States Court of Claims to-day decided in favor of the plaintiff a case against the Government involving the question of the obligation of the Secretary of the Treasury to refund $4,286 collected under the inheritance tax provisions of the Spanish War Revenue act of June 13, 1898. The present and prospective claims, which are practically decided by this case, it is believed, will aggregate something over $5,000,000.

The act of April 12, 1902, directed the Secretary of the Treasury to refund so much of the tax under the act of 1898 as might have been collected on contingent beneficial interests which had not become actually vested prior to July 1, 1902.

In the case decided to-day the plaintiff, Mary Wadleigh Stokes, by will of Walter H. Tilden of Philadelphia, received the income from the testator's personal estate, and actually received up to the time of the repeal of the act sums aggregating $17,527. The income tax, however, was assessed by the Government upon the sum of $74,678, the amount which she would have received had she lived to attain a certain age, which was estimated by the internal revenue officers of the Government by the use of certain mortuary tables as the average expectancy of life of individuals of various ages.

The court in effect directs that the taxes collected from the plaintiff in excess of those based on the actual amount of money received by her as income from the estate be refunded to her. This decision is based on the theory that the bequest was in effect a series of legacies for life, which became vested at stated yearly periods.

HEIKE MUST STAND TRIAL.

Supreme Court Disallows Sugar Man's Immunity Plea at This Stage.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Charles R. Heike, former Secretary of the American Sugar Company, will be compelled to stand trial on an indictment of conspiracy to defraud the Government out of sugar customs. The Supreme Court of the United States so decided to-day.

Heike's trial is set for May 10, and upon request of Solicitor General Bowers the mandate of the court was directed to be issued at once. This will insure Heike's hearing on the merits of his case beginning on that date.

Heike claimed immunity from trial because he testified before a Grand Jury at an anti-trust inquiry.

CLOSE TO SOURCE OF EXCHANGE LEAK

Federal Inquiry to Show How Maier Got His Quotations for the Consolidated.

MAY RESTRICT WIRE SERVICE

Wickersham Planning to Make It Illegal to Send Quotations to Other Exchanges —Western Union Must Explain.

The so-called leak by which Frank Maier obtained Stock Exchange transactions for use on his wire service to the Consolidated Exchange and elsewhere uninterruptedly for twenty-five years is being traced higher up by the Federal authorities, and it was the general belief in the Street yesterday that when the true situtaion is uncovered before the Grand Jury in Washington startling developments may be expected.

The underground sources of Washington news brought disquieting rumors yesterday about Attorney General Wickersham's intentions and hinted that he was going to carry the present bucket-shop campaign into fields which tradition has made legitimate. The story was that it was the intention of the Department of Justice to frame a law which would prevent the transmission from State to State of ticker records of Stock Exchange transactions on the ground that such service was merely a device for gambling purposes and could serve no legitimate end. Wall Street was disinclined to put any faith in the rumor, but coming after the action of the Government against the bull pool in cotton it was a cause of uneasiness.

Whether there is any basis in fact for this story, the belief was general in the Street that the Exchange authorities who have been in Washington testifying have brought back hints of much more important developments to arise out of the present campaign than anything that has yet come to light. It is believed that, while legitimate speculation is not really in danger, a way has been found to eliminate the bucket-shop business, and also to put a curb on wildcat stock promotions. It was hinted that drastic laws are to be enacted directed against the advertising and sale of doubtful mining and other stocks.

Western Union Man Called.

Vice President Atkins of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and also of the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company, which has a day-to-day contract with the Stock Exchange for the transmission of its quotations to the general public, was in Washington yesterday to appear before the Federal Grand Jury.

Another witness called by the Federal Grand Jury is William P. Bishop, a special investigator for the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company and one of the men who is credited with having gathered the evidence against the bucket shops presented by the Consolidated Exchange authorities to the Government.

It is said that Frank Maier, manager of the wire service now under investigation, is prepared to prove to the Grand Jury that he has a contract giving him a right to the Stock Exchange quotations he has been selling. Mr. Maier, who was arrested on Saturday, is going to Washington to-day. Whether his contract was with the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company or with the Stock Exchange as a result of the original ticker system contracts could not be learned yesterday. Mr. Maier refused to throw any light yesterday on the mysterious source of his quotations, but there were many indications that it was legitimate, as had been the belief of the Consolidated Exchange authorities.

The idea that the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company and the Stock Exchange authorities have been ignorant for twenty-five years of the source of Maier's quotations was scouted yesterday by old timers in the Street. Among the old-time stock market telegraphers, who form a sort of close corporation among themselves, Maier's source of information has been a matter of common knowledge, it was said yesterday.

One man who has been working a key in the Street since before the time of the ticker said yesterday that he had often sat and gossiped alongside the instrument from which Maier's wire started. He said that if the Stock Exchange authorities did not know as much as he did it was strange. According to this man, the quotations which up to Saturday morning the Consolidated Exchange had been using on its blackboard were read off by Maier's operator as they came out on the tape from the printing wheel.

Not a "Fast Wire" Service.

He explained that for this reason talk of a "fast wire" was nonsense, because although the quotations were sent in Morse code to the customers of Maier, were abbreviated to the fractions indicating the changes, and left out all record of the amounts sold, they could not be sent faster than their ticket source, which printed the full transactions on the tapes simultaneously in all offices where tickers were located. He was not clear as to whether the ticket from which Maier's operator worked was one of the Gold and Stock variety or one of the Stock Exchange's own.

Whatever the Grand Jury decides about the Stock Exchange's knowledge of the Maier service, it was said yesterday that now that the Consolidated Exchange has been deprived of it no pains will be spared to prevent the "Little Board" from making use for trading purposes of the quotations which it receives over the Gold and Stock tickers. These tickers are protected by an injunction so old that the officers of the Consolidated Exchange yesterday could not say when it had been issued or what its provisions were. The Exchange's counsel, Sullivan & Cromwell, refused to discuss the question yesterday.

The tradition is that the injunction was issued about the time that the Western Union first came into control of the Gold and Stock ticker. At that time the Western Union had a fight with the Stock Exchange itself, which resulted in the making of the present day-to-day contract with the Gold and Stock ticker, and one of the conditions made by the Stock Exchange, it is said, was that the quotations should not be furnished for trading purposes on rival Exchanges. The Consolidated Exchange, it is said, obtained its injunction on the ground that its market was independent and the quotations were only used by its members as a matter of news.

The Consolidated Exchange blackboard was working as usual yesterday, and the quotations posted were obtained from the Gold and Stock ticker. Similar use of these quotations is made by the Boston and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges. The belief that the Stock Exchange is about to renew its fight to have the Gold and Stock service on the Consolidated discontinued was strengthened yesterday by the fact that the Stock Exchange authorities held a long conference with Lewis Cass Ledyard of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, attorneys for the Stock Exchange.

AFTER THE WESTERN UNION.

Government Asks It to Explain Quotation Service to Bucket Shops.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—It was reported here this evening that the Government intended to endeavor to cut the transmission of all Stock Exchange quotations by wire on the ground that outside the Exchanges such quotations can be used only for gambling purposes. It was said by officials of the Department of Justice that this report was not exactly accurate, but that the department did intend to prevent the transmission of advance Exchange information to bucket shops if possible, and that it now had a fair prospect of succeeding.

The information obtainable this evening is to the effect that the investigation already conducted by the department has resulted in the discovery of a leak in the Stock Exchange through which the bucket shops were supplied with quotations by the help of a Stock Exchange member. The bucket shops can do business only through the receipt of advance information, which enables them to make their trades ahead of their customers who have to rely on the regular ticker service.

The department believes it has now cut off this supply of advance quotations so that the bucket shops will be put out of business.

The investigation being made by the Grand Jury of the District of Columbia in the cases of the men recently arrested for running bucket shops brought Vice President G. W. E. Atkins of the Western Union Telegraph Company into the Grand Jury Room to-day.

The Department of Justice is pressing the matter vigorously, but is maintaining a decided reticence as to just what outcome it is expected to reach. Beyond saying that it hoped to learn from Mr. Atkins what connection the Western Union had, if any, with furnishing Stock Exchange quotations to bucket shops, officials of the department would not discuss the subject this afternoon. It is understood that Mr. Atkins was asked also to explain any connection his company may have had with the Maier wire service.

The Western Union comes into the matter through its ownership of the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company, which is the concern that has the contract with the Stock Exchange for handling the quotations. This contract obligates the telegraph company not to furnish quotations to any bucket shop or to any person for delivery to a bucket shop.

One point of the Government case, it is understood, will be that by furnishing the quotations to the Western Union the Gold and Stock Company violated this provision of its contract with the Stock Exchange. But where the Western Union is suspected of running chiefly afoul of the Federal law is in the direct delivery of quotations to bucket shops.

There is a provision in the new District of Columbia code which expressly forbids that, and the Department of Justice contends that there is no question about the telegraph company having furnished quotations to several bucket shops in Washington.

It is believed that in order to hold the Western Union for anything serious outside of the District of Columbia it will be necessary for the Government to show that the telegraph company had knowledge of the use to which the quotations it furnished were put. Thus, when it leased a wire for the transmission of Stock Exchange quotations, it will be necessary for the Government to prove that it knew those quotations were supplied to bucket shops.

The Western Union stoutly contends that it had no means of knowing what news went over its leased wires. But the Government has been collecting evidence to show that the telegraph companies must have knowledge of what is going on.

The Government has in its possession a number of contracts which the Western Union made with different customers, some of whom may furnish additional evidence. It was reported here to-night that the Government was seeking an indictment against the telegraph company, but there was nothing authoritative on that score from the Department of Justice.

WIFE SUES DR. WALTON.

Wants Separation—He Names Broker J. Heron Crosman.

The matrimonial troubles of Dr. Alfred Walton and Frances Roberts Walton, who have been married thirty-one years, but who have lived apart for thirteen years, came before Supreme Court Justice Blanchard yesterday. He appointed Gilbert Montague referee to determine whether or not Dr. Walton had been properly served with his wife's complaint in her suit for separation and her suit to recover $500 alleged to be due her on a contract to pay her $20 a week.

Dr. Walton charges that in 1893 his wife abandoned him after he had rebuked her for conduct in a boarding house which he says scandalized and humiliated him. J. Heron Crosman, a broker at 30 Broad Street, figures in Dr. Walton's affidavits as having been in almost daily association with Mrs. Walton since their separation. Dr. Walton also charges that his wife once attacked his private secretary with such vigor that the secretary was confined to her bed for two weeks.

Mrs. Walton characterizes these charges as "venomous aspersions." She attaches to her affidavit a letter written by him last month, which says:

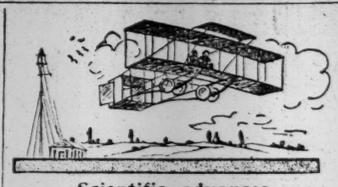
> I received your kind invitation to meet you at the Ansonia. But I could not make it convenient. Moreover you dress so like a Duchess that I would feel uncomfortable in meeting you in such a place. Don't you think it real mean of you to put me to the expense of defending such a stupid action? If my memory serves me right you sued me once before for a separation and lost.

Alexander R. Eacon, counsel for Mrs. Walton, says that Dr. Walton has had a residence at 509 Fifth Avenue, the headquarters of his oxygen manufacturing business, but that he only appears there on Sundays.

J. Heron Crosman submits an affidavit that Dr. Walton's charge that he drank a bottle of whisky with Mrs. Walton at Lake Hopatcong, N. J., is false. Mrs. Walton makes charges against Dr. Walton and his adopted daughter, Esther Hertrois Walton, in her affidavit.

Tornado Damages Emporia, Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, May 2.—The tornado which struck Emporia, Kan., last night unroofed several houses and carried one off its foundation. No one was killed or injured. The report that Plymouth, Kan., was destroyed is not true. Investigations to-day showed that the town suffered no serious damage.



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Oculists and Opticians
54 East 23d St., near Fourth Ave.
27 W. 34th St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
54 West 125th St., near Lenox Ave.
442 Columbus Ave., 81st & 82d Sts.
76 Nassau Street, near John Street.
1009 B'way, nr. Willoughby Av., B'klyn.
489 Fulton St., Opp. A. & S., B'klyn.

ANTI-TRUST ACTION OF STATES UPHELD

Supreme Court Affirms Ouster of Standard Oil of Kentucky by Tennessee.

ALSO MISSISSIPPI DECREE

Opinion by Lurton Declares Retail Lumber Dealers' Association Is Clearly Conspiracy in Restraint of Trade.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The hands of the States in their fight against trusts, so-called, were strongly upheld to-day by the Supreme Court of the United States in two cases. The highest Court affirmed the decree of the Supreme Court of Mississippi and thus made permanent the injunction against the future operation of the Association of Retail Lumber Dealers in Mississippi and Louisiana, and also approved the action of the Supreme Court of Tennessee in ousting from that State the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky. Both organizations, the State Courts had held, had violated an anti-trust act of the State involved.

Justice Lurton announced the opinion of the Court in the Mississippi case. It was his first utterance from the Supreme Court bench on the trust question. He said the members of the Association of Retail Lumber Dealers had obligated themselves not to deal with any manufacturer or wholesaler in lumber who sold direct to consumers in the localities in which they conducted a business sufficiently large to meet the demands of the public.

He accepted the findings of the State courts, and considered only whether the Mississippi statute was in conflict with the Fourteenth Amendment by abridging the freedom of contract, and concludes:

"Whether it would be illegal at common law is not now for our determination. It is an illegal combination and conspiracy under the Mississippi statute."

Justice Holmes announced the opinion of the court sustaining the decree of the Supreme Court of Tennessee ousting the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky from doing business in Tennessee.

The proceedings in this case were begun in 1907 under the Tennessee Anti-Trust act, and originated in a transaction at Gallatin, Tenn. The Standard Oil Company of Kentucky had oil stored in tanks in Tennessee, from which it procured a supply to serve merchants throughout various sections of the State. The Evansville Oil Company of Evansville, Ind., sent a salesman to Gallatin to sell oil. He obtained a number of orders, whereupon the agent of the Standard Oil offered to give the merchants ten gallons of oil per barrel to countermand their purchase orders with the Evansville Oil Company. Four of them accepted.

The Standard Oil Company of Kentucky and two of its agents were indicted under the State Anti-Trust act. One of the agents was convicted, but the company escaped punishment on the ground that it could not be fined under the act, but could only be ousted. Ouster proceedings were then begun against it, the charges being based on the Gallatin transaction. The State courts issued an ousting decree from which an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court of the United States.

This appeal was based on the argument that the alleged criminal agreement, if it were an offense, was an offense against the Federal law, the Sherman anti-trust law, and not an offense against the laws of Tennessee; that the statute was unconstitutional, and because the statute of limitation was effective.

All the contentions of the company were disposed of favorably to the State.

No decision was announced in the corporation tax cases, and the court took a recess until May 16. The only other day the court will be in session this term will be May 31.

Crank Breaks Congressman's Arm.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Representative Andrew J. Peters of Massachusetts is the latest victim of automobile cranking. Mr. Peters was a guest at the country home of John R. McLean, the publisher, yesterday, and when he was about to leave stepped to his machine and started to turn the crank. There was a "flareback" and the lever struck his forearm, inflicting two compound fractures. He appeared at the House to-day with his arm in a sling.

Victor
Calve Left Her Voice

SHE sailed away, but her voice stays here, imprisoned in the wonderful "Victor"—ready to break into song for you and your guests.

You can hear Calve and Melba, Caruso and Scotti—every great singer and songstress now Europe bound, and you can hear them on the "Victor" all Summer.

A "Victor" for every purse.

No obligation attaches to a visit.

OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

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BALDWIN, BRIGGS,

and other standard makes. They are all in perfect order, fully warranted, and will be sold at a

Great Reduction

from the regular prices. Cash or on easy monthly payments if desired.

PIANOS TO RENT

Small Uprights for Summer cottages

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(Near 5th Ave.)

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Crown Perfumery Co. of London, Dept. C, 30 East 20th St., New York.

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Ventilated, non-rattling; wear well; give satisfaction.

JOHN SULLIVAN & SON,

358 Hudson St. Tel. 2477 Spring.

ONE DEAD IN AN EXPLOSION.

Eight Others Badly Hurt as a River Dredge's Boiler Gives Way.

One man was killed and eight others seriously injured when a boiler in a river dredge exploded yesterday in the Newark Bay at Newark, N. J. The detonation of the explosion was heard for miles. The dredge was completely wrecked and the force of the explosion scattered the wreckage for several hundred feet.

The man killed was Charles Mathison, a cook aboard the dredge. Capt. Henry Minnes of 168 Mulberry Street, Newark, was severely scalded and was taken to the City Hospital. Others who were injured and taken to the hospital are Andrew Hemm of 5 Forty-fifth Street, Brooklyn; Louis Olsen of 95 Hamilton Street, Brooklyn; Oscar G. Olsen of 150 Hunterdon Street, Brooklyn; Christopher Didrickson of 11 Second Place, Brooklyn; Niels Nilson of 278 Van Blount Street, Brooklyn; Thomas Olsen of 72 Summit Street, Brooklyn; Charles Evanson, a watchman, address not known.

The dredge was the property of the Newark Meadow Improvement Company.

Many Bids at a Rug Sale.

The first day of the auction sale of the carpetings and rugs, said to be valued at between $5,000,000 and $8,000,000, of the firm of Alexander Smith & Sons' Carpet Company began yesterday morning at 105 and 107 Fifth Avenue. About $1,000,000 worth of rugs were disposed of. About 1,200 buyers from all over the United States were represented. From the moment Auctioneer John C. Wimerding started the sale there was active bidding. The amounts received were all within 10 per cent. of the market value of the goods. The sale will continue every day this week.

Four Famous Fast Trains

Leave		Arrive
NEW YORK 3.55 P. M.	PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL The 18-Hour Train	CHICAGO 8.55 A. M.
10.55 A. M.	THE PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED The World's Standard Passenger Train	8.45 A. M.
Leave NEW YORK 6.25 P. M.	24-HOUR ST. LOUIS From Sunset to Sunset	Arrive ST. LOUIS 5.25 P. M.
10.55 A. M.	ST. LOUIS LIMITED The Steady Favorite	1.25 P. M.

RUNNING OVER THE SMOOTH ROCK-BALLASTED FOUR-TRACK SHORT LINE

THE

STANDARD RAILROAD OF AMERICA

Protect Yourself!

At Soda Fountains or Elsewhere Get the Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

"Others are Imitations"

The Food-Drink for All Ages.

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form.
For infants, invalids and growing children.
Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body.
Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.
More healthful than tea or coffee.
Agrees with the weakest digestion.
Keep it on your sideboard at home.
A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

Sample sent free. Address HORLICK'S, Racine, Wis.

Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S.

Not in any Milk Trust

Odd Lots of Stock

Every Man of Moderate Means

can invest in stocks by buying ODD LOTS. 1 share, 5-10-50-99 or any number of shares bought for cash or on credit. Send for "Odd Lot Circular K."

John Muir & Co.,

Specialists in Odd Lots, Members New York Stock Exchange.
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Are Your Nostrils Closed?

People have begun to realize the importance of having their nostrils kept free of disease and obstructions. The fact that Mr. James J. Jeffries before beginning to train for his coming fight thought it necessary to have his closed nostrils opened shows that all intelligent people are desirous of having their nasal passages free. I performed the operation on Mr. Jeffries shortly after he returned from Europe.

The following is an interesting case of obstructed nostrils operated on by me recently:

Mr. Chas. Howard resides at 57 South Sixth Street, Brooklyn. When Mr. Howard consulted me he told me that since he was five years of age he has had trouble to take air through his nostrils. When he grew up he got so he could not breathe through his left nostril at all, and only on dry days could he breathe a little through the right one. At night he said that, being compelled to breathe through his mouth, it would make his throat very dry and cause him to wake up every two or three hours. He said that until now he cannot remember ever having been able to breathe freely through his nostrils.

Mr. Howard has been under my treatment for about six weeks. He says his left nostril is now absolutely free, and that he can sleep eight hours at a stretch without waking up, and that when he does wake up he feels rested and refreshed.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

I have discovered a method of treating deafness and head noises in which there is no necessity for the passage of instruments through the nostrils and into the ear tubes.

I have found that the passage of instruments and the blowing of air into the ear tubes, instead of curing disease in these parts, inclines to force the germs higher and higher up into the tubes, thus increasing instead of diminishing the deafness and head noise.

In order to demonstrate what my method of treatment for deafness and head noises will do I present to you the case of Mr. Dempsey. When Mr. John Dempsey consulted me he said: "I got so deaf that people had to shout right into my ear to make me hear at all. I could not hear the electric bell ring where I worked, and it was very loud. People with good ears could hear the bell ring a block off. I could not hear my clock tick even when it was pressed up close to my ear. I have been troubled with sounds in my ear like the roaring of a seashell."

Mr. Dempsey was placed under my method, and after three months' treatment reports that he has regained all of his lost hearing, and he can hear a watch tick 18 inches from his ear, and the unpleasant noises have all left his head. Mr. Dempsey resides at No. 220 E. 33rd Street, New York City.

This is who I am and what I have done: I graduated in medicine in New York in 1879. I was the prize winner of my class. I won in competitive examination the position of physician to Bellevue Hospital, where I served in 1879 and 1880.

I have made a specialty of diseases of the nose, throat and ear for thirty years.

The following interview with Professor Loomis will explain what he thought of my ability:

(New York World, Sept. 2, 1904.)

"Professor Loomis of the University of New York, the great specialist, said in alluding to medical men who advertise: 'Dr. McCoy, for instance, is an able man, well educated, a thorough scientist and a first-class physician. He is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital. He advertises, does an immense business and is doing much good.'"

If you think my training and experience should make me a good doctor I should be pleased to have you visit my office. It will cost you nothing for an examination and advice.

If you suffer from obstructed nostrils, diseased nostrils, are going deaf or have head noises, or have a bad throat, I will be pleased to advise you without charge.

Dr. J. C. McCoy,

218 Flatiron Building, Broadway and 23d St., New York.
Hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

A Secret of Health

THE season's underwear should be of the right kind and weight.

For Spring—Cashmere Merino is light and comfortable and thoroughly protects.

Sold at all best stores. Ask for it.

NINE HIGHEST AWARDS.
Look for this label—

TRADE "NO BETTER IN THE WORLD" AMERICAN HOSIERY UNDERWEAR MARK
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Wholesale only—108-110 Franklin St.

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD
Best Road to Buffalo

Hunyadi János

Natural Laxative Water

Recommended by Physicians.

Refuse Substitutes.

If you have never used it before, try it NOW for

CONSTIPATION

WESTON ENDS TRAMP; WELCOMED BY MAYOR

Cheering Throng Packs City Hall Park—Walk in Streets One Long Ovation.

GAYNOR HANDS HIM A PURSE

But Declines Offer to Walk with Him to St. James—"Proud of You," He Tells Aged Pedestrian.

Edward Payson Weston ended his ocean-to-ocean tramp at 3:10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Twelve days ahead of his schedule of ninety days for the transcontinental jaunt Weston shook hands with Mayor Gaynor, who smilingly greeted the seventy-one-year-old pedestrian in the City Hall vestibule, and received from him a letter addressed to the Mayor by Mayor George Alexander of Los Angeles. The Mayor's eyes were seen to twinkle and his lips to move, but almost all that he said in the first moment of welcome was lost in the roar and turmoil of 25,000 people packed from the step below that on which the Mayor stood away over to the Federal Building.

"Weston, my old friend," said the Mayor, "I am mighty proud of you. The whole world is proud of you"—and then his words went astray in the roar that went up. The Mayor stood with bared head for a moment, waiting for an opportunity to make himself heard, his right hand resting meanwhile on Weston's shoulder.

"My old friend," the Mayor finally continued, "I am mighty proud of you for what you have done. You started on Feb. 1 at 4 o'clock from Santa Monica, and you get here at 3:10 this afternoon. Marvelous, simply marvelous. There has never been anything like that in the history of the world.

"Weston, you are a benefactor to the human race, for you have shown people what can be done by a man who lives simply and healthfully in the open air. You have caused people to go out into the open and taught them how to live. Now if they will only follow your example and precepts they ought to live to be a hundred years old instead of the proverbial threescore and ten.

Receives a Purse from the Mayor.

"By your success in crossing the continent in seventy-eight days you have surpassed every feat of ancient or modern times and athletes except your own. That is a splendid record, perfectly splendid. And I have here, on behalf of the committee to welcome you, a purse which I am very glad indeed to give you."

"Mr. Mayor," began Weston.

"That is not all," continued the Mayor. "There is more to come."

As he took the purse, which, it is said, contained $400 in gold, Weston tried to thank the Mayor, but his voice broke and tears trickled down his sunburnt cheeks. After several attempts the veteran controlled himself long enough to say how very glad he was to get back to New York, and how he wanted to thank everybody for their kindness.

"This is the second time, Mr. Mayor," he said, "that you have welcomed me home from one of my trips. I am now a young old man of 71 years. In my last journey across the United States I found that the Nation excels not only in strong men but beautiful women. I wanted to show them what I could do, and I'll bet I've made them all sit up and take notice."

There was considerable laughter and some cheering at this, in the former of which the Mayor joined. Weston laughed at his own sally and then proceeded:

"Passing through the West—Kansas and Iowa and Illinois and other States—I heard the people talking about you and regarding your administration of the City of New York as a civic inspiration. Through all that vast territory the men who gathered at my hotels at night talked about you. 'You ought to be proud of Mayor Gaynor,' they said to me. And, by gosh, I am!"

The Mayor then led the way to his office, with Weston and his daughter, Mrs. Hagan, in tow of several policemen. But the rear door of the City Hall had been left open and unguarded while the traffic police had battled with the crowds in front, and the Mayor and his guests had literally to fight their way through the hordes who had poured through the back door.

Committeemen Couldn't Breast Crowds.

In Mayor Gaynor's private office the committee of welcome awaited Weston, and the doors were closed for a quarter of an hour while he told them all about his trip across the country. The committee consisted of Messrs. Stevenson, Bonner, Adamson, Busbey, Couzens, and Moler. Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard and Joseph H. Choate had intended to be present, but, because of the crowds in City Hall park, had been unable to make their way to the building.

The letter which Weston brought from Mayor Alexander to Mayor Gaynor read:

Los Angeles, Feb. 1, 1910.

To the Hon. Mayor Gaynor, New York.

Sir: Mr. Edward Payson Weston stated from our seaside resort, Santa Monica, at 4 o'clock P. M. Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1910, and I had the pleasure of wishing him good luck at just 9 o'clock P. M. of that same day as he started from our City Hall for his long walk from ocean to ocean. Very truly yours, GEORGE ALEXANDER.

Following his talk with the Mayor—in the course of which Weston offered to walk out to St. James, the Mayor's country home, immediately if the Mayor would accompany him, but which the Mayor declined to do until next week—Weston visited the Post Office and Postmaster Morgan, a life-long friend. Weston gave Mr. Morgan the following letter from Postmaster Flint of Los Angeles:

Los Angeles, Jan. 29, 1910.

My Dear Postmaster Morgan. This will acknowledge your very graceful letter of the 21st inst., introducing your old friend, Edward Payson Weston. I was much pleased, indeed, to meet Mr. Weston, and thank you for the opportunity afforded. I confidently expect that Mr. Weston will make good on his trip to New York, and trust he will present this letter to you in person, together with my best wishes.

Faithfully and cordially yours,
M. H. FLINT.

After a short visit with Mr. Morgan, Weston was taken uptown to his daughter's home in an automobile. He rested at her house last night, but intends to resume his short walks—among which he includes a daily tramp from 135th Street to Wall Street and back—to-day.

Weston's Speed Disappointed Many.

It had been Weston's original intention to reach the City Hall at 4 o'clock, as it was at that hour on Feb. 1 that he left Santa Monica, Cal. But though he started from Yonkers, where he had spent Sunday night, almost an hour later than he had planned, Weston beat his time table all along the route of 20 miles to the City Hall.

Despite this fact, however, the veteran was greeted almost every foot of the way by cheering throngs.

Long before his arrival in the Borough of Manhattan the sidewalks uptown were crowded. Mounted Policemen Devlin and Hatfield of the Kingsbridge Station were hard put to it several times to save the walker from his admirers, who threatened momentarily to injure him in their efforts to get close enough to shake hands.

As he tramped along under the Subway structure from 225th Street to 215th Street, Weston was followed by almost 5,000 persons, many of whom were on their way to business, but delayed long enough to tramp a part of the way with Weston. Passengers on the trains saw him and flocked to the windows and waved their hats and handkerchiefs at him, and frequently Weston responded by similar actions of his own.

When Weston reached Mnhattan Street he was half an hour ahead of his schedule. He got there at 10 o'clock sharp. Two mounted policemen were added to his escort at this place, and they rode ahead to keep the multitudes who lined the street on the sidewalks. There were more than 5,000 persons following in his wake as he passed Columbia University, where the students of Columbia and Barnard tacked "Weston! Weston! Weston!" onto their cheers.

At Eighty-sixth Street a little girl, who said she was Emma L. Hubbard, a daughter of Gen. Hubbard, ran out into the street and gave Weston a large bouquet of roses, which he carried with him to the Ansonia, which he reached at 10:50, more than an hour ahead of his schedule.

W. E. D. Stokes, an old friend of Weston and one of the owners of the Ansonia, gave him Suite 306, and there Weston took a fifteen-minute nap and ate a luncheon, consisting of a piece of apple pie and a cup of tea. He will be a guest of Mr. Stokes at dinner there to-night and will tell his fellow-diners all about his transcontinental walk.

Weston had many callers while at the Ansonia, among whom were a large number of women, young and old, who said that they or their parents had known him many years before when he first started on his long tramps. All the women refused to give their names. Among the men who called were Frémont Wilson, John C. Stratton, James A. Stevenson, L. H. Heller, David Bonner, a brother of the late Hugh Bonner; Hamilton Busbey, former Chief of Police John McCullagh, and many others.

Patrick Powers, the sports promoter, was a caller, and said that when Weston reached the Flatiron Building, where Powers has his office, he was going to present to the veteran the famous Weston belt, emblematic of the six-day walking championship of the world. This was won first by Patrick Dineen in Philadelphia in 1902, and the next year by Patrick Kavanagh. Kavanagh, becoming impoverished, sold it to Powers in 1905, and the belt, named in honor of the old pedestrian, has reposed in Powers's office ever since.

Five thousand persons packed as closely together as either the law or comfort would permit witnessed Weston's departure from the Ansonia at 1:07 o'clock. At Seventy-second Street Peluso's Metropolitand Band of twenty-five pieces swung into line with "When Johnny Comes Marching Home Again," and this was the signal for prolonged cheering by many thousands more jammed into Sherman Square.

At Columbus Circle more than 10,000 persons covered every available inch of space in their efforts to get a glimpse of Weston. The police had a few bad moments in keeping the parade in alignment and the spectators under control. As Weston started down Automobile Row every variety of motor car horn made the air discordant. Chauffeurs were perched in all the windows of the buildings along the route, and seemed to take a delight in trying to out-noise their neighbors.

The really big crowd along the route, however, was in Times Square. Probably 15,000 persons were jammed into the bottle, whose neck is at Forty-sixth Street and whose base is at Forty-second. They stood fifteen deep along the curb in front of the Hotel Astor and every room that fronted on Broadway had at least one head and some three or four.

Big sight-seeing coaches were drawn up along the sidewalk, from which places of vantage many hundreds viewed the veteran. All the windows in the office buildings in the neighborhood sheltered the curious and the applauding. But it was in the street that the worst jam occurred, and it gave the police their hardest task of the day, barring only that at City Hall.

Just as Weston swung past the Times Building he tossed his cane lightly around and swung his hat in jaunty fashion. Then he gripped his two hands as if shaking the hand of a friend in a passing salute to many old friends lined up along the curb, and thereafter the veteran kept turning his head to see them until after he had passed Forty-first Street.

Belt Presented to Him.

The crowds continued along Broadway and Greeley Square, increasing in number as Madison Square was neared. A halt was made outside the Flatiron Building, and Patrick Powers presented the Weston belt to the hero of the day. Weston passed it over to Traffic Policeman Dan Rinn, one of his bodyguard, who took care of it until the City Hall was reached.

At Duane Street a short halt was made to get the procession properly straightened out. Weston asked Mrs. Anna Hagan, his daughter, to alight from her taxicab and accompany him on foot to the City Hall, which she did. Weston, down whose face large tears were chasing themselves in sheer joy, said:

"This is the happiest and proudest day of my life. What an ovation! It's worth all the hardships."

Then the band struck up "Yankee Doodle," changing shortly after, at City Hall Park was reached, to "The Star-Spangled Banner." Weston marched with his head uncovered at this, and most of the spectators likewise doffed their hats.

The parade swung into the short stretch between Broadway and the City Hall to the rousing cheers of some 25,000 people. Weston, upon arriving at the foot of the steps, at whose top stood Mayor Gaynor, hesitated for a moment, and then ran lightly up, with no trace of fatigue. The crowd kept on yelling itself hoarse. Soon after the little ceremony of greeting was over and the people slowly dispersed, many of them with souvenirs of the crush in the shape of badly torn garments and wrenched muscles and ligaments.

HINDU DIDN'T TEACH HER.

Ruth St. Denis Successfully Defends His Suit for a $2,000 Fee.

Ruth St. Denis, the barefoot dancer, successfully defended an action yesterday brought against her by Mahomet Ismail, a Hindu, who sued her in the City Court, before Judge Lynch, for $2,000, alleging that he had taught her some of her East Indian dances.

Ismail, accompanied by many of his beturbaned fellow-countrymen, made a picturesque spectacle in Part IV. of the City Court. But after he had undergone a searching cross-examination about his past as a cook, waiter, and house servant, and had heard Miss St. Denis and various other witnesses testify that she had danced her Oriental dances long before she ever saw him, Ismail asked to be allowed to withdraw his action, and Judge Lynch dismissed the jury.

$1,500,000 FACTORY FIRE.

3,000 Men Thrown Out of Employment In Pennsylvania Town.

FORD CITY, Penn., May 2.—The factory of the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company located here, was destroyed by fire to-night. The loss is estimated at $1,500,000. Out of a population of 5,000 in the community 3,000 men are thrown out of employment.

The fire started at 8 o'clock in a polishing pit, and 900 men on the night turn fled for their lives. Fire-fighting help summoned from neighboring communities saved the residential districts from destruction.

EQUITABLE TO PAY $4,000,000 ON SUITS

Settlement of Long-Standing Litigation Approved by Hotchkiss and Attorney General.

PROFITS AT ONCE $5,000,000

Hyde's Cheap Leases Which Have Prevented New Buildings Here and in Boston to be Canceled.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 2.—Through a settlement which to-day received the approval of State Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss and Attorney General O'Malley, litigation of many years' standing involving millions of dollars, by which the Equitable Life Assurance Society and some of its Directors from the Hyde régime have been harassed, has been wiped off the calendar. According to a statement made to-day by Supt. Hotchkiss, the settlement involves the payment of $4,025,000 by the Equitable Life to the Mercantile Trust Company, the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, and the Security Safe Deposit Company. In return, according to the statement, the Equitable will receive immediate benefits valued at $5,048,000, or a net gain to the policy holders of $1,018,000.

The action brought against certain Directors of the society by the State for waste of the resources of the Equitable has been dropped. The Equitable will pay to the Mercantile Trust Company $2,750,000 in settlement of the so-called "Turner" loans, which is $650,000 less than was at first claimed. In return it will receive bonds and certificates representing lands in Colorado and Kentucky said to be worth at least as much as the sum it pays out.

By the payment of $1,050,000 to the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company it obtains a release from the lease it had granted for a portion of its building on Broadway, and by a payment of $225,000 to the Securities Safe Deposit Company of Boston a similar release from a lease to part of its building in that city. It is estimated that these releases will enhance the value of the real estate of the Equitable by $2,000,000 and $430,000, respectively.

The so-called "Turner" loans, which had proved fruitful causes of litigation, took their rise in the days of Henry B. Hyde, founder of the Equitable. In 1894 he was interested in the Western National Bank with Marcellus Hartley, Gen. Louis Fitzgerald, William N. Coler, Jr., and John C. Searles. This bank at that time made certain loans to the value of $621,291 which were of doubtful character. The State Bank Examiner objected to them, and they were transferred to the Mercantile Trust Company by means of dummy loans to a clerk named Turner. The Equitable at this time owned 12,000, or a majority, of the shares of the Western National Bank, and was also closely allied with the Mercantile Trust Company.

After a time the Bank Examiner's suspicions were drawn to the Turner loans, and he requested that they also be withdrawn from the trust company. Then Mr. Hyde went to Messrs. Hartley, Fitzgerald, Coler and Searles and requested their personal guarantee in order to satisfy the State Banking Department. They gave it on the distinct pledge, it is alleged, of Mr. Hyde that neither the Equitable nor the Mercantile would ever try to enforce it.

When President Paul Morton took office he instituted litigation in relation to this loan, and the Mercantile made claim on the Equitable. Its guarantors urged the promise of immunity they had received from Mr. Hyde, and as the outcome of the case was exceedingly doubtful it has now been recommended by the committee representing the policyholders and Directors of the Equitable that it be compromised on the terms set forth above.

The question of the long leases by the Equitable to the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company in New York and the Securities Safe Deposit Company in Boston attracted a great deal of attention at the time of the insurance investigation. It was stated then that the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company had among its stockholders these men, who were also Directors of the Equitable: James H. Hyde, James W. Alexander, Gage E. Tarbell, Valentine P. Snyder, Thomas D. Jordan, Charles B. Alexander, Henry R. Winthrop, Alvin R. Krech, and William R. McIntyre.

The rent which was paid to the Equitable by the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company was so small that in fifteen years all the insurance company had received in excess of what it had been forced to expend in the way of repairs was $3,463. In addition the lease was extended in the last few years of the Hyde régime so as to run for 100 years.

The Equitable has had for some time under consideration the pulling down of its present old-fashioned quarters on lower Broadway and the erection of a modern skyscraper. Two years ago it filed with the Building Department plans for a building loftier even that the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company's tower. It proposed to build on the block it now occupies a building 62 stories high and measuring 909 feet from the street level to the base of the flag staff.

The Equitable will now be at liberty to carry out this design if it sees fit. In the same way, it will be able to improve its real estate in Boston, having bought up the lease of the Securities Safe Deposit Company, which also had nearly 100 years to run.

The settlement also provides for turning over to the society the pension claimed by Mrs. Henry B. Hyde, widow of the founder of the society.

The settlement was reached after many conferences between a committee of policy holders and Directors of the Equitable, extending over two years. The committee was composed of J. Edward Swanstrom of New York, Charles H. Zehnder, formerly of Philadelphia and now of New York; Thomas Spratt of Ogdensburg, and W. A. Day of counsel for the Equitable. Deputy Attorney General Edward H. Letchworth represented the Attorney General, and Alfred Hurrell, counsel to the Insurance Department, and Nelson B. Hadley, Chief Examiner of life companies, represented the Insurance Department. After participating in the consultation they urged the Attorney General and the Superintendent of Insurance to approve the settlement. In a memorandum submitted they say:

When one considers that this settlement will end costly and troublesome litigation, much of which would result unfavorably to the society; allows the society to improve its buildings in New York and Boston, and thus take advantage of the steadily increasing values of this real estate, all without cost to the society, and at the same time puts it in position probably to gain millions by reason of readjustment—there can be but one conclusion, and that is that official approval should be given to the settlement and the same consummated at once.

When the question of injunction in the case of Hyde vs. The Equitable was decided by Judge Bischoff, the law governing the case was set forth which practically charged the defendant with the Turner loan liability of over $3,000,000. The statute of limitations had already run against the Directors, who had collusively fastened on the society the burdensome leases, when the action was commenced by the State.

There is no escape from them, and at the same time no affirmative relief against those who caused them can now be obtained. This being so, the same course to pursue is to permit the society to effect this settlement, whereby those liabilities can be avoided and practically accomplish all that could be gained in the suit by the State, if it were maintainabe.

Under all of the facts and the circumstances, we therefore recommend to the Attorney General the discontinuance of the suit of the People of the State of New York against the Equitable et al., and to the Superintendent of Insurance that his approval be given to the proposed settlement as outlined.

ARREST HINDU SEER.

Young Woman Charges Leader of Strange Sect with Abduction.

A young man clad in filmy garments and squatting as a sort of presiding demigod among a dozen men and women strangely garbed in tight-fitting gowns of one piece in the parlors of the three-story house at 258 West Seventy-fourth Street was arrested there by Capt. Thompson and Detectives Leonard and Calman of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station last midnight on a charge of abduction preferred by two young women. As the police entered the house, all the lights were suddenly extinguished.

The man said he was Pierre A. Bernard, 33 years old, born in India. The young women making the complaint against him are Miss Zelia Hopp, 28 years old, of 528 East 149th Street, and Miss Gerhard Leo, 19 years old, who gave no address. Miss Hopp charges that "Om" Bernard persuaded her last August to leave her family and live with him in a flat in West 109th Street. When Miss Leo joined the class, she said, she decided to tell the police. Bernard, she said, exercised a strange influence over her, and the younger woman, when the arrest was made, cowered behind the police, too frightened to move, crying that "Om" would touch a wire connected with a crystal in the cellar that influenced millions of Hindu spirits and enabled him to bring about any vengeance he wished. Meanwhile, according to the police, the students in the "school" threatened her.

The police say Miss Hopp told them Bernard had 100 pupils, whom he charged a fee of $100 for joining his class and $20 for an examination.

ABOLISHES SECRET SOCIETIES

Bridgeport Education Board Acts—Sequel to Hazing Miss Clark.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 2.—The Board of Education voted to-night behind closed doors to abolish all secret societies in the High Schools of this city. The action was due to the recent injury of Miss Lorain Clark during the initiation ceremonies of the Alpha Alpha Sorority, a local High School organization. Two reports were presented to the meeting. The majority one was signed by twelve teachers and asked for the abolishment of the societies. The minority report was signed by three teachers, members of sororities, asking for their retention.

A statement was also read from the members and alumni of the Alpha Alpha Society, many of whom are prominent in Bridgeport society, apologizing for the trouble they had caused, and saying they had merely followed the initiation ritual for ten years in vogue. They said they had apologized to Miss Clark's family.

City Attorney Thomas Cullinan, who has investigated school secret societies in Seattle and Chicago, said that the Supreme Court in the States represented by these cities, had decided that the Board of Education had a right to oust the societies from the High Schools. It was equally within the right of the local board, in his opinion, to oust the secret societies from the High Schools of Bridgeport.

The board then voted that the secret societies should have no new members and thus gradually die out. Any student found to have joined such an organization, decreed the board, should not be allowed to graduate with his or her class nor represent the school in an athletic team or join any school organization. The board gave the high school faculties power to examine any suspected members and require them to swear whether they had joined a secret society.

Two Federal Grand Juries Sworn.

Judge Martin in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court swore in two Grand Juries yesterday morning to act during the May term of the Court. He told the jurors that he need not instruct them, as they were all familiar with the duties of the Grand Jury.

AN ARROW COLLAR

with the Ara-Notch in place of the bothersome buttonhole 15c. each—2 for 25c.

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers

ARROW CUFFS, 25c. a Pair

Frederic's PEARL

No jewel case is complete without them.

1 west 34th St., Opp. Waldorf-Astoria.
479 FIFTH AVE., at 41st St.
905 BROADWAY, at 20th St.

Employers will find it advantageous to read the Situation Wanted advertisements on Page 19.

Eat Food Dressed With Pure Olive Oil

Not only will you enjoy them more, but the oil will aid digestion, improve the complexion, and act as a flesh-builder.

CHIRIS

(pronounced SHERIS)

Olive Oil

is absolutely pure and rich in food and health-building properties. It is the first pressing of selected French olives, imported in original bottles.

Send 10c for a trial bottle and our Salad-Book, containing 75 recipes for delicious salads.

Where dealers cannot supply Chiris, order direct.

C. G. EULER, U. S. Agent for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France.
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PEASE PIANOS

Some Things That Money Cannot Buy

¶ The good will of a business that comes from a long succession of satisfied customers.

¶ The advertisement that is given by word of mouth from one pleased purchaser to another prospective one.

¶ The technical skill and ability necessary to construct a piano of the first class.

None of these can be purchased, and all are necessary for a successful piano business; to acquire them takes many years of earnest endeavor and the application of the "square deal."

Pease Pianos are now in the 66th year of their existence, and are still made by men of the name; they have had over 82,000 satisfied purchasers in that time, and have a remarkable record for durability and fine tone quality; doesn't that tell the story of our success?

We warrant every "Pease" practically for its lifetime; therefore our interest does not end when we have received your money.

We make grands, player-pianos and uprights, and sell upon a new 3 year plan if desired.

Write for catalog.

PEASE PIANO CO.,

128 West 42d St., nr. Broadway, N. Y.

Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Av. | Newark Branch: 10 New St.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

A writer in a recent magazine article declares that women are better judges of values than men because women "shop"—and that they buy only after they have compared.

The "shopping" habit is foreign to man's nature, mainly perhaps, because it consumes valuable time; but if the average man could even guess how much is to be gained thereby perhaps he, too, might "shop" occasionally.

This much we know: if the New York man bent upon buying wearing apparel would compare, not prices—for all good clothes shops ask about the same—but compare here and elsewhere the garments offered at the same prices, our business would treble in a year.

Our Suits for Men, at $15 to $43

will gain by comparison with all the world's at these same prices. We know this—and you can prove it. Nor does it require expert judgment to arrive at the final conclusion that clothes of our creating are superior in their "hang," their general modelling, originality of design, exclusivenes of fabric, pattern and exquisite finish.

W. & J. SLOANE

BRUSSELS CARPETS

Moderate in Cost

THE widespread popularity of our Brussels Carpet is well deserved. It has been found to possess qualities that for many purposes make it more suitable than any other floor covering. Where good appearance and exceptional durability are desired at only a moderate price, our Brussels is without a superior. Our stock includes over 300 different patterns; a collection not equaled elsewhere.

Prices $1 per yard upward.

Free delivery within 100 miles.

Broadway & Nineteenth Street

BEGINNING THIS MORNING

An Extraordinary Sale of Derby & soft Hats for Men, values 3.00 & 3.50 1.25

Preparatory to the opening of the Straw Hat season, we have selected from our stock of Derbies and Soft Hats all incomplete assortments remaining from a busy Spring season and grouped them for prompt disposal at an exceedingly low price.

Included are about 575 Soft Hats, in brown, steel gray, pearl or tan; 283 Derby Hats in black (sizes incomplete); 247 Derby Hats in shades of brown.

To-order Shirts For Men

PLAIN MODELS 4 FOR $10
PLEATED MODELS 4 FOR $12

No man who appreciates the comfort and dressiness of a perfect fitting Shirt faultlessly made from high grade materials in exclusive patterns can afford to ignore the opportunity we have made for him by adopting a price scale at least one-third lower than is customary elsewhere.

We guarantee fit and workmanship and accept orders for delivery in 3 weeks.

A Tennis Racket

must balance perfectly, must have that easy swing which gives power without straining wrist muscles.

Step into our store and handle our imported English "Wilding" racket. We are sure you will like it and will want it.

Our V L & D rackets have also earned reputations for quality and balance, and we will be glad to show them to you.

We are also specialists in fine imported and domestic Guns, Rifles and Ammunition.

Von Lengerke & Detmold

Fifth Ave. & B'way
Bet. 23d & 24th Sts.

For Men and Boys

At our Broadway Store we are making room for the new straw hats by offering about 19 dozen Men's Spring Derbies, $3.00 and $3.50 qualities at

$1.85.

At our Cooper Square Store we have some special bargains in Boys' white and colored shirts, night shirts, and Pajamas at 65 cents each.

Boys' $3.00 and $3.50 sweaters at $2.25.

Boys' Flannel Blouses, $1.25.

Browning, King & Company

Broadway at 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th Street
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

ROOSEVELT LEFT MINUS DRESS SUIT

And with No Frock Coat—Wore Flannels in Copenhagen Procession.

STATE DINNER WAS DELAYED

Trouble Due to Danish Railway Methods—One of the Royal Palaces Lent to the ex-President.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 3.—A dispatch to The Daily Mail from Copenhagen says that even ex-Presidents making triumphal progresses through Europe under the direct auspices of royalty are not exempt from the trials that beset the ordinary traveler.

Yesterday (Monday) Mr. Roosevelt lost his luggage on the way from Amsterdam to Copenhagen, or, rather he found on nearing his journey's end at 5 P. M. that, under an unsuspected regulation of the Danish railways, his trunks had been taken by another route, which would bring them in some two hours later.

Here was a dilemma! When a Crown Prince and a cavalcade of state carriages, with scarlet-cloaked, gold-laced footmen and coachmen are waiting outside the station to take one to a royal palace to tea, it offends one's sense of proportion to take the place of honor in the procession wearing a flannel suit and a black sombrero hat.

Left without an alternative, however, Mr. Roosevelt faced the situation with a steady nerve and drove through the crowded streets, took tea with the Crown Prince and Princess, and called upon Prince Waldemar and Prince Hans in his traveling clothes.

But worse trouble darkened the horizon. At 7 o'clock Mr. Roosevelt was due to dine with the Crown Prince and Princess, who are entertaining him in the absence of the King and Queen at Nice. It was a moment of great tension. His private secretary was telegraphing furiously down the line to expedite the laggard trunks, Court Chamberlains were holding a hurried consultation as to the possibility of throwing over all the immemorial rules and traditions of the royal dinner table by inviting Mr. Roosevelt to take his place in a flannel suit amid the splendor of silk-stockinged footmen and gold plate, and the more burly members of the ex-President's party were telephoning to place their dress suits at his disposal. Suddenly some ingenious person suggested the expedient of postponing dinner till Mr. Roosevelt's own state apparel should arrive.

This was accordingly done, and, with three-quarters of an hour's delay, the dinner took place.

COPENHAGEN, May 2.—The Stars and Stripes floated above the royal palaces to-day for the first time in the history of Denmark, and ex-President Roosevelt, in the absence of King Frederick in Southern France, is the guest of Crown Prince Christian, one of the royal palaces being placed at the disposition of Mr. Roosevelt and his family.

The Prince, presiding at a dinner this evening as the King's representative, thanked Mr. Roosevelt for coming to this Court and proposed his health, which was heartily drunk by those around the table, who included the leading personages of the kingdom in Court, Parliamentary, and scholarly life.

Mr. Roosevelt, in reply, said he had received a cordial message from the King and thanked the Prince for his hospitality. He then proposed a toast to the King and the royal family of Denmark.

At a reception given afterward at the American Legation by Maurice F. Egan, the American Minister, the ex-President met the diplomatic representatives here, the Cabinet Ministers, and many persons prominent in the various departments of public activity.

The Crown Prince met the Roosevelt party this afternoon on its arrival from the Netherlands by way of Kiel. He warmly greeted Mr. Roosevelt, and drove with him to the Christian VII. Palace, which has been assigned to Mr. Roosevelt and his family for their stay in Copenhagen. A great crowd which had gathered in the streets through which the distinguished guest passed cheered heartily and waved handkerchiefs and hats. Another royal carriage took Mrs. Roosevelt and Kermit and Ethel Roosevelt to the palace.

The Prince showed Mr. Roosevelt his apartments, and then went to his own residence, which is located directly across the avenue. Half an hour later the Colonel visited the Prince and had tea, and then proceeded to pay a visit to Prince Waldemar and Prince Hans, the latter being the uncle of the Queen of England.

The Danish-American Society of Chicago, which is carrying on extensive improvement work for the betterment of health in the district of Jutland, intends to ask Mr. Roosevelt to allow a park to be named after him.

An interesting excursion is planned for to-morrow, when the Roosevelt party will visit Elsinore, twenty-four miles from Copenhagen, which is assumed to be the scene of Shakespeare's tragedy "Hamlet."

KIEL, May 2.—Mr. Roosevelt sailed this morning for Copenhagen. The party left Amsterdam at 9 o'clock last night. When their train arrived at Hamburg it was boarded by American Consul General Robert P. Skinner and the Consular staff at Hamburg, who rode to Altona, where they were received by Mr. Roosevelt during a twenty-five-minute wait for the Copenhagen express.

Arriving at Kiel, the Roosevelts were received at the railway station by Paul H. J. Sartori, the American Consular Agent, and the railway Division Superintendent. A woman in the crowd presented a bouquet to the ex-President. There was a brief exchange of greetings, after which the Americans were escorted to the royal waiting room, where they rested a few moments before boarding the steamer for Denmark.

KORSOER, Denmark, May 2.—Mr. Roosevelt and his party arrived here at 2:30 this afternoon, and soon afterward took a train for Copenhagen, distant about sixty-five miles.

As the little steamer with the Roosevelts aboard came down the bay from Kiel, flying the Stars and Stripes, the officers and men of the German warships anchored in the roadstead stood at salute. Mr. Roosevelt was on the bridge with the Captain, and many glasses were trained on him from the craft in the harbor. His attention was called to the imperial yacht Meteor, which was lying at the pier of the Kiel Yacht Club, and which was named by his daughter Alice, now Mrs. Nicholas Longworth. Alongside the dock could also be seen a small steam yacht named the Alice Roosevelt, which is used by the Admiralty.

MISSING SEALER SIGHTED.

The Aurora, Reported Overdue, Is Seen by Another Steamer.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 2.—The sealing steamer Aurora, with a crew of 185 men, which had been reported missing, was sighted yesterday by the steamer Diana, which arrived at Herring Neck to-day.

The Diana also sighted the steamer Ranger. Both vessels were homeward bound.

JAPANESE SPY IN HONGKONG.

Caught Sketching a Fort and Is Sentenced to Imprisonment.

HONGKONG, May 2.—A Japanese spy who was caught sketching Ly-e-Mun fort, at the entrance to this harbor, was sentenced to-day to imprisonment.

HEART-BEATS BY TELEPHONE.

New Invention May Permit Diagnosis Without Visiting Patient.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 2.—Medical men here are keenly interested in a new invention by means of which a stethoscope can be utilized in connection with an ordinary telephone. The invention was tested yesterday, when Prof. Milne and a number of doctors in the Isle of Wight were able to listen to the beat of a woman's heart in London.

Dr. James Gibson, one of the physicians present, declared that in all his experience he had never heard heart beats so distinctly as when they were transmitted by this telephone-stethoscope.

It is not yet certain that the invention can be made practical, and its value, of course, depends on the market price of the instrument. One physician said:

"If a busy general practitioner could leave such an instrument at the bedside in a serious pneumonia or typhoid case, and through it judge the patient's condition by listening to his heart sounds while seated in a chair at home, its value would be considerable. It must be remembered, however, that a physician using a stethoscope also uses other means to help the diagnosis."

LEARN ABOUT A DESK.

"The Influence of a Desk" is the name of our free booklet. Sounds interesting, and it is—and valuable, too. Write for it.

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offers you for a small sum all the books you wish to read, but do not care to own. No fees, or fines, or other charges. All the books are fresh, clean and inviting. All the latest novels and works of fiction worth while.

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The Booklovers Library
5 East 23rd Street, New York.
Metropolitan Building.

The Degrees of Gray.

Gray is various. It extends from white tinged with black to black tinged with white.

In about as many shades of gray as the combination of black and white can produce, we present spring suits for men, fashioned of fabrics in varying degrees of texture from the smooth worsted to the rough homespun.

And the models also are varied. So are the prices—$16 to $40.

Hackett Carhart & Co
841 Broadway, at 13th St.
265 Broadway, near Chambers St.

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Over 50% of Our New Patrons

Are recommended to us by physicians or regular customers, which proves that it pays both you and us to have the service of

Registered Physicians

who are oculists of long experience to examine eyes without charge.

WE CHARGE FOR GLASSES ONLY. Perfect-Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50.

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Oculists and Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 350 Sixth Av., 22d St.
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The Best Bitter Liqueur
Underberg
The World's Best
1846
Bitters

Tourists and travelers find it a protection against disease and especially refreshing when fatigued. Look for name UNDERBERG.
Sold Everywhere.
LUYTIES BROTHERS,
U. S. Agents, New York.

S. & H. Green Trading Stamps With Cash or Charge Purchases

Dry Goods Greenhut & Co Wearing Apparel

Extra Stamps To-day

As many sets of 10 Complimentary "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps as you require for books unfilled.

Only one set of ten stamps of any one date and only 100 free stamps good in any one book. Every new book is "started" with 10 free stamps.

In addition to the above, the usual stamps will be given with all cash or charge purchases. DOUBLE stamps before noon. SINGLE stamps after noon.

May Sale of Hosiery

One of the most important events of the season—a sale that had its inception in Chemnitz and other European Hosiery centres months ago, when market conditions enabled us to effect a saving that is reflected in these remarkably low prices.

Women's 75c Black Silk Hose, 47c

Not only the lowest price ever quoted, but the first time an imported silk hose of this kind has ever been sold in New York at 47c.

Notwithstanding the avowed inability of some houses to sell a serviceable silk hose at a low price, we want to go on record that we are able to sell a guaranteed silk hose at this price.

It's a black silk, gauze weight, with reenforced lisle garter tops and lisle double soles.

Women's 65c extra quality silk lisle Hose, pair, 43c.
Women's 35c. black and tan silk lisle Hose, pair, 23c,
Women's 50c. hand-embroidered Hose, pair, 35c.
Men's 35c. black and colored silk lisle Hose, at 25c.
Men's 75c. Pure Silk Hose, black and colors, 50c.
Children's 35c. ribbed Hose, blk., tan and white, at 23c.

Special prices in half-dozen and dozen lots.
Main Floor, for Tuesday's Selling.

Greenhut & Co., Sixth Ave., 18th to 19th Street

ESTABLISHED 1840.

Le Boutillier Brothers

LAST WEEK OF

70th ANNIVERSARY SALES

STANDARD DRY GOODS MUCH BELOW USUAL PRICES

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, May 3d and 4th.

WOMEN'S HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.—Women's Pure Silk Hose, with cotton garter top and cotton soles, black, white, bronze, tan, navy, etc.....Best 1.00 value, 69c

Women's Fine Swiss ribbed white Lisle thread Union Suits, knee length, lace trimmed.....Value 1.25 79c

WOMEN'S GLOVES.—Imported Pure Silk Net Gloves—plain and heavily embroidered—white, black, rose, sky, pink, tan and primrose—12 and 16 button, value $1.50 and $2.00 pair..... 79c

PARASOLS.—Best All-Silk Taffeta Parasols, 8, 10, 12 ribs, with gold or black frames, all the newest plain colors, light and dark handles.....Regular value, 3.00 1.59

WASH DRESS GOODS.—Tennis and Embroidered Saxony Flannels.....Regular 39c per yard, 28c

Irish Linen Suitings, colors and natural.....Value 35c, 25c

WOMEN'S SUITS.—Tailor-made Linen Suits, white or colored, Value 12.50, 8.50

White Lingerie Dresses, needlework with lace insertion, Value 7.50, 5.00

Natural Linen Auto Coats.....Value 8.50, 5.00

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE ADVERTISED ARTICLES THERE ARE MANY OTHER SPECIALS OFFERED DAILY MUCH UNDERPRICED THROUGHOUT THE STORE

WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET.

For Wedding Presents

Tilman Collamore & Co.

New China and Glass

Largest Stock.
Greatest Variety.
Choice Designs.

Fifth Ave. & 30th St.

Lord & Taylor

Summer Furniture

We direct attention to our stocks of Furniture for Porches, Verandas, etc.

Maple and Old Hickory

Chairs	$1.00	$2.50	$4.50	each
Rockers and Arm Chairs	1.50	3.50	5.00	"
Settees	5.00	6.50	8.50	"

Willow, Reed and Rattan

Chairs	$3.00	$5.50	$7.50	each
Rockers and Arm Chairs	3.75	6.50	9.00	"
Settees	10.50	15.00	18.50	"

Metal Bedsteads & Bedding

Special Reductions

We will offer on Tuesday, May 3rd, 100 Brass Bedsteads, 50 White Enamel Bedsteads and about 100 Mattresses, reduced as follows:

Brass Bedsteads	$15.00	$20.00	$25.00	each
formerly	$20.00	$30.00	$35.00	"
White Enamel Bedsteads	$5.50	$7.50	$8.75	each
formerly	$7.50	$9.50	$12.00	"

	Single Size	Double Size
Black Hair Mattresses	$10.00 each	$15.00 each
formerly	$15.00	$21.50
Gray Hair Mattresses	$13.50 each	$20.00 each
formerly	$18.50	$27.50

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS.

10 Minutes Jersey City to Hoyt Street, Brooklyn—By Tunnel and Subway

Great Diamond Ring Sale—30% Under Present Market Prices.

Engagement Rings in the Sale.

THIS IS LIKE BUYING UNITED STATES BONDS AT A DISCOUNT—as here are diamonds of QUALITY, 75% of them absolutely white and perfect, and the remaining 25% having only the tiniest of flaws, which only experts could discover. We will point them out to you, of course. The CUTTING IS SUPERB, of the modern scientific kind that makes every fraction of weight show to full advantage and adds greatly to the spread and brilliancy of the stones.

SETTINGS are in perfect keeping with the superb stones, each being shown in hand made Rings of 14k gold, with platinum prongs of proper proportion.

Every indication points to another rise in diamond prices next Fall, so that at regular prices diamonds are an investment; at these prices they are a find. A fortunate purchase permits this offer. NONE C. O. D.

Solitaires { Skeleton set—$34.00, $38.00, $39.00, $42.00, $50.00, $57.00, and so by easy stages to $238.00 each.

Twin Stone Rings { Set diagonally—$48.00, $51.00, $53.00, $59.00, $60.00, $71.00, $73.00, $80.00, $84.00, $98.00, $128.00, $156.00, $217.00.

Three Stones { Set in hoop design—$57.00, $58.00, $73.00, $118.00, $119.00, $184.00, $329.00.

Main floor, centre, Central Building.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

The real worth of Smith Gray garments from the standpoint of value alone is best proven by the fact that after 65 years of successful catering to discriminating New York dressers, Smith Gray values are accepted as standard good clothes values.

Gauged from the standpoint of correct style, individuality and distinctiveness of model, finish of detail and general excellence of tailoring, they mark the highest point yet attained in the construction of ready-for-service good clothes.

Smith Gray & Co. Suits and Spring Coats in many exclusive designs and in generous assortment, range in price from 18.00 to 50.00.

Where values are established as standard as in the Smith Gray stores any announcement of extreme value must secure immediate interest. These values offered now violate a time honored precedent, the small lots being usually held until midsummer, but they will spread broader the fame of Smith Gray values, and that is their sole purpose.

Hundreds of Smith Gray & Co. Suits and Spring Overcoats, of the character and class which have been instrumental in placing Smith Gray & Co. in the foremost rank of New York ready-for-service good clothes producers—in all the new Spring fabrics regularly used in 20.00 and 22.50 garments.

Included are models and sizes for men and young men in two and three button smart styles, full and half lined. The price is 15.50

Hundreds of Smith Gray & Co. Suits and Overcoats. Every one a Smith Gray garment; in every pattern and fabric which accords with the good taste requirements of Spring 1910.

These occur in small lots; one, two, three and four of a kind, and have been accepted as the leading styles and standard values at 22.50, 25.00 and 27.50.

That these are found in small lots is due to their having been our best sellers. The price now 18.50

Motor clothes for owners and chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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Broadway at Warren St.
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America's Greatest Cash and Credit House!

Ludwig Baumann & Comp'y

Block—8th Ave., 35th to 36th St.

LIBERAL CREDIT

$50 Worth	$3 to $4 deposit	75c to $1 a week	$100 Worth	$7.50 to $10 deposit	$1 to $1.50 a week
$250 Worth	$15 to $25 deposit	$2 to $3 a week			

Effective Furnishings **For Summer Homes**

In Furniture, Floor Coverings and Draperies the Most Artistic and Appropriate Novelties, Designed Especially for the Requirements of the Modern Country House, the Seaside Cottage, the Bungalow or Suburban Villa. Exclusive Models in Most Complete Assortment and Always at LOWEST PRICES.

Attractive "Heather Furniture!"

Very Exceptional Values at These Prices

6.25 9.49 6.55

Each piece finely modelled and with closely woven roll edges. Well braced frames; comfortable proportions; superior finish in detail.

4.98

The season's most delightful novelty, in exquisitely delicate green coloring and finished so that it is absolutely impervious to moisture.

R. R. Fare Allowed Out-of-Town Purchasers | DOUBLE STAMPS WITH MORNING PURCHASES | L. & T. GREEN TRADING STAMPS. | SINGLE STAMPS AFTER 12 O'CLOCK | Freight Paid Within One Hundred Miles

ONE MINUTE FROM **New Penn. Depot on 8th Av.**

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Our ready-made Clothes for Men are not made ready in the ordinary way.

They are made under a system of the most carefully graduated scale of sizes ever devised.

Result—a perfect fit and the full complement of service made permanent by our thoroughly good tailoring and materials.

Spring Suits..... $18 to $42
Spring Overcoats..... $16 to $42

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

Cammeyer

Stamped on a Shoe means Standard of Merit

6TH Ave. & 20TH St.

A Spring Model Low Shoe for Men

In Russia Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Patent Leather $5.00

The Superiority of Leathers, the Construction, Integrity and the Advance Fashion styles of Cammeyer Shoes for Men are what have won their recognition as the best Men's Shoes made.

Every customer receives the individual attention of a competent clerk.

Wild's Summer Rugs

As the hot summer days are approaching, you feel the need of cool floor coverings —chamber rugs, rugs for halls and porches

Here are a few suggestions

A delicately colored cotton rug, charming in conjunction with chintz hangings

—9x12 $18.00

Another of a little better grade

—9x12 $22.00

Ready in regular sizes at proportionate prices. Special sizes will be made to order

We suggest for your porch our new Cawnpore Rug, made of pure cocoa fibre, artistically colored

—3x6 $2.50
—9x12 15.00

JOSEPH WILD & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 35TH STREET
Established 1852

THE TONIC PAR EXCELLENCE

Quina-Laroche

FOR FAILING STRENGTH

Highly recommended during convalescence from

All Fevers, La Grippe, Etc.

Invigorating to the Aged, giving new energy to the debilitated. Beneficial in cases of Stomachal Diseases, Anemia, Chlorosis and the consequences of Childbirth.

Sold by all Druggists.

Agents: E. FOUGERA & CO., New York

RIKER DRUG STORES

You are safe when you buy at Riker's

Employers, read the Situation Wanted advertisements on Page 19.

PRINCE TSAI VISITS WEST POINT ACADEMY

Reviews the Cadets and Inspects the Institution with His Suite.

HIGH PRAISE FOR STUDENTS

Brother of the Prince Regent of China Says the Place Is the Most Interesting He Has Seen In America.

Prince Tsai-Tao, brother of the Prince Regent of China, who is on a trip around the world to inspect the armies of the first-class powers, with the object of embodying what seems best in them in the Chinese Army, which is to be reorganized on a modern basis, went to West Point yesterday to look over the United States Military Academy there.

The Prince arrived at West Point early and left late. And except when he was lunching every minute was busily employed, most of the time being devoted to an inspection of the great military school and a review of the cadets. A member of the Prince's party said afterward that the Prince considered West Point the most interesting place he had seen in America.

Accompanied by Gen. Ha, Commandant of the Imperial Guard at Peking; Lord Li, a son of the late Li Hung Chang; Col. Yao, and several other members of his suite, the Prince left New York at 9:30 yesterday morning in a special train over the West Shore Railroad. Col. Walter S. Schuyler and Capt. Henry R. Lemly of the regular army; Major Reginald F. Foster of the National Guard of this State, and several attachés of the Chinese Consulate in this city escorted the party to West Point.

The Prince was dressed in the blue silk robe of a mandarin of China, and wore a black banded cap the top of which was of red silk. From it was suspended a long black feather. He wore only one of his decorations, that of the Double Dragon of the Second Class.

Lord Li was dressed similarly to the Prince except that his robe was black and the decoration that he wore was silver, whereas that of the Prince was gold.

An Impressive Reception.

It was a few minutes before 11 o'clock when the train drew into the West Point station. Col. Scott, Superintendent, and Capt. Charles, Adjutant, of the Academy, both in dress uniform, were waiting to meet the Prince, while a negro troop of the Tenth Cavalry, under command of Capt. Guy V. Henry, was drawn up as the Prince's military escort. The big black troopers were rigid as statues as the Prince left the train, and Gen Ha ejaculated a word that sounded like "Great" when Capt. Henry brought the troopers to salute.

The appearance of the head of the column at the summit of the bluff was the signal for the field artillerymen to begin the imperial salute of twenty-one guns, the echoes of which resounded through the Highlands.

The Prince, Lord Li, and all the rest in the party wanted to see everything at West Point, and Col. Scott determined that they should not be disappointed. Col. Sibley, Commandant of Cadets; Capt. Wise, Capt. Beacham, and Lieut. Greer joined the party at headquarters to take part in the tour of the Academy and grounds.

First came a visit to the old barracks, in which Grant, Lee, Sheridan, Sherman, and Jackson had lived as cadets.

The Prince walked from gallery to gallery, frequently entering the rooms where decorations are unknown. He was told of the fine record that the two Chinamen who graduated at West Point last year had made, but this proved unnecessary, for the Prince had kept track of those young men while they were learning to soldier according to the American idea.

From the barracks the party went to the administration building, in which is the museum. This absorbed the attention of the party for three-quarters of an hour. The presents sent to West Point by the Chinese who lived in the district garrisoned by the American troops following the Boxer outbreaks were of particular interest to Prince Tsai and Lord Li. These gifts were made in recognition of the generous treatment accorded the Chinese by the American troops under Lieut. Gen. Chaffee.

Inspects Gen. Grant's Diploma.

On the wall of the waiting room in Col. Scott's official suite in the administration building is a framed diploma. The Prince cannot read English and only gave it a glance as he passed. Lord Li, on the other hand, reads English as well as he speaks it. He called the Prince and motioned for him to come back. The Prince did so and Lord Li remarked "it was Gen. Grant's diploma," and then the Prince went up close to the frame and looked at the words, unintelligible to him, for several moments, apparently in deep study.

As he stood thus a faint "tinkle" was heard down below.

"What's that?" asked one of the officers.

"That's the pack train," Capt. Charles answered. "The bell is on the neck of Peter, the bell horse."

Col. Scott thinks the world of that pack train, and it was one of the West Point sights that greatly impressed Gen. Lord Kitchener when he was there a few weeks ago. The sixty-four mules are so perfectly trained that each knows his number in the line. Peter is claimed to be the smartest bell animal the army has ever known.

Hollandsworth, who was a cowboy before he became an army packmaster, was in command of the train. Every mule was spick and span, and every one carried his ears well back, as realizing that they were to be subjected to an unusual honor.

Col. Scott ordered the packers unpack and then pack again, and within ten minutes Lord Li witnessed the unloading and reloading of provisions, ammunition, &c., weighing more than 13,000 pounds.

The inspection of the pack train concluded the morning, and the Prince and party were driven for luncheon to Col. Scott's residence. The luncheon was informal, only one toast being offered. That was the health of Prince Tsai-Tao, offered by Col. Scott. The Prince, in the course of the luncheon, told Mrs. Scott that he liked American food about as well as Chinese. When the meal was ended he handed to Mrs. Scott his photograph. Picture taking took up the first ten minutes following the luncheon, and while the cameras were snapping the cadets were assembled in front of the barracks for the review. Prince Tsai-Tao stood between Col. Scott and Lord Li and Capt. Charles stood by Lord Li as the cadets passed. Behind them, in the second reviewing line, were the Chinese officers, while behind them were the military and academic staffs of West Point. Col. Sibley commanded the cadets. After inspection the cadets again passed in review this time in double time.

May Establish an Academy in China.

The fact that Prince Tsai took many notes yesterday was commented upon by members of his party, who said it was the first time on his tour that he had done such a thing. The suggestion that the Prince may have in mind the establishment in China of a military academy similar to that at West Point was not denied.

The cadet mess was not forgotten, and it was while in that hall witnessing the automatic peeling of Irish potatoes and the slicing of bread by electricity that the Prince is said to have had the best laugh he has enjoyed since he landed in San Francisco. The big machine that peels potatoes at a hundred a minute struck the Prince as unusually interesting. He laughed heartily as the potatoes piled out of the machine so cleanly peeled that they looked like so many snowballs.

From the mess hall the way led to the old chapel, where the tablet to "Major General ——" is still in the wall. The blank is the space where once was inscribed the name of Benedict Arnold. Then came visits to Cullum Memorial Hall, the Officers' Club, the gymnasium, and, lastly, the riding hall that was built more than sixty years ago under the supervision of Robert E. Lee.

Fine Horsemanship Displayed.

In the riding hall the Prince witnessed an exhibition of bareback and saddle riding by cadets under command of Capt. Henry. First came the bareback riding and then the hurdling exhibitions.

The riding exhibition ended the Prince's visit to West Point. Before he left he told Col. Scott that it was one of the happiest days of his life. He had nothing but praise for everything he had seen. Lord Li, Gen. Ha, and all the rest expressed themselves in similar terms.

Another bit of interesting news that cropped out yesterday was that the queues of all the soldiers in the Chinese Army are soon to be cut off. The officers with Prince Tsai are all queueless, and it is said that the intention is to make the enlisted force harmonize with their superiors. Prince Tsai-Tao, who is Chief of the Chinese General Staff of the Chinese Army, it is said, will probably have his queue cut off when he returns to China, but to do this he will have to get the permission of his brother, the Prince Regent.

Prince Tsai has a busy programme mapped out for him to-day. At 9 A. M. he will review a platoon of the Traffic Squad in the Plaza, at Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue. He then will visit the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and following that go to the residence of Charles M. Schwab, where at luncheon he will meet forty well-known men, among them Andrew Carnegie, whom he is said to be particularly anxious to see.

In the afternoon he will go to the Hippodrome, and to-night he will dine with the American Asiatic Association.

To-morrow he lunches at the Chinese Consulate, then goes to see Buffalo Bill's Wild West. At night he will be Mayor Gaynor's guest at dinner at Sherry's. On Thursday he will sail for England on the North German Lloyd liner George Washington.

PRINCE TSAI A CRACK SHOT.

Hits the Bull's-Eye in 71st Regiment Range After a Review.

Prince Tsai-Tao is a crack rifle shot. This was proved last night after the review of the Seventy-first Regiment in its armory on East Thirty-fourth Street. The review of the regiment, which had been arranged for the benefit of the Prince, passed off creditably, and then the Prince and his escort started on a tour of the building until the shooting gallery was reached.

Here the crack shots of the regiment had been detailed off to shoot at the targets for the Prince's entertainment. When Col. Bates explained how each shot was recorded by electric lights on a score board in the shooting room the Prince's face brightened and he began to take a vivid interest in the proceedings.

As the three soldiers fired the board recorded their shots. Those which touched the extreme outside of the target were recorded as No. 5 by a white light. When the bull's-eye was hit a white light flashed. The Prince watched these proceedings for a time, and then spoke in Chinese to Lord Li.

"His Highness wants to try it himself," explained Lord Li to the Colonel.

The officers in the room were surprised, but the Colonel at once ordered the men at the shooting holes to step back. The Prince removed his cap, picked up a rifle, and aimed.

More surprise visibly expressed itself.

"He certainly knows how to hold a gun," said one of the American officers. As the shot rang out the marking board flashed a green light, showing the Prince had hit the outer edge of the target.

The officers applauded, but the Prince shook his head and smiled. Reloading the rifle he returned to the shooting hole. He was more careful in aiming than he had been before, and there was a long pause. As the second shot rang out the white light flashed on the board. The Prince had hit the bullseye.

This time the applause was loud and hearty. There were even cheers. The Prince laid aside his gun, again with a smile.

GETS BACK LOST HEIRLOOM.

Times Advertisement Recovers Cameo Pin for Mrs. Thomas Reid.

A diamond-shaped cameo pin with a carved head set in gold and studded with pearls and diamonds, which Mrs. Thomas Reid of 527 West 121st Street lost last Sunday while inspecting property at Hackensack, N. J., was returned to her yesterday morning by a young lawyer of 27 Pine Street, together with a clipping from THE TIMES's Lost and Found Column telling of the loss.

The lawyer said he had found the pin in Main Street, Hackensack, late Sunday evening. The pin, which was valued at $1,500, has been an heirloom in the Reid family for generations, and a substantial reward was paid for its recovery.

"Travellers"

CRETA CREME POWDERED TOILET SOAP

Easily Packed — Always Dry

Send for Free Sample

CRETA CREME CO., 530 W. 27th Street

Franko Concerts Daily—Restaurant, 8th Floor

Simpson Crawford Co.

31 Years Leaders of Fashion

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.

Shoes for Summer Days

Strong and Graceful Footwear that Women Like $3.50 & $4.00

Second Floor.

WOMEN are supplying themselves with summer footwear even earlier than usual this year, and the Patrician is in the lead. These splendid Shoes for women appear this season on new lasts and with new lines that make them more attractive than ever.

Stocks are full. Many styles for choice. Every Shoe made of the finest selected leathers, and showing the most careful workmanship, finished in every detail with the utmost care. Especial attention has been paid to the new styles of low cut footwear, and they are here in a wide range of models, which it would take columns to describe in detail. Also, these Patricians are built for wear, as well as looks, and they are the equal of nearly all the Shoes now being advertised at $5.00. Any woman can save money and get better satisfaction by buying her Shoes here than at the more expensive shops.

We invite critical inspection of our wide display, including every possible sort of summer Shoe a woman could desire. A few styles will give a hint:

Brown Suede Button Boot, an aristocratic shoe for street or dress, with tipped welted sole, high arched instep, pivot buttons. Priced at..... $4.00

One of the most popular of the new models is a dull mat kid, one eyelet Eclipse Tie. Plain toe, short vamp and Cuban heel. Edges silk bound, finished with flat ribbon bow.. $3.50

Four Eyelet Gibson Tie, a style of footwear to delight the athletic girl, of calf, short vamp forepart, heavy welted sole, wing perforated tip..... $3.50

A Gun-Metal Calf back ankle strap pump has a distinctive style. Comes in short vamp, plain toe, high Cuban heel, finished with tiny leather bow..... $3.50

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdale's

Lexington to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th Street

Lace Curtains and Blankets Cleaned

Nottingham Lace Curtains, cleaned, per pair..... 50c

Irish Point Antique, Renaissance, Arabian, Tambour, Brussels and Ruffled Curtains..... pair 75c

Point Arab Lace Curtains, per pair..... 75c to $1.25

Blankets, made moth proof and fluffy, just like new, per pair..... 75c

Goods will be stored until Autumn without charge.

Gloves are cleaned in the best possible manner, at, per pair..... 5c

A post or phone message will promptly bring one of our wagons for the goods you desire to have cleaned.

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

THIS AFTERNOON at 3, and four following afternoons same hour,

In the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries

546 Fifth Ave. (45th St.)

Mr. James P. Silo, Auctioneer,

Will disperse at unrestricted public sale

The Entire Retail Stock of the well-known firm

Van Gaasbeek and Arkell,

of 935 Broadway and 159 Fifth Avenue.

Oriental Rugs & Carpets

accumulated during the past twenty years on account of their

RETIRING FROM THE RETAIL BUSINESS.

EXHIBITION DAILY TO TIME OF SALE.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE

Between New York & Philadelphia VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

A two-hour train every hour on the hour, from 7 A. M. to 6 P.M. from Liberty St. in addition to other trains. Ten minutes before the hour from West 23d Street.

Dining cars, morning, noon and night. Sleepers on midnight trains.

Parlor cars on all trains.

TWO HOUR TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

O'Neill-Adams Co

To-day's News 1868 1910 To-day's News

Established 42 Years

Lowest Prices for Standard Goods in Greater New York

A Great Purchase From a Dissolving Partnership 250 Women's Spring Suits Will Be $11.75, Instead of $20 to $30

O'Neill Building—Third Floor.

One of the best known firms in New York is dissolving partnership, and in order to settle their affairs satisfactorily they were obliged to dispose of every Suit they owned before the first of May.

They looked over the field. We had been one of their best patrons, and the Suits came to us.

They are stunning—beautiful cloths, such as shadow-striped mohair, French serge, wide-wale cheviots, Tweed suitings, diagonals in six or eight of the best spring styles; all sizes; and in navy blue, cornflower blue, tan light and dark gray, white, green, violet, raisin and black.

There is not one Suit that could be sold in the usual way under $20; and the bulk of them are $25 and $30 suits.

As these are sold so extremely low, we shall have to decline Mail, Telephone or C. O. D. orders; and to make alterations.

We Give Surety Stamps and Redeem Them in Merchandise or Premiums.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 22d St. | O'NEILL-ADAMS Co | Sixth Avenue, 20th to 22d St.

WALTHAM WATCHES

COLONIAL SERIES

Colonial Series watches are a new type of thin model Waltham watches for men. They may be had in several grades. These watches are cased and timed at the factory. Sold by all jewelers. Guaranteed by the makers.

WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY

WALTHAM, MASS.

FILLING THE PLACES OF STRIKING BAKERS

Proprietors of the Big Shops Recruiting Men from Ranks of the Unemployed.

SMALL SHOPS GIVING IN

Granting the Union's Demands—Hoboken and Newark Bakers Out—Bread Famine Not Feared Now.

Although the large bakers of the city admitted yesterday that they had been surprised by the strikers and were badly crippled little apprehension was expressed that anything like a bread famine would occur. The regular customers of the large concerns will be inconvenienced for the next few days, but there are so many small bakeries in every district and so many skilled bakers out of work that there is likely to be little difficulty in supplying the shortage, the managers say.

Moreover, the principal concerns affected reported last night that they had made good progress in finding men to take the places of those who went out. At Fleischmann's bakery, Eighty-first Street and East End Avenue, only two men were left on Sunday night to do the work of eighty. At the Bronx bakery of the same concern, about eight remained faithful out of thirty. Last night it was reported that twenty men had been recruited for the Eighty-first Street shop.

At Rockwell's bakery, 429 East Seventy-fifth Street, practically all the fifty hands walke dout, and George F. Droste of 336 East Seventy-fifth Street found that half his force was gone. But yesterday afternoon Rockwell recruited ten strike-breakers, and had them escorted to the shop from the street cars by police amid the jeers of the onlookers. It was reported at strike headquarters at the Labor Temple, Second Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street, that Mr. Droste had outwitted the pickets by rushing a number of hands into his shop in an automobile.

But what the proprietors of the bakeries are relying upon to keep the breakfast tables of the city supplied with their usual supply of loaves are the innumerable small bakers who are quite willing to accept the demands of the men rather than have trouble. Then, too, the Jewish bakeries as a whole have signed the union schedule and are working at full blast to catch the trade their big competitors have been forced to let go for the time being.

The principal question between the strikers and the master bakers is the recognition of the union. At Fleischmann's it was stated that negotiations had been in progress for some time with regard to hours, and no one was more surprised than was Mr. Fleischmann when two or three strangers appeared with the committee of his own men on Saturday, who were introduced to him as officers of the international union. He refused to have any dealings with them and the strike began.

The strike is now under the management of three organizers from the International Bakers and Confectioners' Association—Emil Sherrie of Philadelphia, Herman Kinland of Brooklyn, and Charles Iffland of this city. They have enrolled the strikers in Local 1, of which August Ganser is Secretary. Large numbers have been admitted to the union in the last few days, but the members still express themselves as confident that its funds will be capable of supporting them through a long struggle.

According to Mr. Ganser not only is there a demand for the recognition of the union, but a general increase of pay of $1 a week is also asked, so that foremen may receive $19, benchmen $16, and helpers $12 a week. It is also demanded that the hours be reduced from ten hours a day, with a good deal of overtime, to nine hours a day and only two hours' overtime each week. At the same time the methods pursued by some of the strikers yesterday were taken as showing with how little deliberation the struggle was begun.

A committee of men called on one large baker yesterday and requested him to sign the agreement with the union, which they held in their hand. In this it turned out that only the nine-hour day was insisted upon and the scale of pay had been left blank. It did not much matter, however, as the master baker refused to open negotiations.

At Rockwell's bakery Mr. Fredericks, the manager, expressed the opinion that the whole strike was only the result of a sort of Spring madness.

On the other hand the men were confident of success. They declared that Fleischmann's had sent to Joseph Schmalz's Sons, at Eighth and Grand Streets, Hoboken, to fill some of their regular orders, and in consequence the strikers had induced 250 hands at this shop to walk out. They got out also 100 men from the bakery of Chris Frerich & Co., 1,401 Park Avenue, Hoboken.

They were delighted at their success in inducing the ten bakers employed at the Waldorf and the seven at the Hotel Astor to come out in sympathy, and were not cast down by the fact that the strikers' places have already been filled. Inquiry at some of the other big hotels showed that none of the bakers had gone out, nor were the managers anticipating any trouble with them. Should there be a strike the managers felt confident of getting men to fill their places.

There has so far been little violence in the strike. Pickets stand about the corners near the bakeries, but the police prevent them from coming very near. As ten strikebreakers were being escorted yesterday afternoon into Rockwell's the wife of a striker struck one. Policeman Kelly grabbed her and dragged her along into the bakery, but Mr. Fredericks refused to make a complaint against her, and she was allowed to go home.

Mrs. Johannah Keller of 407 East Seventy-fourth Street was arrested on Sunday night on the complaint of Otto Fleischmann for having struck him. Magistrate Corrigan fined her $10 yesterday in the Harlem Court

The Jewish bakers of Newark, N. J. went out on strike yesterday. They had refused to go to work on Sunday night pending a settlement of their differences among the sixteen baking concerns in which they were employed. The bakers ask an increase of $2 a week. The bosses announced yesterday that they would grant an increase of $1 as a compromise.

GAYNOR SEES STRIKE RIOT.

Passersby Say the Mayor Was There, but the Police Didn't See Him.

Several men assert that while going to work in the neighborhood of Atlantic and Fourth Avenues, Brooklyn, yesterday morning, they saw Mayor Gaynor watching a clash between the police of the Bergen Street Station and 200 workers employed in the construction of the Fourth Avenue Subway, who went on a strike for more pay. It was said that the Mayor was taking his usual morning walk to the City Hall when he was attracted by the trouble. Capt. Hayes of the Bergen Street Station, who took charge of the police there, said that he did not see Mr. Gaynor there.

The strikers quit work early and started to march in the street with their picks and shovels. The police who were sent to prevent trouble were compelled to force them back with their clubs. The men are employed by the Bradley Construction Company, and have been receiving 19½ cents an hour for their work. They demanded 21 cents an hour, which the company refused to pay, asserting that the men were receiving union wages.

ERIE R. R. WAGE CONFERENCE.

Men Refuse to Alter Their Demands for More Pay.

The Grievance Committee of the Erie trainmen and conductors began conferences yesterday with General Manager J. C. Stuart in the Terminal Building over the question of higher wages and changes in conditions which were demanded several months ago.

Grand Master Lee of the trainmen and Grand Master Garretson of the conductors were represented respectively by Vice Grand Masters Sines and Shepard.

The two Grand Masters held out for the wages paid to the Baltimore & Ohio trainmen and conductors, but the conference will continue to-day, when it is thought the company will make a counter proposition.

The negotiations between the New York Central and the committee of its firemen were not concluded.

NEWPORT CARPENTERS QUIT.

Coal Teamsters Also Strike, and Gardeners Demand More Wages.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 2.—As expected, more than 300 carpenters went out on strike to-day, interfering seriously with building operations throughout the city, owing to their demands for advance of pay having been refused. Some of the contractors who are not members of the Builders and Merchants' Association had men working, as was the case at the new home of Commodore Arthur Curtiss James.

Teamsters to the number of eighty-three also quit work, principally from the coal yards, where some proprietors delivered orders personally during the day.

The assistant gardeners, the majority of whom are employed in the Summer colony, have issued a public notice that their union has voted to ask $2.25 a day of nine hours, or $55 a month, wet or dry, beginning June 1.

5,000 ON STRIKE IN NEW ENGLAND

And They May Be Added to by 4,200 Trolley Men Quitting Work in Massachusetts.

MUCH BUILDING HALTED

Carpenters, Plumbers, and Hod Carriers Out—Textile Workers Out In Rhode Island Mills.

BOSTON, May 22.—To enforce their demands for more wages or fewer working hours, 5,000 men are on strike in New England to-night. Other strikes are threatened, and in Central and Western Massachusetts 4,200 men employed on the trolley lines controlled by the holding company of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad are only awaiting the sanction of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes to go out. The trolleymen ask higher wages.

Most of the men on strike are engaged in the building trades.

There are two textile strikes, involving 325 employes, at Greenville and Westerly, R. I., respectively.

Hundreds of farmers within a radius of 100 miles from Boston are also on strike for higher Summer prices for milk, and are trying to emphasize their demands by holding back their product from the Boston market.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 2.—Dennis S. Fitzgerald, member of the Trolleymen's International Executive Committee, says he will reiterate the demand for a maximum wage rate of 27½ cents an hour on a five-year basis, and, failing to obtain this demand, will then call for arbitration on the 30 cents an hour basis originally demanded.

Strikes are in progress to-day in Waterbury, Hartford, Meriden, and Middletown in the building and allied trades, for increases in wages.

WORCESTER, Mass., May 2.—Practically all the union plumbers in Worcester struck to-day because of the refusal of the master plumbers to grant the men every Saturday afternoon off during the year without loss of pay.

FALL RIVER, Mass., May 2.—Six hundred carpenters, lathers, and electricians who struck to-day for higher wages and shorter hours have stopped construction work in Fall River. An early settlement is expected.

PORTLAND, Me., May 2.—In a demand for a daily wage of $3.28, 400 carpenters struck work here to-day. The men have been receiving $2.75.

RESUBMITS BUILDERS' CASE.

Men with Prejudices Weeded Out of New Grand Jury.

The question of whether the Building Trades Employers' Association was guilty of criminal conspiracy in blacklisting the members of the Steamfitters' Union will be presented to a new Grand Jury, the February Grand Jury refusing to indict in the face of Judge Rosalsky's repeated instruction that it was their "bounded duty" so to do. The new body, however, was carefully sounded on the matter, and a dozen men who were believed to have, or admitted having, opinions on this question were weeded out.

When the additional panel of fifty was summoned yesterday for the May term before Judge Crain in General Sessions, D Cady Herrick appeared for the Employers' Association and Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford for the prosecution. Mr. De Ford did all the challenging, for none of the panel seemed to have any prejudice against employers.

Thomas J. Brady and John J. Deery, members of the organization which Mr. De Ford would like to indict, were promptly excused. Henry C. Blye, a railroad man of 143 Liberty Street, admitted that he was prejudiced against labor unions and that he felt the employers were apt to be right. He was excused. Joseph Walker, a banker of 20 Broad Street, and John P. Leo, an architect of 770 St. Nicholas Avenue, confessed to a dislike of union methods, and they were excused. The same prejudice disqualified Edward T. Holmes, a private detective; Henry L. Smith of 20 West Fifty-fifth Street, and Joseph Schultz, a dealer in felts.

As finally accepted the jury is made up as follows:

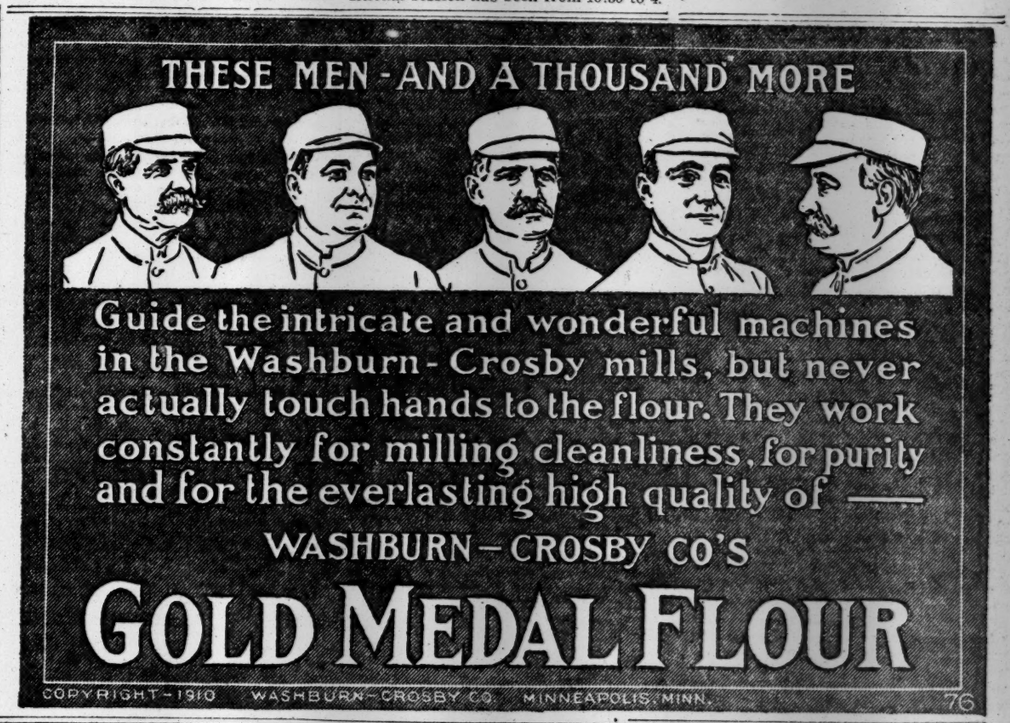
Elihu Chauncy, 11 West Thirty-eighth Street, foreman; Charles Y. Turner, 35 West Fourteenth Street; Berthold Levi, 22 West Seventy-fifth Street; Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., George E. Turnure, 64 Wall Street; William H. Douglas, 22 Exchange Place; Charles Holt, 22 East Fifty-eighth Street; Louis Phillips, 158 Broadway; Benjamin H. Herts, 34 West Thirty-eighth Street; Herman Younker, 31 Union Square; Joseph Freeman, 697 Broadway; Henry Walker, 42 Broadway; Samuel Levine, 771 Broadway; H. W. Greenwood, 222 West Twenty-third Street; Joseph J. Etchingham, 131 Columbus Avenue; George Kelly, 830 First Avenue; Bernard P. Bush, 330 West Eighty-fifth Street; James A. Frame, 850 West End Avenue; Edward Creger, 48 West Eighty-ninth Street; William H. Oakly, 222 Church Street; Louis S. Brush, 1,425 Broadway; George E. Schanck, 20 Fifth Avenue, and Albert H. Schoele, 5 Nassau Street.

The regular petty jury panel for the term was told that for May, at least, the court sessions will begin at 10 o'clock and last until 5:30. Judge Crain has the reputation of being the most tireless worker on the General Sessions bench. The traditional session has been from 10:30 to 4.

Barton & Guestier
Established 1725
OLIVE OIL
GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE

(Facsimile of Label.)
IMPORTED IN BOTTLES ONLY.
For Sale by all Leading Grocers in the United States.
E. LA MONTAGNE'S SONS, AGENTS
45 Beaver St., New York.

If you want a Situation, read the Help Wanted advertisements on Page 19.


THESE MEN - AND A THOUSAND MORE
Guide the intricate and wonderful machines in the Washburn-Crosby mills, but never actually touch hands to the flour. They work constantly for milling cleanliness, for purity and for the everlasting high quality of —
WASHBURN—CROSBY CO'S
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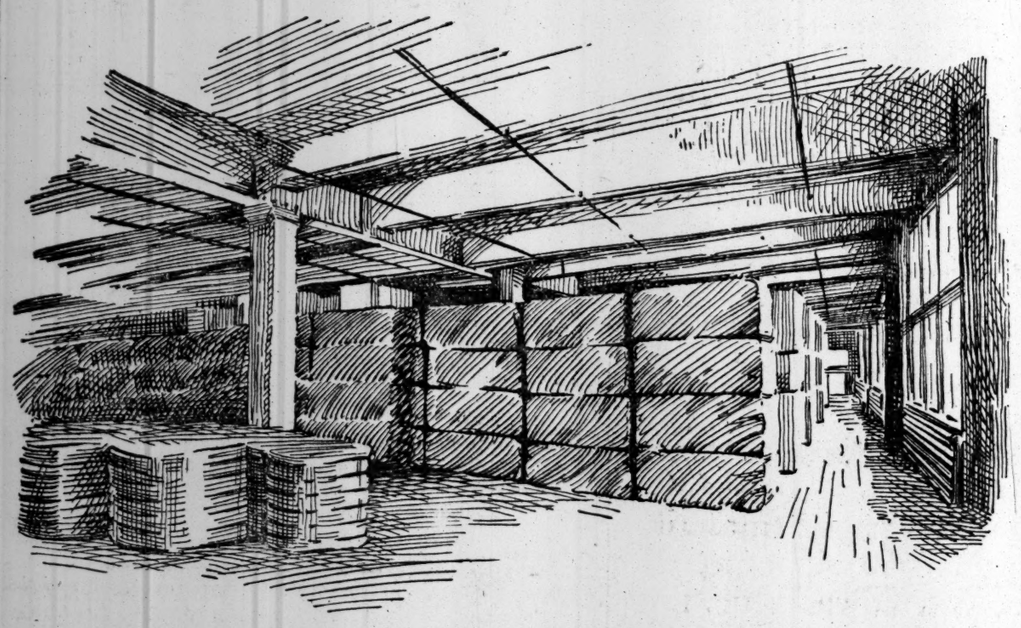
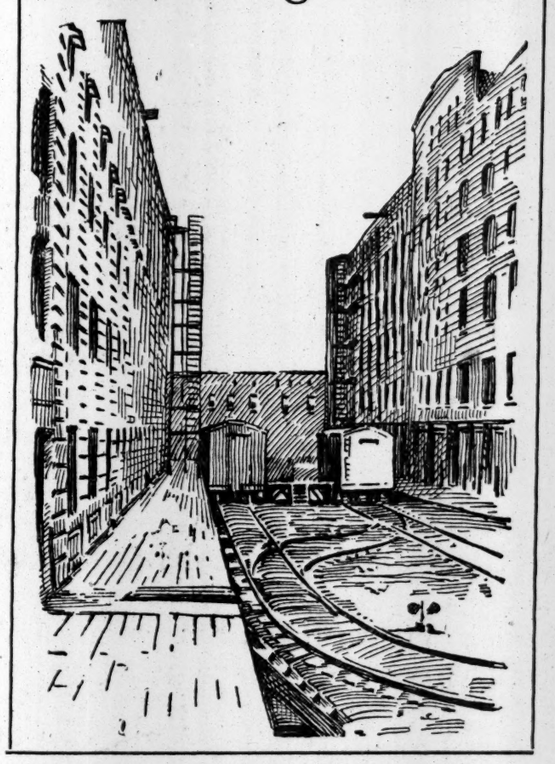
How Would You Like to Have a Salesroom Like This

And a Stockroom Like This



In This Location

In a Building Like This



Manufacturers Wholesalers

Are you one of the men who says "Yes, the Bush Terminal has powerful advantages—great economies—but it won't do for my business because of the volume of my local deliveries"?

Do you know about our fast Motor Trucks which run from our buildings to the foot of Canal Street in twenty minutes? Do you know that our system of local deliveries is many times more extensive, complete and satisfactory than yours? That we GUARANTEE to make local deliveries for you at the same price (or less) per package than you pay now—and in a manner SATISFACTORY to you?

Some men in just YOUR position who thought just as you do wrote and asked us "HOW." We are saving them $20,000 or more yearly now.

Let us send you the facts and figures which will show you the economies we can make for your business---for you. Just write us and ask "HOW?" it may save you $20,000.

With RENT FREE in Both Places

How would you like to have the Railroads deliver at the very door of your stockroom—without extra charge—eliminating your cartage charges at one stroke? How would you like to reduce your insurance charges from $2.50 or $3.50 or even $5 to 5 cents or 10 cents—and save $12,000 or more yearly on this one item?

If you would like to know how the modern science of Commercial Economy can save you $20,000 yearly in your business and make you money by giving you increased facilities write and ask us "HOW?"

Bush Terminal Co.
100 Broad St.
N. Y. City

GULDEN BOY POSED AS OWN KIDNAPPER

Wrote Parents That Their Son Would Be Tortured Unless Ransom Was Paid.

FOUND IN NEWSBOYS' HOME

Says He Was Lured Away by a Companion—Latter Held for Robbing Girls by Frenzied Finance Methods.

Arthur Gulden, aged 12, who has been missing from his home, 377 Willis Avenue, the Bronx, for almost a week, and whose parents had received letters and telephone messages threatening the boy with torture unless money was paid for his ransom, was found by Detective Buddermeyer of the Bronx Detective Bureau in the Newsboys' Lodging House, in New Chambers Street. The detective was on the lookout for another Bronx prodigal, Harry Speindel, who, it turns out, was responsible for the disappearance of Arthur. Harry also was in the lodging house. He was charged by sixteen little girls, in the Children's Court yesterday, with having bunkoed them out of sums ranging from $1 to $15.

The two were found together on Saturday night, and Gulden at once was returned to his parents.

According to Gulden, Speindel urged him to run away and become a member of a desperate band. Speindel showed Gulden $150 he said he already had made, and said that much more might be got in similar ways. He pointed out the glory of shooting Indians in the West and of leading a wild life, and quite dazzled Gulden, who decided to run away. So, with Speindel, he left his home, and finally ended up that night at the Newsboys' home.

The first night was not a very pleasant one for young Gulden. He spent much time crying and wishing himself back home. But the sight of young Speindel's roll of bills and the scorn of the newsboys were too much for him. The next day, he said, he was afraid to go back home.

Then the Black Hand letters commenced to arrive at the Gulden home. They told how young Arthur was to be tortured and put to death. Then a telephone message arrived suggesting that Mr. Gulden leave $200 under a rock in St. Mary's Park. Three detectives watched this rock all the following day, but no one approached it. The police say these letters and the telephone message were the joint work of Harry and Arthur.

Call Arthur an Ideal Boy.

All this time young Arthur was being described as the pet of the neighborhood, a "perfectly good boy," who had never done anything bad in his life; one whom bandits would be sure to decoy away, because they would understand how badly his parents would want him back.

As a matter of fact, he was greeted effusively when Detective Buddermeyer reintroduced him to the Gulden home, and he says he will never, never run away again. Since his return he has spent most of his time in his own house, as the boys in the neighborhood refer to him as the "kidnapped kid" and their jeers are not to Arthur's liking.

Harry Speindel, who is 13 years old, lives at 434 East 142d Street. He was arraigned before Justice Hoyt in the Children's Court yesterday, charged with juvenile delinquency. There also Ruth Cooper of 667 Teasdale Place, the Bronx, identified Harry as the boy who got $15 from her by telling her that her father had been elected President of a lodge to which his father belonged and that the money was needed to pay express charges on the flowers to be presented to him. The child said that she never had so much money in her life, but Harry suggested that she "try the butcher."

She did as he suggested, and the butcher loaned the girl the money, who handed it over to Harry. Some of the little girls were told that their fathers had been arrested and needed money to pay fines.

Many Victims in Court.

Here is a list of those who appeared as complainants against the boy in court yesterday and the sums they said they gave him:

Jennie Kanton, 548 Brook Av.	$1.50
Joseph Adelman, 1,740 Washington Av.	2.50
Bertha Schwilling, 481 Wendover Av.	2.50
Alfred Samich, 882 Longwood Av.	3.50
Mrs. Slater, 850 East 164th St.	4.00
Jeanette Spier, 1,485 5th Av.	4.00
Peter Lerner, 443 Wendover Av.	4.50
Joseph Weil, 925 Union Av.	5.00
Mrs. Uhlhart, 796 West 163d St.	5.00
Esther Sweidiane, 480 East 172d St.	5.00
Mrs. Daraher, 850 Dawson St.	8.00
Vera Hamill, 165 East 118th St.	10.00
William Stempel, 728 Tinton Av.	10.00
Sarah Jacobson, 1,378 Boston Road	10.00
Samuel Rosenbaum, 725 East 161st St.	10.00
Ruth Cooper, 667 Teasdale Place	15.00

The young prisoner told Justice Hoyt that two older boys in Harlem had taught him the scheme and that they had worked it together. He did not give the names of the boys, but said that he had read in the papers a few days ago that they had been sent away for cutting a little girl's hand when she refused to give them the money she held in it.

Harry told the detectives that the Gulden boy had assisted him, but as none of the complainants identified Arthur in this connection he was turned over to his parents, while Harry was remanded by Justice Hoyt until Thursday, when he will be sentenced.

SAILORS HAD $1,500 GEM.

Arrested Trying to Dispose of Necklace Navy Paymaster's Wife Lost.

Mrs. Francis Daly, wife of a paymaster in the United States Navy, stationed at Guantanamo, Cuba, sailed with her husband from New oYrk for Havana on the steamship Mexico of the Ward Line on April 7. The ship docked in Havana on the morning of April 12, and in her hurried landing Mrs. Daly left her handbag, which contained a necklace and pendant set with one large diamond, nine small ones, and two large pearls, and worth $1,500, in her stateroom.

By wireless the police here were asked to search for the trinket when the ship docked, and Friday morning when the boat arrived at Quarantine she was boarded by Detectives Cronin and Hennessy of the Central Office. Capt. Miller stated at that time that three different passengers had been booked in the same stateroom since the Dalys had disembarked at Havana, and in the face of this assertion further investigation was deemed useless.

Last night Antonio Briava and Emanuel Berrios, employed on the Mexico, visited the store of Samuel Feldman, a tailor, at 147 South Street, where Briava displayed a necklace and pendant. Feldman took the jewelry upstairs, and presently, the men later told the Oak Street police, returned and ordered them both out of the place, saying:

"You never gave me anything. If you don't get out I'll have both you bums pinched."

Detective John McSherry returned to the store with Briava and Berrios, where Feldman finally admitted having received the necklace, and produced the jewels, McSherry says. One of the large pearls in the pendant, however, was missing, and both Briava and Berrios declared, according to the detectives, that the jewel had been taken out after the necklace had been given to Feldman. The latter denied the charge.

McSherry arrested Feldman and Briava on the charge of being suspicious persons. Berrios was held as a material witness.

SENATOR HALE'S SON HORSEWHIPS EDITOR

Uses Lash and Fist in Resenting Political Attack on His Mother.

VICTIM COMMENDS HIM

Paper Had Said That Mrs. Hale Was Bent on Buying Son's Election to Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., May 2.—Col. Frederick Hale, son of Senator Eugene Hale and a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress to succeed Representative Amos L. Allen, created a sensation in Portland to-day by horsewhipping Charles Thornton Libby, an editor, who had referred slurringly to Col. Hale's mother in an editorial in The Six Town Times, a rural weekly.

Col. Hale sought an introduction to Mr. Libby through a local newspaper man, giving the latter no intimation of his purpose. When Mr. Libby rose to acknowledge the introduction Col. Hale refused his proffered hand, and holding out the paper, pointed to the editorial and said:

"Are you responsible for that?"

"I am," replied Mr. Libby.

Col. Hale quickly drew a whip from under his coat, and saying, "Take that, you cur," showered blows on Mr. Libby's shoulders.

Mr. Libby changed his position, but made no effort to defend himself except to shield his face with his hands. Col. Hale dropped his whip and struck the editor one blow. Then, picking up his whip again, he said:

"This is what I do to any one who insults my mother. Now you can do what you like."

Col. Hale turned on his heel and left the office unmolested. Mr. Libby said later to the newspaper man, who had witnessed the affair:

"I have no feeling against Col. Hale. It was a manly thing to do. A man who won't stand up for his mother doesn't amount to much. I shall make no reference to this affair in my papers."

The portion of the editorial which provoked Col. Hale's attack read as follows:

"Shall a father and mother's ambition for their boy and their willingness to buy his nomination and election to Congress be accepted as a reason why the First District of Maine should be sold to the highest bidder?

"Mrs. Hale, daughter of the notorious Zach Chandler, and brought up from childhood in an atmosphere of the most unscrupulous political chicanery, has said to friends in Portland that Fred shall go to Congress no matter what it costs. In so doing she lays aside the garments of modesty which in New England protect womanhood from political asperities, and stands forth in all the hideousness of open corruption. Her vile purpose deprives her of all consideration due to her sex and leaves the community to fight for its honor against this political Amazon as best it may."

In a statement this afternoon Col. Hale said among other things:

"I thought the matter over carefully, and I came to the conclusion that the only thing I could do and retain my self-respect was to inflict personal chastisement upon the man responsible for the article. I think that a man who will allow his mother to be insulted without retaliation would justly be called a cur. I have no further statement to make."

FIRE TRUCK KILLS A BOY.

Runs Over Him as He Is Stealing a Ride—Mother Prostrated.

Half a dozen small boys jumped on the running board of Fire Truck 34 as it was rolling out of its house at 122d Street and Second Avenue to go to the repair shop at Fifty-sixth Street and Twelfth Avenue yesterday. As the truck reached Third Avenue, Fireman John D. Schubert, who was at the wheel, began shooing them off the wagon. One of them, four-year-old Frank Hamilton of 254 East 122d Street, tripped as he tried to jump off and a moment later the heavy rear tire had passed over his head and chest, killing him instantly.

At the boy's home his mother, Mrs. Anna Hamilton, whose only child he was, refused to let the firemen carry the body into the house, and became so excited that Dr. Combs, in whose ambulance from the Harlem Hospital the body was brought home, had to attend her. The boy was carried to the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Laura Smith, in a little flat on the sixth floor of 219 East 122d Street.

The driver of the truck, Harry Borwick, of 53 Crescent Street, Long Island City, who is 60 years old and who has been in the Fire Department for twenty years, was arrested on a technical charge of homicide, but was paroled by Coroner Feinberg in custody of Fire Chief Barrett.

REAPPOINT M. E. STONE.

Associated Press Directors Unanimous for Him as General Manager.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of The Associated Press held yesterday at the offices of the association in this city there were present Vice Presidents Johnston and MacLennan and Directors Noyes, Ochs, Ridder, Scott, Nelson, McLean, Barr, Knapp, Clark, McClatchy, Rapier, and Weiss.

By the unanimous vote of the members present Melville E. Stone was reappointed General Manager and Charles S. Diehl Assistant General Manager.

EXPERT FOUND POISON IN COL. SWOPE'S BODY

Dr. Haines Says He and Dr. Vaughn Discovered Strychnine and Cyanide in Stomach.

IN DISCARDED CAPSULES, TOO

Chrisman Swope Examination Reveals Strychnine—Poison for Margaret Swope.

KANSAS CITY, May 2.—Dr. Walter S. Haines, a Chicago toxicologist, told the results of his search for poison in the bodies of Col. Thomas H. Swope and Chrisman Swope at the trial of Dr. B. C. Hyde to-day for the murder of Col. Swope.

So far as his personal investigations were concerned they had resulted in finding little trace of dangerous drugs. With but one exception, said Dr. Haines, he found cyanide only when collaborating with Dr. Victor C. Vaughn of Ann Arbor, Mich.

In a part of the stomach of Col. Thomas H. Swope, Dr. Haines said, he found two-hundredths of a grain of strychnine. The physician said a small trace of the same drug was found in the brain. With the aid of Dr. Vaughn he discovered some cyanide in the stomach.

Only slight traces of strychnine were found by Dr. Haines in the stomach and liver of Chrisman Swope.

Telling of his examination of the viscera of Chrisman Swope the witness said:

"I took half of the stomach contents, and, testing for strychnine, found a trace. A preliminary test of the stomach for cyanide showed none. Collaborating with Dr. Vaughn later we found in a preliminary test what appeared to be cyanide. None of the drug was shown on a conclusive test, however. Continuing my work alone, I found no cyanide."

Examination of the capsules said to have been thrown away by Dr. Hyde, and of the stains on the envelope containing them, revealed cyanide, said Dr. Haines.

At the beginning of to-day's session Attorney Frank P. Walsh resumed his cross-examination of Dr. Ludwig Hektoen. Mr. Walsh attacked Dr. Hektoen's testimony in part by means of a textbook which the pathologist collaborated in writing.

Among the things advised against in the book which were done in the autopsy on Col. Swope were these: Hot water was used in thawing out the body, the brain was taken out while frozen hard, and the brain was severed at the base without the use of a knife.

Dr. Hektoen was asked whether representatives of Dr. Hyde did not call on him and demand parts of the viscera of Col. Swope and Chrisman Swope for examination by his experts. The witness admitted that this was the case, and that the request was refused.

Responding to the hypothetical question regarding the probable cause of the convulsion of Margaret Swope, Dr. Hektoen said he believed that she was suffering from the effects of some convulsive and paralyzing poisoning.

WEDDING SILVER

For the Wedding Season we offer a most attractive assortment of choice pieces of Sterling Silver. From small single articles to the most elaborate of dinner services.

We invite comparison as to variety, quality and price.

REED & BARTON CO.
SILVERSMITHS & JEWELERS
FIFTH AVENUE and 32d STREET.
And 4 MAIDEN LANE

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—West

ON SALE TUESDAY, MAY 3D

The Most Important Suit Event

OF THE SEASON

$40 Women's & Misses' Tailored Suits, $15

To Close Out

Have taken from the regular stock about

300 Tailored Suits

Some of the most desirable styles, the accumulations of a season's business—made of superior Black, Navy and colored materials, handsomely lined.

15.00

Regular prices $30.00, $35.00 and $40.00.

Styles and make represent the Highest Standard of quality and are characteristic of Oppenheim, Collins & Co.'s entire stock.

No Alterations — No Approvals or Credits

GO to the grocer instead of the druggist.

If you feel the need of a "spring tonic" you are probably on the wrong diet. Possibly you are eating too much meat, or too little of some particular element required by the blood at this season. Don't be in haste to fill up with medicine. Try eating less heavy or indigestible food, and more of the simple and nourishing kind. For one thing eat more

Campbell's Tomato Soup

You can hardly find a food in which natural tonic and aperient properties are combined so perfectly with easily-digested nourishment.

This wholesome soup is widely recommended by progressive physicians as a building-up diet. Surely there never was a prescription more delicious to "take." And just now is a good time to get the full benefit of all its exceptional qualities.

Why not 'phone a trial order to your grocer right now?

"Julius Caesar
Was a teaser!
Ate two brutes they say,
With *Campbell's Soups*
To feed his troops
He'd beat the world to-day."

21 kinds 10c a can

Asparagus	Mulligatawny
Beef	Mutton Broth
Bouillon	Ox Tail
Celery	Pea
Chicken	Pepper Pot
Chicken-Gumbo (Okra)	Printanier
Clam Bouillon	Tomato
Clam Chowder	Tomato-Okra
Consommé	Vegetable
Julienne	Vermicelli-Tomato
Mock Turtle	

Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

Your money back if not satisfied.

JOSEPH CAMPBELL COMPANY
Camden N J

Look for the red-and-white label

HATS | BALCH PRICE & CO. | FURS
FULTON & SMITH STS., BROOKLYN, N.Y.

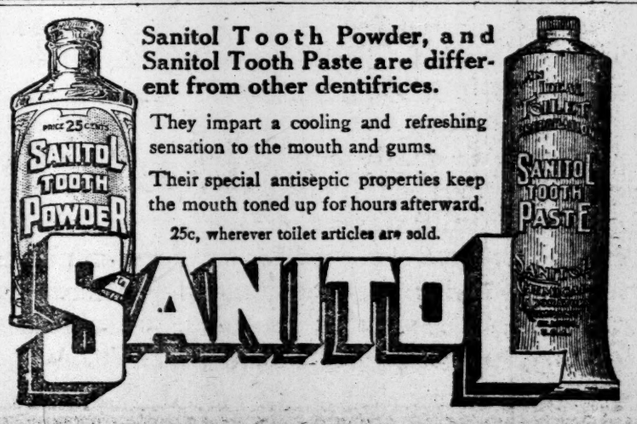
Established 1832

Safe Storage for Furs

ENTIRE COST:

$1	for	Furs	valued at	$50
2	"	"	"	100
5	"	"	"	250
10	"	"	"	500
20	"	"	"	1000

Telephone 5900 Main TODAY!



Sanitol Tooth Powder, and Sanitol Tooth Paste are different from other dentifrices.

They impart a cooling and refreshing sensation to the mouth and gums.

Their special antiseptic properties keep the mouth toned up for hours afterward.

25c, wherever toilet articles are sold.

SANITOL

B. Altman & Co.

ANNOUNCE THE FOLLOWING SALES FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY):

A VERY SPECIAL SALE OF
WOMEN'S SUITS AND DRESSES

COMPRISING GARMENTS OF FOULARD, SERGE AND MOHAIR, AT PRICES RANGING FROM

$24.00 TO $45.00

WHITE WASHABLE MATERIALS

DESIRABLE FOR DRESSES, BLOUSES AND UNDERGARMENTS, AT SPECIAL REDUCTIONS IN PRICES:

LONG CLOTH,	36 INS. WIDE,	12 YD. PIECES AT		$1.20 & 1.50
NAINSOOK	40 " "	12 " "	.	1.85
INDIA LINON	32 " "	. .	PER YARD,	15c.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR

IN THE FOLLOWING ERENCH HAND-EMBROIDERED STYLES:

STOCKS	65c.
JABOTS, LACE TRIMMED . . .	75c. & $1.50
COAT COLLARS	1.25
STOCKS WITH JABOTS, LACE TRIMMED . .	2.00

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

A Chocolate of Rare Quality

Kuyler's

METROPOLITAN SWEET CHOCOLATE

A Chocolate of such Superior Quality, Smoothness and Flavor as has never before been produced

A Chocolate for Chocolate Connoisseurs

Sold by Dealers Everywhere

5¢ & 10¢ Cakes

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Sale of Silk Hose

3 Pairs $1.15

You can better judge how really small this price is when we tell you that they are all pure silk, with lisle heels and toes doubly reinforced—and are woven full size.

There are eleven shades, wine, tan, brown, taupe, green, navy, cadet, helio, gray, lavender and ivy—the season's most popular shades.

We go on record that for service, appearance and finish no silk hose of double this price are of greater intrinsic worth.

There are all sizes and plenty of them as the sale begins this morning, but we advise that to be sure you come quickly.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

TO THE READERS OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

FACTS ABOUT MILK.

The greatest uplift movement to-day the civilized world over is the movement for pure milk.

* * *

Every city and town throughout the country is asking for pure milk, not cheap milk.

* * *

Every milk authority in the world knows and states unreservedly that cheap milk can not be pure.

* * *

Pure milk can be dispensed to the many at a moderate price. The Borden Company is proving it.

* * *

Not through philanthropy but through commercial sanity the Borden Company is working for the cause of pure milk for all at a price for all.

* * *

WE have been exclusively in the milk business for fifty-three years, and we believe that we ought to be allowed to tell you some very important facts about nine cent milk.

The Borden reputation for the delivery of the largest volume of pure milk to the consumer at a distributor's profit lower than any other food product sold, is well deserved and evidently appreciated by the public, at least by that very large class who consider quality and cleanliness, and do not want cheapness and neglect. Borden's Country Bottled Milk is not intended for those who place no value on human life, who have no consideration for themselves, their family, their friends or the public at large. It is intended for you if you do value human life as a precious responsibility. Then the necessity of pure milk is quite apparent and needs no further argument.

However, here is our story, a plain story of pure milk and the price it demands in New York City.

It is founded purely on facts, of which thorough investigation is freely invited; it is inspired simply by a firm belief that the milk problem is too great and grave to be made the subject of unfounded and selfish sensationalism, and that the householder whose family's life and health are involved should know the truth and only the truth.

New York's daily milk supply consists of about 2,000,000 quarts of milk.

The greater part of this is still dispensed from the unsafe can,---"loose" milk, in other words. The balance is sold as Bottled Milk and consists of some country bottled milk, a large quantity of city bottled milk, pasteurized milk, and a little certified milk.

City bottled milk is supplied to New York in the can and bottled in the city; it sells to-day for 8 cents a bottle.

Certified milk, certified by the County Medical Society, sells for from 12 to 20 cents a bottle. Pasteurized milk sells for 10 cents.

Borden's Country Bottled Milk constitutes 68% of the entire country bottled milk supply, or 340,000 bottles daily, and sells for 9 cents a quart.

Now, first as to the *PURITY*, secondly as to the *PRICE* of *COUNTRY BOTTLED MILK:*

It is gathered fresh every morning from the cold spring houses of dairies, each one of which is inspected regularly by the Borden Veterinaries and Inspectors. This inspection service guarantees healthy herds and sanitary milk. Every dairy is placed upon a count basis: if the dairy falls below a high count the contract ceases.

The milk is bottled at a nearby *COUNTRY STATION,* by sterilized machines. Half of each day is devoted to *scrubbing* and *STEAM CLEANING* the entire plant. The farmer's *cans* are *washed* and *STEAMED.* The *OPERATORS* wear *CLEAN* white suits. From the time the milk enters the station it has but little contact with the air and no contact with the operators' hands.

Machinery bottles the milk in perfectly sterilized bottles and inserts the germ-proof cap. The bottles are cased and covered with crushed ice and speeded on to New York each day in refrigerated express cars.

What is the idea back of the process? Simply this: to eliminate every possible source of contamination by bringing the milk from the country to the consumer in an original sanitary container.

It is the Borden policy that *safe milk* for the *consumer* means *safe milk* at the *source,* and only this. Healthy herds, sanitary milking, country bottling, continuous icing, with conscientious care and scientific precautions from beginning to end—these guarantee *pure natural milk.*

There is no other way. There can be *no other way* of bringing about an era of *pure milk.* This principle is safe, simple, logical, sterling and substantial: and there is not, there must be no *substitute.*

Practically all authorities are agreed that the best milk in every way is *fresh, raw, clean milk.* They also believe that by dispensing it in vast quantities and taking a very small profit per unit it is commercially possible to sell such milk at a reasonable price; to give, in other words, to all, just as good and safe a milk as the expensive certified brands now dispensed to a few.

This is just what the *Borden Co.* is doing.

Now, as to the *price* question.

Here are some interesting facts never before placed before the consumer.

When Borden's Country Bottled Milk was inaugurated in 1887 it sold for 8 cents, when other milk was selling at 5, 6 or 7 cents. It has never sold for *less,* for the very *good reason* that it could not be dispensed for less without an enormous *loss.*

It now sells for *9 cents,* an advance of 12½%.

And yet:

During these 23 years the price paid the farmer by the Borden Co. has steadily increased till to-day it is 42% higher than ever before. Wages, freight rates, the maintenance, cost of delivery horses have also increased, in even greater proportion.

Again, during this period, the prices of *other foodstuffs* have *advanced* from 25% to 100%. Eggs, beef, butter have advanced an average of 40%.

In fact, *country bottled milk* is the *only* food product that has not joined in the general high increase of prices.

There is but one factor which has kept the price down, and that is the rapidly increased consumption of country bottled milk. If the Borden Co. sold less than 340,000 bottles per day the price per bottle must, of necessity, be made higher. If only 5,000 bottles were dispensed the price would be forced up to the level of the expensive certified brands.

Borden's *country bottled milk* is a *specialized* product. It costs more to safeguard it at its source, more to freight it to the city, more for waste and bottle breakage, more for every one of its sanitary precautions. Our bottle loss alone last year was $215,000.

It is on a basis solely with the *expensive* certified milks; it is sold for a *moderate* price simply because 340,000 bottles of it are dispensed to a few thousands each of the certified brands, and because it goes direct from *producer* to *consumer* with *only one profit.*

Its price should be judged as a *reduction* from *20 cents* to *9 cents* per quart, not as an increase of one penny per quart.

It is that *penny* that is at *issue,* not the price of *nine* cents; and *that penny,* as a guarantee of *safety,* of *health* and *life,* is the *cheapest guarantee* in the world. The difference between *pure* and *impure* milk is a matter of *human life,* not of a *penny.*

Again, inasmuch as the profits of the Borden Co. depend upon the volume of the business it does, it must be perfectly apparent that this company is even more concerned than the consumer in keeping down the price.

To increase the retail price cuts down the consumption, and if thereby the production of milk is rendered unprofitable to the farmer, he will cease dairying.

What is the result? Simply this: that the Borden Co. must go further away for its milk supply; pay greater freight rates and icing bills, build new stations for bottling and suffer losses in the old ones which are running under their capacities.

The production of milk must be made profitable to the dairyman. There is no alternative. Hence, last winter, when the price of feed advanced, the Borden Co. was compelled to advance the price it paid the farmer. Unable then to retail country bottled milk at 8 cents without disastrous loss, it was compelled to increase the price to the consumer to nine cents.

Again, there was no alternative. The increase was the result, and only the result, of a purely economic course.

The *cry* to-day is for *clean,* not *cheap milk.*

To cheapen production means to let down the *sanitary safeguards* and this *must not* be done. *Milk* is the *one* food product that cannot be *tampered* with. That one cent extra per quart, if it buys you clean milk, buys more *for you* than the other 8 cents. It buys you assurance of the *life* and *health* of yourself and those near and dear to you.

As such, the necessarily added price is of no consideration whatever. *Cheap milk is dear, terribly dear, at any price.*

For a number of years a group of physicians, public health officers, government and city officials, bacteriologists, specialists have been investigating the milk problem, in the laboratory, the dairy, the farm, the clinic. Their object is the lowering of the infant death rate, the promulgation of public health. They say with one accord that *clean milk,* the *food* of the *millions,* is to be *desired* to-day above every *public good;* that *cheap, impure* milk increases *disease* and *death;* that clean, pure milk is only to be had by the *strictest sanitary* regulations.

This is just what the Borden Co. is doing, not as a philanthropy, but as a commercial enterprise, backed by a vast organization, by over half a century of experience; and this is what it will continue to do, with the intelligent understanding and co-operation of the consumer who believes that it is better to maintain sanitary regulation than to shave prices, that *clean milk* is more to be desired than *cheap milk*—

That household health is not a matter of a penny a quart.

FACTS ABOUT MILK.

Cheap milk is a commercial possibility; but cheap *clean* milk is an admitted impossibility.

* * *

Clean milk is purely a matter of conscientious care and expensive safeguards. Cheap milk can only be dispensed by lowering these safeguards.

* * *

The real cost of cheap milk is in *human lives,* not in pennies.

* * *

The *real issue,* the humanitarian issue, the home welfare issue, is the *purity* of milk, not the *price* of milk.

* * *

There are only two kinds of milk—clean and unclean. Clean, country-bottled milk can be bought at a moderate price. Unclean milk is terrifically expensive at any price.

* * *

This Refers to Borden Quality.

"As has already been pointed out in the HERALD, there is a corporation which is selling raw milk in large quantities, bottled, at nine cents a quart, of which specimens have been taken which contain as low as 5,500 bacteria to the cubic centimetre, while ten thousand to fifteen thousand are not unusual for raw bottled milks sold generally throughout the city. The ten thousand count is imposed for certified milk, while the fifty thousand count is accepted as a milk of average quality. In most cities one hundred thousand is looked upon as below the danger limit."

EXTRACT FROM THE NEW YORK HERALD, APRIL 21, 1910.

Predicts a Rise in Milk Prices.

"More inspectors and continued rigid sanitary inspection for pure and clean milk were urged and a few hard knocks against pasteurization were delivered in the "Story of Our Milk Supply," an illustrated lecture given by Dr. Thomas Darlington, formerly Health Commissioner, at Public School No. 83, in 110th Street, last night. *The speaker predicted that the price of milk would advance considerably, as high prices must come with the expense of sanitary improvements by the farmers and dairymen, and the ever increasing demand and limited supply will be a large factor in the cost.*"

EXTRACT FROM THE NEW YORK HERALD, APRIL 25, 1910.

FOR PURE MILK.

"The Borden Condensed Milk Company proposes to co-operate with the farmers from whom it receives its milk supply, in an effort to reduce the cost of milk production. President Rogers says the company is arranging to supply cows of greater producing capacity, and will furnish farmers with pure alfalfa seed, lime and feed at cost. The Borden Company has ample capital for carrying its plan into effect, and it is believed it will be a practical benefit to the dairymen who deal with it."

EXTRACT FROM THE OTSEGO FARMER, MARCH 18, 1910.

A Proof of Borden Quality.

"There was received last Saturday at the office of the Borden Condensed Milk Company, at No. 108 Hudson Street, a pint bottle of cream which had been carried across the ocean aboard the Lusitania and brought back here after a trip of *nearly three weeks.* It had never been subjected to heat and was absolutely pure cream. It was sweet and palatable to the taste, and a chemical analysis showed that it contained only a trace of lactic acid, much less than the amount required to be perceptible in the flavor and to produce what is commonly known as souring."

EXTRACT FROM THE NEW YORK HERALD, APRIL 21, 1910.

BORDEN CONDENSED MILK COMPANY—1857—"Leaders of Quality."—1910

BROOKLYN GETS NO HIT OFF MATHEWSON

"Big Six's" Pitching Perfect and Only Twenty-nine Batsmen Face Him.

Flinging with all the skill of a master of his craft, Christy Mathewson, 6 feet tall, surmounted with a dome full of baseball knowledge, shut out the Brooklyns at Washington Park yesterday, not allowing the Dodgers to pelt the ball to a single uninhabited spot on the diamond. That Matty was able to pitch a no-hit game was at times made possible by seemingly impossible fielding by the team behind him. More than once the Giants speared the ball when it was on the way to safety, and an untimely play by Arthur Devlin in the eighth inning, which resulted in an error, was the only performance of the whole game which cast a blemish on the flinging of the big boxman.

There are those in Brooklyn to-day who will say that Matty was found for a single by McElveen in the eighth. In that session McElveen banged a grounder to short. Shafer stood ready to scoop it up, but Devlin jumped in front of it, grabbed the ball, and pushed a wide, low heave over to Merkle which the Giant first-sacker couldn't reach. The ball was over to the first pier before McElveen arrived, and Devlin's excitement alone was the cause of the error.

Matty's performance yesterday was one of the best of his career. He pitched faultlessly, and in the first six innings only eighteen men faced him. His control was perfect, and not a single deadhead ticket, not a wild pitch, not an explosive throw was found in his repertoire. He fanned eight Dodgers, and the rest of them died on punky grounders or by air-line bangs to the outfield.

Not if baseball is played for another century will you ever see a more sensational grab than that of Devore's in the fifth, when Hummel slammed a terrific drive to left. It seemed safely on its way over the little outfielder's awning. He turned and ran back toward the fence. Leaping off the lawn like a high jumper, he stuck his gloved hand straight up in the air. The ball carromed to the ozone again, bounding from his glove. Again Devore leaped into the azure and came down with the ball. And when that inning was done the crowd screamed and yelled and cheered Devore from his outgarden post all the way to the bench.

In rapid succession the Brooklyns collapsed for six innings, eighteen of them as fast as they faced the crafty Giant. In the seventh Matty struck out the first two men who faced him, Dooin and Burch. Wheat, the third man up, just caught the top of the ball as it was on its way to Meyers. The ball bounded along to Merkle at first, and he tried two or three times to pick it up. If it had been redhot metal he could not have juggled it more. Wheat was safe. Hummel grounded to Bridwell and Wheat was forced at second. Hummel had the honor of being the first man to be left on the cushions. In the eighth Larry Doyle got nervous and fumbled Daubert's grounder. Happy Smith shot a low liner to Devlin, who stuck out his left hand, and the ball hit it and stuck there as if soaked with glue. He doubled Daubert before he could get back to first. Then came McElveen's roller to Devlin. If he had let it go to Fletcher, who was standing directly in the path, there is no question but that McElveen would have died by Merkle's hand. But Devlin jumped into the ball, fielded it cleanly, and was on both feet to make a good throw. It was a poor hurl, and rolled past Merkle. Bergen went out on the next play, leaving McElveen at second. He was the only Dodger to get there.

Dr. Scanlon, who trimmed the Giants in the first sally at the Polo Grounds, not very far back, got as emotional in the third inning as the leading lady in the third act of "East Lynne," and became very unruly. Perhaps there is some native residing in Zanzibar who is as wild as Doc was yesterday, but no one ever saw him. Compared with the Brooklyn physician yesterday ,that savage party from Borneo you saw at the circus is highly civilized.

Scanlon walked Devore, then Daubert made a bad error which assured Doyle of residence at first, and Seymour and Bridwell were walked, forcing in Devore with the first run. In the fourth Merkle got a cheap jog to first, and went through on an out and Wheat's muff of Devore's skyrocket. Merkle's triple, Meyers's double, and Scanlon's wild pitch gave two runs in the sixth, and safeties by Doyle, Murray, and Fletcher produced two counts in the seventh.

The wiseacres who stayed on this side of the river yesterday and cackled up their sleeves at their friends for going way over to Brooklyn to see a ball game read the bulletin boards last night with their orbs popping out of their heads. Some folks in this town are of such a nature that they would rather see Matty pitch a no-hit game than be left an income by a rich uncle in Bangor, Me. They are sorry they didn't go. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Devore, lf.	4	1	0	2	0
Doyle, 2b.	5	1	1	0	1
Murray, rf.	5	1	1	0	0
Seym'r, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
B'dwell, ss.	2	0	1	0	0
Fletcher, ss.	1	0	1	2	1
Devlin, 3b.	3	0	0	2	3
Merkle, 1b.	3	2	1	11	0
Meyers, c.	4	1	1	7	0
Wilson, c.	0	0	0	1	0
M'th'son, p.	4	0	1	0	5
Total.	35	6	8	27	10

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
T. Smith, ss.	4	0	0	4	3
Burch, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
Wheat, lf.	3	0	0	3	1
Humm'l, 2b.	3	0	0	3	0
Daubert, 1b.	3	0	0	8	0
H. Smith, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
M'Elv'n, 3b.	3	0	0	4	2
Bergen, c.	3	0	0	1	2
Scanlon, p.	2	0	0	0	3
*Jordan	1	0	0	0	0
†Davidson	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	29	0	0	27	11

*Batted for Scanlon in the ninth inning.
†Batted for T. Smith in the ninth inning.
Errors—Doyle, (2,) Devlin, (2,) Burch, Wheat, Daubert.

New York	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	—6
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Left on bases—New York, 7; Brooklyn, 2. Two-base hit—Meyers. Three-base hit—Merkle. First base on errors—New York, 3; Brooklyn, 4. Stolen bases—Murray, Fletcher, Merkle. Double plays—T. Smith and Daubert; Wheat, McElveen, and T. Smith; Mathewson, Bridwell, and Merkle; Devlin and Merkle. Bases on balls—Off Scanlon, 4. Struck out—By Mathewson, 8. Hit by pitcher—By Scanlon, (Devlin.) Wild pitch—Scanlon. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie.

Taft Sees Pirates Trim Cubs.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 2.—President William H. Taft, Secretary of State Philander C. Knox, and Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, were guests of the Pittsburg National League Baseball Club, at Forbes Field this afternoon at a game in which the world's champions defeated Chicago 5 to 2. Wagner made a brilliant showing, scoring two runs, making a two-bagger and a double play. Although the visitors hit oftener, the locals were more effective in placing them, and took advantage of four errors by Chicago. Before the game the President wrote his best wishes and signature on two baseballs and presented them to Wagner and Manager Clarke of the Pittsburg Club. Over 20,000 people saw the game. The score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	3	0	0	1	0
Leach, cf.	4	0	0	7	0
Clarke, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Wagner, ss.	4	2	1	3	3
Miller, 2b.	3	0	0	2	4
Flynn, 1b.	4	0	1	7	0
C'pbell, rf.	2	2	1	3	0
Gibson, c.	2	1	1	0	1
Adams, p.	2	0	1	1	0
Leif'd, p.	1	0	1	0	1
Total.	29	5	6	27	9

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	4	0	1	4	2
Sheck'd, lf.	3	0	1	1	1
*Zim'man	1	0	0	0	0
Schulte, rf.	4	1	3	4	0
Chance, 1b.	4	1	2	5	0
St'nf'dt, 3b.	3	0	0	0	0
B'mont, cf.	4	0	2	4	1
Tinl'r, ss.	3	0	1	2	3
N'dham, c.	4	0	0	4	1
M'Int're, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Pfeffer, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	2	10	24	9

*Batted for Sheckard in the ninth inning.
Errors—Sheckard (2,) Chance, Tinker.

Pittsburg	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	—5
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Wagner, Leifield, Chance. Three-base hit—Tinker. Sacrifice hit—Miller. Sacrifice flies—Byrne, Tinker. Stolen bases—Campbell. Double play—Wagner and Flynn. First base on balls—Off Adams, 2; off Leifield, 1; off McIntyre, 2. Struck out—By McIntyre, 1. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 3. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 4; Chicago, 9. Hits—Off Adams, 7 in six innings; off Leifield, 3 in three innings; off McIntyre, 6 in 6 1-3 innings. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

Four Runs on Collins's Homer.

BOSTON, May 2.—Each team used three pitchers in the exciting game which Philadelphia won from Boston to-day, 9 to 8. Boston tied the score in the first inning when Moran stole home. Both nines battled hard in the second and piled up numerous runs, Collins sending in three ahead of himself by a home run with the bases full. Titus caught a hot liner on the run in the seventh. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Titus, rf.	5	3	3	2	0
Bates, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Grant, 3b.	5	2	1	1	1
Magee, cf.	3	1	3	2	0
E'nst'd, 1b.	4	0	1	18	0
Knabe, 2b.	4	1	2	0	3
Doolan, ss.	4	1	1	0	1
Dooin, c.	4	0	0	3	2
M'Quill'n, p.	0	1	0	0	0
Moren, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Moore, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Total.	35	9	12	27	13

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	4	2	1	1	0
Collins, lf.	4	1	1	0	2
Sharpe, 1b.	5	0	1	8	0
Shean, 2b.	4	0	1	3	0
Getz, 2b.	0	0	0	0	1
Herzog, 3b.	4	1	1	2	4
Sw'ney, ss.	4	2	3	3	6
Beck, cf.	4	0	1	5	0
Graham, c.	3	1	0	4	3
Brown, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Mattern, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Frock, p.	3	0	0	0	2
*Smith	1	0	1	0	0
†Ferguson	0	1	0	0	0
‡Cooney	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	37	8	10	27	19

*Batted for Mattern in second inning.
†Ran for Smith in second inning.
‡Batted for Getz in ninth inning.
Errors—Shean, Sweeney, Dooin.

Boston	1	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—8
Philadelphia	1	5	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—9

Two-base hits—Titus, (2,) Magee, Beck, Bransfield. Home runs—Collins, Sweeney. Hits—Off Brown, 3 in one and one-third innings; off Mattern, 4 in two-thirds of an inning; off McQuillan, 4 in one inning; off Moren, 4 in two and two-thirds innings; off Frock, 5 in seven innings; off Moore, 2 in five and one-third innings. Sacrifice hits—Sharpe, Bates, (2,) Doolin. Stolen bases—Knabe, (2,) Graham, Moore, (2,) Bransfield. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Brown, 1; off McQuillan, 1; off Moren, 1; off Frock, 3; off Moore, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 1; Philadelphia, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Brown, (Knabe.) Struck out—By Frock, 2; by Moren, 1; by Moore, 2. Time of game—Two hours and six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Moran.

Two Protests in Farcical Game.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 2.—At the conclusion of to-day's game, in which Cincinnati defeated St. Louis 9 to 4, two protests were filed with President Lynch of the National League. Manager Bresnahan of St. Louis protested the game, alleging that Umpire McGinnis was incompetent and that his decisions made the game a farce. President Herrmann of the Cincinnati team protested against Bresnahan's making the game ridiculous by switching his men to unusual places after Cincinnati scored five runs in the first inning. McGinnis, a local umpire, officiated on account of the failure of President Lynch to assign regular umpires. The game was one that was postponed from last week. McGinnis was appointed by Lynch and was agreed upon by both teams and the play started. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Beecher, lf.	5	1	2	3	0
Miller, rf.	3	1	0	1	0
Hoblitzel, 1b.	4	1	1	7	0
Mitchell, cf.	4	2	2	3	0
Egan, 2b.	3	2	2	4	4
Lobert, 3b.	2	0	0	0	1
Downey, ss.	4	0	2	1	4
McLean, c.	2	1	1	5	1
Clarke, c.	1	1	1	3	0
Rowan, p.	4	0	1	0	0
Total.	32	9	13	27	10

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Huggins, 2b.	3	1	1	1	4
Reiger, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Ellis, lf.	1	0	1	0	0
Higgins, lf.	1	0	0	0	0
B'b'au, lf.	2	0	1	2	1
Oakes, cf.	5	0	0	5	0
K'chy, 1b.	3	0	1	4	4
Evans, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Phelps, c.	1	0	1	0	0
Kelley, c.	1	1	0	0	0
B'an'han, c.	1	0	0	0	0
Hauser, ss.	3	1	0	2	2
Mowery, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2
Corridon, p.	0	0	0	0	1
O'Hara, 1b, p, cf.	4	1	2	8	0
*Hulswitt	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	35	4	8	24	15

*Batted for Reiger in ninth inning.
Errors—Hoblitzel, Egan, Downey, 2; Hauser.

Cincinnati	5	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	—9
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—4

Two-base hit—Mitchell. Three-base hits—Egan, Clarke. Hits—Off Corridon, 6 in 1 inning; off Konetchy, 4 in 4 innings; off O'Hara, none in 1 inning; off Reiger, 3 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Egan, Lobert, 2. Stolen bases—Bescher, Phelps. Double plays—Downey, Egan and Hoblitzel, 2; Hauser and Barbeau. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Cincinnati, 5. First base on balls—Off Corridon, 2; off Konetchy, 1; off Rowan, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Rowan, (Huggins.) Struck out—By Rowan, 4. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. McGinnis.

BASEBALL, 4 P. M. N. Y. American vs. Washington, American League Park. Adm., 50c. —Adv.

SQUEEZE PLAY WINS GAME FOR YANKEES

With Hemphill Coming Home from Third Chase Raps Out a Short Single.

"He laughs best who laughs last" applied aptly to a baseball game played on the hilltop yesterday between the Yankees and the Senators, in which the latter clinched a neat victory for the percentage column by a margin of 3 to 2. And it might be added that it took ten innings to do it, with Chase's men playing uphill all the way. Two runs in the sixth by the visitors from the Capitol loomed mighty large as the game was drawing to a close, with the Yankees still scoreless. Then came a run in the eighth credited to the Hilltoppers, another in the ninth, and the final half of the tenth saw the execution of a pretty squeeze play, when Hemphill was on third after making a three-bagger and Chaise wielding the willow. The latter straightened out a swift one to McBride as Hemphill drew away from the sack, and the winning tally resulted. Wherefore there might be just a little applause for Hemphill and Chase.

Mr. Johnson, who did the twirling for the visitors, had pretty much of a monopoly on the hit question, and the Yankees fared poorly during the early innings. Perhaps the failure of the New Yorkers to connect with the sphere was due in some measure to the incident which happened down in Washington not so long ago, when Cree found Johnson's delivery rather damaging to headgear and was unconscious for five minutes after trying to stop one with his cranium. In nine innings the Yankees took only four hits from Johnson. Vaughn, who started the game for the home team, also proved in good form, and in eight innings only two safeties had been made by Washington, and the total for the game was three. Vaughn dropped out in the eighth to let Gardner bat for him, and his place on the mound was taken by Warhop. Yesterday made the fourth time that Vaughn has pitched in a game in which he is neither credited with a defeat or a victory.

There was one Roach on the New York team who held forth at short stop and who showed strong to the delight of the fans. He fielded the position in a sensational manner. In the fifth inning he received three chances and was not caught napping. After retiring Unglaub at first, McBride tested Roach's mettle and sent a sizzling one to him, which he fumbled, but recovered in time to catch the Senator at first. Then Street slipped one down the same way, which went past Austin, but did not elude Roach, and he hurled it over to Chase for the put-out. In addition to this, two of the hits sent to the score card by the Yankees were due to his work at the bat.

The two runs by the Washingtonians came in the sixth and were mainly responsible for the lax work on the part of the home team. Johnson, the first man up, struck out, but Milan followed this with a gift of first from Vaughn. A passed ball let Milan go to second. Schaefer also drew a pass, and both started a double steal. While Austin muffed Sweeney's throw to catch Milan, the latter scored, and Schaefer took the third sack. Leilvelt's single brought in Schaefer.

New York tried hard for a run in the seventh, but with two down and two on bases, Engle, who batted for Sweeney, ended the hopes by fanning. The next inning, however, brought better luck. Gardner, batting for Vaughn, rapped out a single to left, and Hemphill's sacrifice placed him on second. Unglaub's fumble let Wolter get the initial bag, and Gardner went to third. A minute later he scored on Chase's bounder to McBride. Laporte was the first New Yorker up in the next inning, and McBride's error let him get to second. The sacrifice by Roach placed him on third, and he slid under Street's arms when Austin hit an infield grounder. In the final inning Hemphill hit a three-bagger and scored on Chase's hit to McBride. The summary:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'phill, cf.	4	1	1	4	0
Wolter, rf.	4	0	0	3	0
Chase, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0
Cree, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Laporte, 2b.	4	1	0	2	1
Roach, ss.	2	0	2	1	3
Austin, 3b.	3	0	1	0	4
Sw'ney, c.	1	0	0	3	2
†Engle	1	0	0	0	0
Gardner	1	1	1	0	0
Warhop, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	3	6	29	11

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf.	3	1	0	0	0
Sch'fer, 2b.	3	1	1	2	2
Leilvelt, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Elb'f'd, 3b.	4	0	0	3	5
Gessler, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Unglaub, 1b.	3	0	0	8	2
M'Bride, ss.	4	0	1	7	2
Street, c.	4	0	0	7	4
Johnson, p.	4	0	0	0	3
Total.	31	2	3	*28	18

*One out when winning run was made.
†Batted for Sweeney in the seventh inning.
‡Batted for Vaughn in the eighth inning.
§Unglaub out, hit by his own batted ball.
Errors—Unglaub, McBride, 2; Sweeney, Vaughn.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—3
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2

Three-base hit—Hemphill. Sacrifice hits—Leilvelt, Chase, Austin, Roach. Stolen bases—Hemphill, Wolter, 2; Milan, Schaefer, Austin. Left on bases—Washington, 4; New York, 7. First base on errors—Washington, 1; New York, 2. Double play—Elberfeld, Unglaub and McBride. Struck out—By Vaughn, 2; by Johnson, 8; by Warhop, 1. Bases on balls—Off Vaughn, 4; off Johnson, 4. Passed ball—Sweeney. Hits—Off Vaughn 2 in 8 innings; off Warhop 1 in 2 innings. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours and fourteen minutes.

Big Rally for Athletics in Ninth.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—Boston was defeated here this afternoon by a ninth-inning rally by Philadelphia, the latter scoring five runs and an error and making the score 7 to 6 in their favor. The home team batted Cicotte off the rubber in the ninth inning. Wood, who succeeded him, pitched to only one batsman, Collins sending in two runs with a single to right field. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hartsel, lf.	5	1	1	2	0
Oldring, cf.	5	1	3	2	1
Collins, 2b.	5	0	2	2	1
Baker, 3b.	4	0	0	5	2
Davis, 1b.	4	1	1	12	0
Murphy, rf.	4	2	3	1	1
Barry, ss.	3	0	2	0	2
Thomas, c.	3	0	1	3	2
Plank, p.	3	0	0	0	0
†Houser	1	1	0	0	0
‡Lapp	1	1	1	0	0
Total.	38	7	14	27	16

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
French, 2b.	5	1	0	1	2
Lord, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
Speaker, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Hooper, rf.	4	2	2	1	0
Stahl, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Wagner, ss.	3	2	1	5	2
Lewis, lf.	4	1	1	3	0
Carrigan, c.	3	0	1	4	2
Cicotte, p.	3	0	0	1	4
Wood, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	6	6*	26	11

*Two out when winning run was scored.
†Batted for Thomas in the ninth inning.
‡Batted for Plank in the ninth inning.
Errors—Wagner, Cicotte, 2; Hartsel, Davis, Barry.

Boston	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	—6
Philadelphia	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	—7

Two-base hits—Oldring, 2; Murphy. Three-base hit—Lewis. Hits—Off Cicotte, 13 in 8 2-3 innings; off Wood, 1 (pitched to one batsman.) Sacrifice fly—Carrigan. Sacrifice hits—Stahl, Cicotte. Stolen bases—Oldring, Wagner. Double play—Wagner and French. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Cicotte, 1; off Plank, 2. First base on errors—Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Cicotte, 3; by Plank, 3. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

Browns Downed Again by Nops.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—Cleveland made it three straight to-day by defeating St. Louis 2 to 1 in eleven innings. A base on balls to Lajoie, a single by Lord, and Easterly's double brought in the winning run. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stone, lf.	2	0	1	0	0
Schw'zer, lf.	3	0	0	0	1
Fisher, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Wallace, 3b.	5	0	0	4	2
Griggs, 2b.	4	0	0	2	3
O'Leary, ss.	4	0	1	6	4
H'fman, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
Abstein, 1b.	4	0	0	12	2
Stephens, c.	4	0	1	5	1
Strem'll, p.	3	1	0	1	8
*Criss	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	35	1	3	33	21

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, cf.	5	0	1	3	0
Krueger, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
Turner, ss.	4	0	1	1	3
Lajoie, 2b.	1	1	1	2	4
Stovall, 1b.	4	0	1	14	0
East'ly, c.	4	0	1	5	1
Lord, rf.	5	0	2	3	0
B'dley, 3b.	4	0	0	2	2
Linke, p.	5	1	1	0	2
Total.	36	2	9	33	12

*Batted for Fisher in the eleventh inning.
Errors—Fisher, Abstein.

St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Lord, (2.) Three-base hits—Stone, Graney, Krueger. Sacrifice hits—Easterly, Lajoie, Krueger, Stovall. Double play—Hartzell and Abstein. Stolen bases—Hoffman, Bradley. Wild pitches—Stremmell, 2. Base on balls—Off Stremmell, 5; off Linke, 4. Struck out—By Stremmell, 5; by Linke, 3. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Cleveland, 10. Time of game—Two hours and one minute. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and O'Loughlin.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

New York.....3	Cleveland 2
Washington .....2 (10 innings.)	St. Louis .....1 (11 innings.)
Philadelphia 7	Detroit at Chicago —ain.
Boston 6	

National League.

New York.....6	Philadelphia 0
Brooklyn 0	Boston 8
Cincinnati 9	Pittsburg 5
St. Louis.....4	Chicago 2

Eastern League.

Newark 5	Rochester 7
Toronto .....4 (11 innings.)	Jersey City.....1
Providence 6	Baltimore 8
Buffalo 2	Montreal 2

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

American League.

Washington at New York.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at St. Louis.
Detroit at Chicago.
—Rain.

National League.

New York at Brooklyn.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Chicago at Pittsburg.

Eastern League.

Montreal at Baltimore.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	8	5	.615	Boston	7	7	.500
Philadelphia	7	4	.636	Chicago	5	5	.500
New York	6	4	.600	Washington	5	10	.333
Cleveland	8	6	.571	St. Louis	3	8	.273

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	10	3	.769	Cincinnati	5	6	.455
Pittsburg	8	3	.727	Boston	4	9	.307
Phila'phia	8	4	.667	St. Louis	4	10	.286
Chicago	7	5	.583	Brooklyn	4	10	.286

Eastern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	10	1	.909	Providence	5	3	.455
Buffalo	7	4	.636	Rochester	4	6	.400
Baltimore	6	5	.545	Jersey City	3	7	.300
Toronto	5	6	.455	Montreal	3	8	.273

CHICAGO CLUB FINED $200.

But National Commission Suspends Payment of Penalty.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—The last proceeding in the Kling case was taken by the National Baseball Commission to-day when a fine of $200 was assessed against the Chicago National League Club and payment thereof suspended. The penalty was inflicted because the club, in violation of Rule 47 of the commission, tendered the player a contract before he had been restored to good standing. This fine was suspended because the club, while acknowledging its guilt, showed that the rule had been violated to protect its own interests and that there had been no intention of deceiving the commission.

The club was cited to show cause why it should not be fined when the catcher was restored to baseball's official family. President Murphy gave as his excuse for transgressing the rule the fact that he wished to retain his club's rights to the player's services and that the commission had due notice of his action.

"This contention on the part of the Chicago Club is correct," says the finding promulgated to-day.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Newark.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto ...1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 0—4	8	3	
Newark ...0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—5	7	0	

Batteries—Newton and Vandergrift; Kleber and Crisp. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Hurst.

At Jersey City.

	R.	H.	E.
Rochester .....5 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—7	7	1	
Jersey City.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1	2	3	

Batteries—Ragon and Starnagle; Bailey, Ferry, and Spahr. Umpires—Messrs. Boyle and Kelly.

At Providence.

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2	6	2	
Providence .....0 1 0 1 1 1 2 0 *—6	11	1	

Batteries—Carmichael, McAllister, and Woods; Sline and Fitzgerald. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Halligan.

At Baltimore.

	R.	H.	E.
Montreal .....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2	9	2	
Baltimore .....0 6 0 0 2 0 0 0 *—8	6	2	

Batteries—Wiggs and Bridges, Malloy and Byers. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Stafford.

New England League.

Lowell, 9; Haverhill, 4.
Lynn, 3; Lawrence, 0.
New Bedford, 10; Fall River, 4.
Worcester, 3; Brockton, 0.

Southern League.

Nashville, 6; Memphis, 4.
Montgomery, 7; New Orleans, 3.
Mobile, 4; Birmingham, 2.
Chattanooga, 5; Atlanta, 4.

Connecticut League.

Northampton, 6; Holyoke, 5.
Hartford, 4; New Britain, 3.

American Association.

Columbus, 9; Louisville, 6.
Indianapolis, 4; Toledo, 2.

Scores of Other Games.

At Hanover, N. H.—Vermont, 3; Dartmouth, 2.
At New Haven—Yale Freshmen, 2; Worcester Academy, 2.
At Pawling, N. Y.—Pawling School, 7; Taft School, 0.
At Clinton, N. Y.—St. Lawrence University, 13; Hamilton College, 11.
At Washington—Georgetown, 5; Virginia, 2.
At Lewiston, Me.—Bates, 7; New Hampshire State, 1.
At Columbia Oval—De La Salle, 4; Trinity, 3.

Some Persons

feel bright and ambitious a part of the day; and then listless and dull.

Most of these people are coffee-drinkers. They can not account for their whimsical moods and don't realize they are doing anything to cause them. But take a look at the case in the light of science as applied to physiology.

Ever study the way coffee acts on the brain and nervous system?

"*Caffeine,*" says a scientist, "is a drug found in coffee and tea and is classed among the habit-forming drugs, like whiskey, morphine, cocaine, etc.

"It acts as a so-called heart stimulant **first**—but the reaction later shows that it is in reality a paralyzant—weakens the nerves and partially paralyzes them.

"*Caffeine* causes a short period of excitement of the nervous system—a delusory effect.

"But

THE TURK WON IN HARD-FOUGHT RACE

Heno Colt Takes Williamsburg Stakes at Aqueduct Under a Long Drive.

The racing at the Aqueduct track yesterday approached close to the doldrums. The fields were light and the quality of the horses engaged was distinctly moderate. Under the offer of the programme, the bleak weather, and the cold wind that blew through the stand, the patronage was surprisingly good, for the crowd reached the average of the meeting, and the club boxes made an excellent showing.

The track was at its best of the Spring and helped the Western horse Polls to a really striking performance when he ran away from his field in the mile handicap and won off by himself in 1:38, time that equaled the track record, made six years ago by Orthodox under vastly more favorable conditions.

A more spectacular triumph, and one that vastly pleased the crowd, however, was when The Turk came home first, after a long, hard-fought finish for the Williamsburg Stakes, six furlongs, for three-year-olds. The Turk last year proved that all the produce of Heno are fast, and the doubt about The Turk was whether he had courage. W. S. Fanshawe, owner of the Silverbrook Farm, the same stable for which the colt races, was a visitor, with his wife and guests, and was the most pleased spectator of the race when the colt wore down his field and in gallant style got to the winning post first, with most of his opponents staggering and stopping behind him. The contender at the end was James R. Keene's Grasmere, a colt that won some important stakes last season and that raced with the best.

Kormak, coming on with a rush at the finish, cleverly won the second race, two lengths from the favorite, Carbineer, and Pluvious simply romped in for another two-year-old race, winning in a canter by ten lengths. Stafford, out in front, easily won the purse for maidens from a poor field.

The Stewards of The Jockey Club, on notification that the charge against Jockey Harold Shilling, who in a stable altercation at Sheepshead Bay slightly cut R. L. Thomas, formerly his employer, with a pocket knife, had been dismissed in court, promptly took action on the suspension of Shilling's license, which had been suspended while the charge of assault was pending. It was announced that Shilling's license was restored to him and that he will be at liberty to ride to-day. Shilling is under engagement to the big stable of S. C. Hildreth, and last season and in the Winter was one of the most successful jockeys in the East. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

C. R. Fleischmann's Toney Benero, br. h., 6, by Sain-America, 104, (G. Garner,) 1 to 3 and out 1¹½
C. R. Jones's Silver Knight, b. g., 4, 108, (Vesper,) 8 to 1 and 8 to 5 2
H. G. Bedwell's Nadzu, ch. g., 6, 108, (Taplin,) 10 to 1 and 5 to 2 3
Font, 107, (Griffin,) 7 to 1, and O Em, 89, (Moore,) 10 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:46 3-5.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, purse for three-year-olds and upward; one mile.

R. L. Thomas's Polls, b. c., 3, by Voter-Picayune II., 102, (Taplin,) even and 1 to 5 1
W. P. Schulte's Zienap, b. m., aged, 97, (Glass,) 9 to 5 and 1 to 3 ..... 2½
R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Falcada, ch. g., 5, 101, (Creevy,) 10 to 1 and 5 to 2 3
Montgomery, 108, (McGee,) 6 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:38.

THIRD RACE.—Purse, for two-year-olds, selling allowances; five furlongs.

G. W. Berry's Kormak, b. c., by Puryear D.-Chiffie, 107, (Gross,) 9 to 2 and 7 to 5 1
R. F. Carman's Carbineer, ch. c., 99, (Langan,) 8 to 5 and 1 to 2 2
Oneck Stable's Golden, ch. g., 104, (Taplin,) 11 to 5 and 7 to 10 3
Pennyroyal, 96, (G. Garner,) 7 to 2, and Ringmaster, 107, (McGee,) 50 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:01 1-5.

FOURTH RACE.—The Williamsburg Stakes of $1,500, for three-year-olds, special weights, with allowances; six furlongs.

Silverbrook Farm's The Turk, br. c., by Heno-Gracella, 108, (McGee,) 1 to 2 and out 1½
James R. Keene's Grasmere, ch. c., 112, (Butwell,) 4 to 1 and even 2½
Quincy Stable's Everett, ch. c., 105, (Warren,) 5 to 1 and 7 to 10 3
Sandrian, 102, (G. Garner,) 5 to 1, and King Olympian, 100, (Taplin,) 30 to 1, also ran. Sandrian and Everette coupled as Quincy Stable entry. Won handily. Time—1:12 4-5.

FIFTH RACE.—Purse, for maidens, three years old and upward, special weights, selling allowances; six and a half furlongs.

P. T. Chinn's Stafford, b. g., 4, by Kilkerran-Wainamoinen, 94, (G. Garner,) 5 to 2 and 7 to 10 1
A. Garson's Toniata, br. g., 5, 105, (McGee,) 10 to 1 and 2 to 1 2
H. G. Bedwell's Bryce, ch. g., 4, 102, (Taplin,) 11 to 5 and 3 to 5 3
Brighton, 96, (Ural,) 7 to 5, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:21.

SIXTH RACE.—Purse; for two-year-olds; special weights, with allowances; four and a half furlongs.

T. W. O'Brien's Pluvious, ch. c., by Inflexible-Tenebrae, 105, (Glass,) 15 to 20 and out 1
James MacManus's Star O'Ryan, ch. c., 102, (Archibald,) 4 to 1 and 1 to 1 2
Newcastle Stable's Danger Mark, b. c., 105, (G. Garner,) 13 to 5 and 1 to 2 3
Feather Duster, 102, (Taplin,) 30 to 1, and Telegram, 102, (Doyle,) 15 to 1, also ran. Won in a gallup, pulling up. Time—0:54 1-5.

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; six furlongs.

	Pounds.		Pounds.
Blue Crest	110	Rialto	108
*Jeanne D'Arc	110	Myles O'Connell	108
*Horizon	99		

SECOND RACE.—Purse, for mares three years old and upward; selling allowances; seven furlongs.

Nod	110	*Responsful	92
*Jeanne d'Arc	104	*Killiecrankie	103
*Imitator	106	Sensible	108
Dolly Bultman	108	*Ethel Day	104

THIRD RACE.—Handicap; purse, for three-two-year-olds; selling allowances; four and a half furlongs.

Jack Parker	107	Also eligible:	
Campeon	97	King James	129
Metaphor III.	90	Dalmatian	103
Beaucoup	108	Suffragist	95
Sea Cliff	99	Restigouche	120
Casque	98	Rose Queen	105

FOURTH RACE.—The Suffolk Stakes, for three-year-olds; selling allowances; four and a half furlongs.

Kormak	102	Edda	99
Agawam	103	Altamaha	106
Miss Nett	99	Ladasette	94
*Moncrief	104	Tula	105
*Whin	94	Peccavi	109
Susan	104	Startler	99
Miss Jonah	102	*White Wool	93
*Carbineer			

FIFTH RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; $400 added; one mile.

Dandelion	107	Berkeley	117
Belleview	104	The Peer	103
Golden Shore	103	*Banbury	100
*Rustem	85	Ed Ball	111
Queen Marguerite	113		

SIXTH RACE.—Purse, for maiden fillies and geldings two years old; special weights; four and a half furlongs.

Dolphin	108	Fantasque	108
Love Cure	108	Miss Nett	108
Pickaninny	108	Leah	108
Blanche Frances	108	Busy Miss	108
Ortara	108	Hattie K.	108
Stalwart Lad	108	Maxa	108
Nightfall	108	Jersey Man	108

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

NO MATCH FOR SULLIVAN.

Madden's Protege Taken Out of Marathon Ring in Fifth Round.

Al Benedict, Billy Madden's young heavyweight discovery, was no match for Jack (Twin) Sullivan at the Marathon Athletic Club, in Brooklyn, last night. For five rounds Sullivan toyed with the novice, and by that time it was so evident that Benedict was no match for Sullivan that Madden called Benedict from the ring. Sullivan was decidedly outweighed, but it will be some time before Benedict acquires as much ring knowledge as the Cambridge fighter. He hit Benedict any time he was pleased to do so, and had no trouble in blocking the youngster's attack. At almost any time after the first round it looked as if Sullivan could have put the heavyweight find away if he liked, but he did not take advantage of the inexperienced boxer, and was lenient with him when it was time for a telling and effective wallop. Benedict is a well-built, rugged youth, and Madden believes that he will develop into a good heavyweight. He has a lot to learn about boxing, however, first.

Sullivan forced Benedict to the ropes several times with right and left leads, and played stiff jabs to the body at will. After the third round Benedict was noticeably tired. He came from his corner in the fifth very weary, and after Sullivan cleverly blocked a few of his swings he jabbed him on the jaw and body until Benedict had to cover up to save himself. Benedict was so played out at this point that he was only too willing to quit.

There was a lively semi-wind-up between Young Terry and Eddie Mack. They went the six-round limit, and Mack's cleverness was too much for the rugged scrapper from New Orleans.

Vanderbilt's Defender In Front.

PARIS, May 2.—In the racing at St. Cloud to-day the Prix de la Passerelle, of $700, distance one mile four and a half furlongs, was won by W. K. Vanderbilt's Defender. Petropolis III., owned by J. E. Widener, ran third in the Prix des Peupleurs, of $800, for three-year-olds, distance seven furlongs.

JEFFRIES MAKES BOB ARMSTRONG CLINCH

Jim Regaining Speed Rapidly and His Blows Have "Steam" Behind Them.

Special to The New York Times.

BEN LOMOND, Cal., May 2.—When Rowardennan was crowded with visitors yesterday Jeffries refused to do any boxing and limited his exercise to rowing on San Lorenzo River. Scores of visitors from San Francisco and Santa Cruz, who came down in autos, departed disappointed. This morning, when the "gym" was deserted, Jeff gave the best boxing exhibition he has yet given. He sparred four fast rounds with Bob Armstrong and he did not temper his blows as he did last week. He tore into the big negro as though he were engaged in a real fight and had Armstrong clinching and running. He landed several powerful half-arm jolts with his right, which shook up Armstrong and made him glad when the rounds were over.

The boxing was interesting as it showed Jeff is losing his stiffness and is rapidly getting supple. The way he followed Armstrong around the ring and jabbed him with vicious punches showed his wind was all right.

Early this morning he covered ten miles of road work with Farmer Burns, and then cut down some redwood trees. Bag punching, shadow boxing, and handball rounded out the morning's work, which was the most strenuous since he came here. In the afternoon Jeff rowed on the river and played baseball.

To-morrow evening Jeff will leave for San Francisco, where he will meet his wife and bring her back. She had an operation performed at Oakland Hospital and Jeff has been in good spirits for two days because she telephoned that the doctors will let her go out Wednesday.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 2.—To-day Tex Rickard and Jack Gleason deposited $30,000 in gold in the Metropolis National Bank, and to-morrow a certificate for this amount will be sent to Tim Sullivan of New York, the stakeholder. This is the second payment under contract.

Neither Rickard nor Berger believes that any difficulty will be found on Wednesday in selecting a referee. If it should be found impossible to agree on a man there may be a postponement, if both parties are willing. Jack Welsh of San Francisco will probably be chosen.

There was nothing doing to-day at Jack Johnson's headquarters at Seal Rock House, and the big champion put in his time superintending the completion of the arena where he will box and in taking auto rides. Whether he will begin boxing on Thursday is uncertain, but he says when he once starts in fans may count on seeing some lively sparring every other day.

Jack says he wants to get all ambitious heavyweights to come up against him so he can try them out. He prefers men whose style he is not familiar with, as this would give him better practice.

The Presbyterian Ministerial Union of San Francisco to-day adopted a resolution calling on churches throughout the country to join a concerted protest against the Jeffries-Johnson fight. The protest will be laid before the General Assembly in New York this month.

Harlem Regatta Committee Meets.

The Regatta Committee of the Harlem Regatta Association met last night at the West End Cafe on 125th Street. There was a good attendance, most of the clubs on the Harlem River being represented. The time for receiving entries for the Memorial Day event was extended from May 20 to May 23, and this will give many clubs an opportunity of making entries at the last moment. The regatta at Philadelphia on May 21 will decide what Philadelphia crews will enter, and continuing the date beyond this event will no doubt tend to increase the entries. It was estimated last evening that the entries at the present time number over forty, and this is taken as an indication that the full entry list will be larger than last year. Plans for furnishing launches for the officials were also discussed, and it is expected that the arrangement now being planned will be an improvement over other years. The next meeting will be held on May 24, when the entries will be opened.

BIG TURNOUT FOR "CORBETT."

Benefit Show Makes $3,700 for the Conqueror of Terry McGovern.

The testimonial benefit tendered to Young Corbett at the Fairmont Athletic Club last night proved a success, although it did not come quite up to the expectations of the management. The gate receipts amounted to about $3,700. The occasion brought together a large aggregation of theatrical folk, and probably the biggest gathering of ring officials, managers, and fighters ever gathered under one roof.

The night's programme opened with a series of three-round contests. The first brought together "Sailor" Stevens and George Koll, with the famous ex-champion heavyweight James J. Corbett as referee. Upon entering the ring Corbett was called upon by the entire house for a speech. "Gentleman Jim" told the audience that all he could say to interest them was that he would leave for the Coast in a short while to join the training camp of Jeffries and try to teach the man who gave him two beatings some of the finer points of the game.

The next bout was between the old-timer Mike Donovan and Dave Sullivan, the third man in the ring on this occasion being the amateur heavyweight champion William Warren Barbour.

A number of bouts followed in rapid succession, and they kept the spectators on the go, many being fast and furious.

Tom Sharkey officiated in a wrestling bout, and was also called upon for a speech. The ex-sailor said he was not prepared to make a speech on such an occasion, but could say this much, "I will be on the ground the day of the big fight, and neither of the two contestants has anything on me."

Joe Humphreys auctioned a number of framed cartoons by well-known artists, the subjects being some famous pubilists. The bidding started in most cases at $10, and in one case was run up to $125. The picture was finally knocked down to William Gibson for this sum. The next highest priced cartoon went to Stanley Ketchel for $100, others following at $75, $50, and $25, to Abe Attell, Jimmy Johnson, and Bob Vernon, respectively.

ELLIOTT LEAVES A. A. A.

Secretary of Association Accepts Position in Touring Club.

As the first step toward expanding the Touring Club of America into an international organization, Frank H. Elliott has been appointed Secretary. The selection comes as a surprise to the motoring world, as it was not generally known that Secretary Elliott contemplated severing his connection with the American Automobile Association, where for nearly four years he occupied the position of Secretary. Mr. Elliott handed in his resignation to the A. A. A. to take effect June 1. In the meantime he will attend to the secretarial work of the touring club.

The touring club found its home at 239 West Fifty-fourth Street inadequate and moved into more commodious quarters at Seventy-sixth Street and Broadway, where it will occupy two floors in the Jones Speedometer Building. The club has a membership of over 2,000, and more than 500 route maps are now ready for distribution.

Results of Billiard Matches.

In the final game of the annual Spring billiard tournament at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, Ike Mannes defeated Willis Thomsone by the score of 300 to 243. Mannes's high run was 85 and his average 5 85-53. Thomsone's high run was 81 and his average 4 31-53. By this victory Mannes wins the tournament and gets a diamond stickpin. Thomsone wins second prize, which is a pair of solid gold cuff buttons.

Columbia Routed in Lacrosse.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 2.—The Columbia lacrosse team was overwhelmed by Cornell this afternoon on Percy Field when the Ithacans defeated them by the score of 11 to 0.

Tennis Victory for Columbia.

Columbia defeated the College of the City of New York in a lawn tennis match yesterday afternoon by the score of 5 to 1.

Perfect proportion between chassis strength and engine power is essential to the perfect car. The "30" Locomobile has all the power you can ordinarily use, and an enormously strong chassis.

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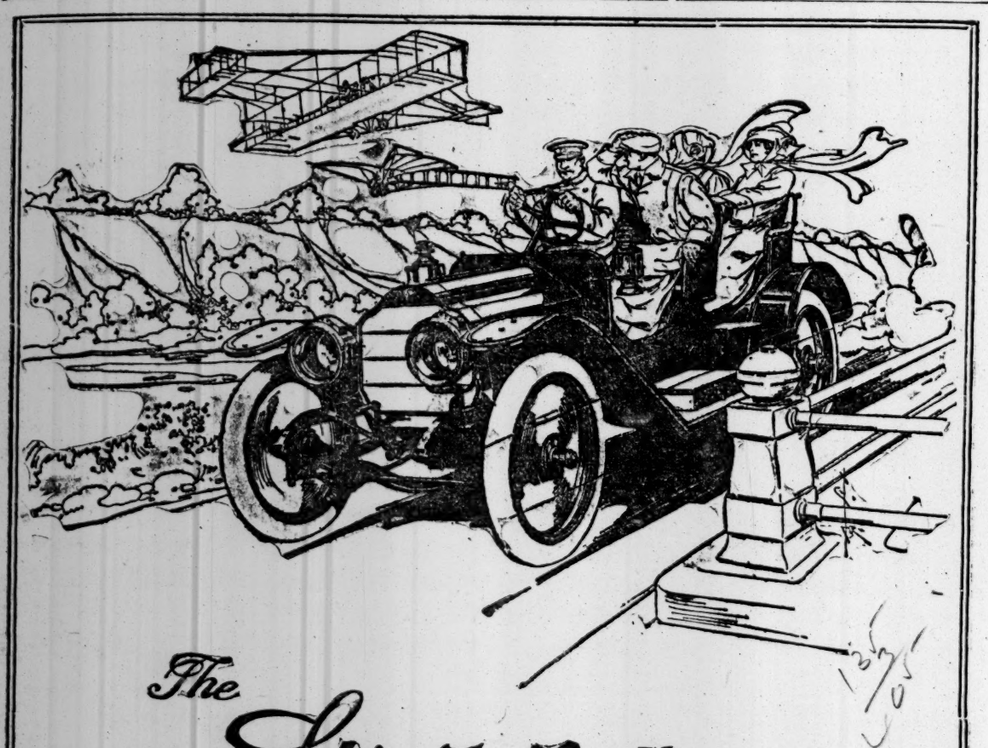

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WE ARE DISPOSING OF A SPECIAL LOT OF LATE MODEL HIGH-GRADE USED CARS OF STANDARD MAKES AT STARTLING REDUCTIONS.
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AMERICAN Roadster—Traveler—Tourist. American Automobile Co. 1720 B'way. Phone 275 Col.
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CROXTON KEETON Motor Co., 1663 B'way. Near 52d St. 'Phone 3530 Col.
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GROUT Touring-Tourabout-Runabout-$2,500, 40 H. P. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA IMPORT COMPANY, 1,823 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1908-1909 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.
LOZIER 66th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland CHAS. R. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. 'Phone 5130 Col.
MATHESON Matheson Automobile Co., 1,886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
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Automobile tires repaired; the best factory in America; guaranteed tires of all makes and desirable seconds always for sale. Rex Tire Co., 138 West 68th St., at Broadway. Telephone 4823—Col.

How about your gasoline motor? Does it run smoothly? If not, send 10c. postage for 50-page text book, "Carbureters and Engine Troubles." Dept. A., Breeze Carbureters, Newark, N. J.

Auto tires and tubes, new and second hand, all standard makes, cheap for cash. Safety Rubber Tire Co., 455 Dean St., corner Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 2585—Prospect.

SPLITDORF MAGNETO Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1679 Broadway.
TIRE BARGAINS All makes. Star Tire Co., 1,646 B'way, nr. 52d St.
Wm. R. Coleman, Tires and Supplies. Prices right. 1,409 Broadway, cor. 39th Street.

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Landaulet and limousine with competent drivers; per week, $125; per month, $500. J. Bernhart, 792 7th Av.; 'phone, Columbus—3530.
Automobiles for Hire.—Hayes, 241 West 107th St. Telephone 8310—Riverside.

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GRAMERCY COAL STABLES
234 EAST 20TH ST., BET. 2D AND 3D AVES.
40—HEAD OF HORSES—40
ranging in weight from 1,000 to 1,400; these horses are all just out of hard work; some are a little pavement sore, and some are a little thin; a few weeks in the country would add 100 per cent. to their purchase price; no reasonable offer refused.

If the warm days we've had make you hesitate to buy a new Derby, even when tempted by such Derbies as the "Stetson Special."

If you've not the nerve to put on a straw, though straws are ready.

It's a soft hat for yours, and it will be useful besides for rainy days all Summer long and for Fall.

Stetson soft hats—new supplies just here.
$3.50 to $8.

How about a crush "pocket hat" for travelling?

Everything men and boys wear.

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Three Broadway Stores
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USED RAINIER CARS
Thoroughly overhauled by the manufacturer; all worn parts replaced; guaranteed free of repairs 6 months. No other concern sells 2nd-hand cars on this basis. All are repainted, have new tops, full equipment, look like new. Included are:
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Ready for demonstration and immediate delivery.
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FOR SALE—BAKER ELECTRIC VICTORIA AND COUPE AUTOMOBILE; 28 CELLS, PERFECT CONDITION, GOOD AS NEW; GUARANTEED; COST $2,700; WILL SELL AT A FAIR PRICE ON ACCOUNT GOING TO EUROPE. INQUIRE KING COLLAR BUTTON CO., 530 BROADWAY.

Anglo-American Auto Tire Co.—We are moving to 854 Amsterdam Av. and while moving will sacrifice at any price our stock, which includes all makes and sizes of slightly used tires. 2,128 B'way. Tel. 2624—Columbus or 9078—Schuyler.

Will sell your automobile on 5 per cent. commission, with no charge for storage; chance to get one-third more than dealers will give; bring cars. Manhattan Storage Co., 834-840 West 44th St.

If you want a handsome, roomy car at a low price see my Sultan, 4-cyl. touring at $1,250; paint and upholstery like new; top and full equipment, including Prestolite, tank, and slip covers. Seen at 336 West 44th St.

For Sale.—Pierce-Arrow, 6-cylinder, 60 h. p. automobile, used about six months and is as good as new; demonstrations will be cheerfully given. A. H. Woods, 1,493 Broadway, New York.

Martini.—Seven-passenger, touring; completely equipped; first-class condition; cost $8,400 to import; price, $2,000. Geo. Loomis, Long Island Automobile Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.

1909 American Traveler, 60 h. p., very little used, for sale; demonstration given. Midwood Garage, 1,580 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn; telephone 141 Flatbush.

For Sale.—Overland Roadster, Model 24; extra shoe and tube; just out of paint shop; price, $500. J. C. Kellogg, 8 Harrison St., city, and Elizabeth, N. J.

For Sale.—Model N Ford runabout, 15 h. p. four-cylinder, top, and full lamp equipment; first $200 cash takes it. Address G. C. Barnes, Mountainville, N. Y.

Will sell cheap, 1907 35 h. p. Fiat, fully equipped; first-class condition; cost $3,000. Grand Avenue Garage, 826-830 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

Four-cylinder, 1907 model 4-passenger car for sale cheap; no reasonable offer refused. M. Samuels, 505 5th Av.; telephone 6890—Murray Hill.

Darracq touring; a snappy car, little used; color dark carmine; 4-cyl. and fully equipped; price, $950. At 838 West 44th St.

Mitchell 4-cyl. touring car; as I must sell at once will sacrifice for $850; bargain. 834 West 44th St.

Hotchkiss Landauelette, suitable for town car or taxicab; quick buyer can secure bargain at Garage, 20 West 60th St.

1910 Chalmers-Detroit "40" just delivered, fully equipped; seven-passenger; owner going to Europe; will sell. H 114 Times.

1910 covered business wagon, practically new, suitable for light delivery, at a bargain price. Hotchkiss Import Co., 20 West 60th St.

Welch Landauelette, 1909 model, 6-cylinder, 60 h. p., in splendid order; bargain to quick buyer. Hotchkiss Import Co., 20 West 60th St.

National Used Car Bargains.—Thoroughly overhauled and guaranteed. Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 Broadway.

Hotchkiss touring car, 4-cylinder, 30 H. P., in fine condition; at sacrifice. Call Garage, 20 West 60th St.

LIMOUSINE BODY; SEATS SEVEN; FLANDRAU MAKE; FOR SALE CHEAP. L. M. ROSENBERG, 596 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

40 H. P. Fiat, 1907 model; seven passenger; top and fully equipped; thoroughly overhauled; $2,000. Mattice, 1,926 Broadway.

Peerless "30"; excellent condition; good car for rental purposes; cheap. Hudson, 247 West 47th St.

Pope-Hartford touring, 1908; top, magneto, other extras; demonstration. Hudson-Fulton, 247 West 47th St.

Reo, 1908, roadster; double rumble; everything like new; bargain. Hudson-Fulton, 247 West 47th St.

Stevens-Duryea limousine; beautiful town or station car; excellent condition. Hudson, 247 West 47th St.

Thomas Flyer, 60 horse power; seven-passenger; full equipment; bargain price. 247 West 47th St.

1909 Buick, "17"; top, magneto, front; almost new; sacrifice price. Hudson, 247 West 47th St.

1910 Peerless touring car, top, glass front, speedometer, two extra tires, &c.; must sell to settle an estate. H 95 Times.

Packard body, close coupled, 1909, top, slip covers; perfect; $400. Wildosa, 854 West 50th.

Stevens-Duryea Big Six; bargain; easy terms; exchange real estate. Beals, 134 Leonard St.

Mitchell Runabout; slightly used; fully equipped. Inquire Garage, 52 West 67th St.

Thomas town car, late model, $1,450; fully equipped; like new. 834 West 44th St.

Mitchell Runabout; slightly used; fully equipped. Inquire Garage, 52 West 67th St.

Royal Tourist, 4-cyl., roomy touring car, $750; like new and fully equipped. 340 West 44th St.

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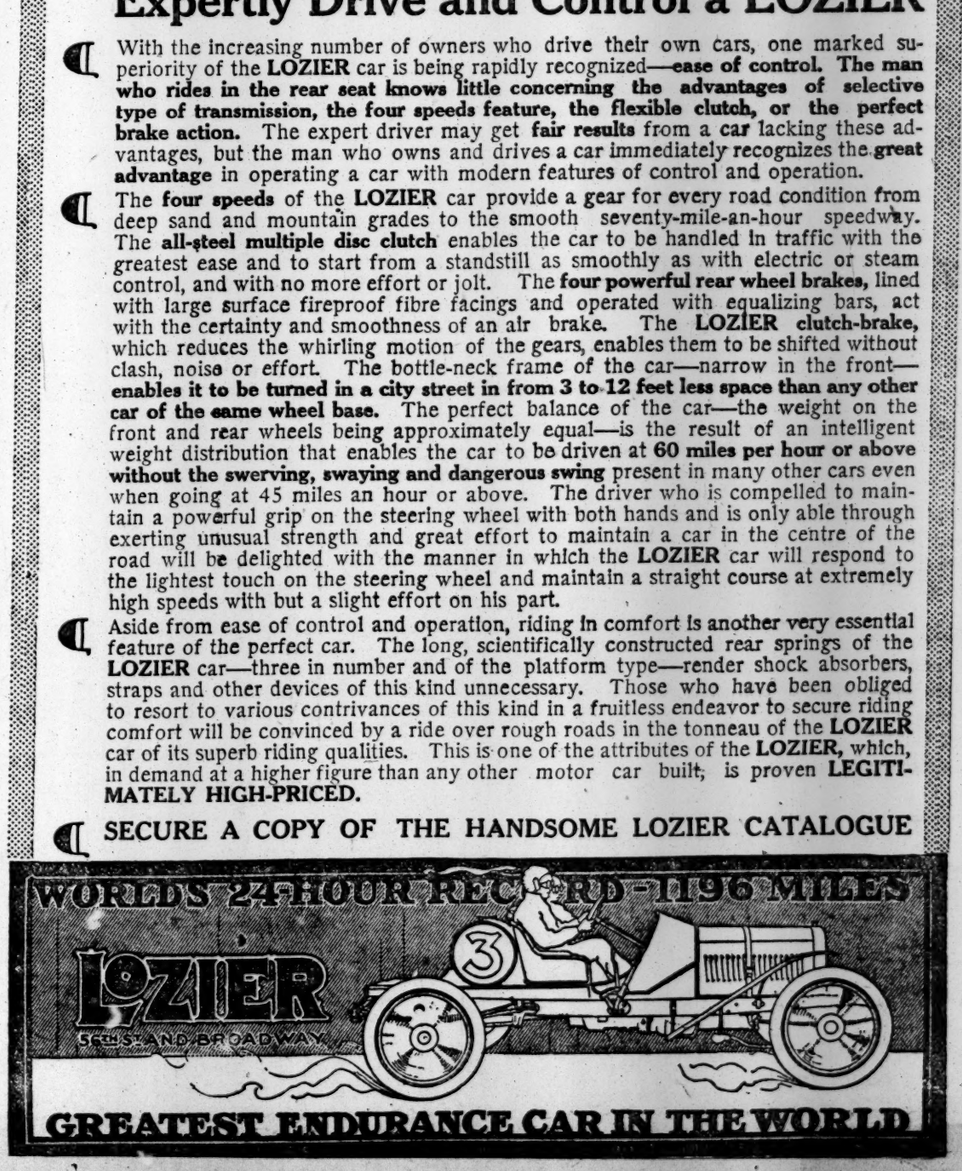
Racing at Aqueduct
Every Day—First Race at 2:30 P. M.
Race trains, with Parlor Cars, leave E. 34th St. 10:50 A. M., 12:30, 1:30, 1:50 P. M. Also Flatbush Ave. 11:10 A. M., 12:30, 1:08, 1:30, 2, 2:14 P. M.



Why it is Easy for Anyone to Learn to Expertly Drive and Control a LOZIER

¶ With the increasing number of owners who drive their own cars, one marked superiority of the LOZIER car is being rapidly recognized—**ease of control. The man who rides in the rear seat knows little concerning the advantages of selective type of transmission, the four speeds feature, the flexible clutch, or the perfect brake action.** The expert driver may get **fair results** from a car lacking these advantages, but the man who owns and drives a car immediately recognizes the **great advantage** in operating a car with modern features of control and operation.

¶ The **four speeds** of the **LOZIER** car provide a gear for every road condition from deep sand and mountain grades to the smooth seventy-mile-an-hour speedway. The **all-steel multiple disc clutch** enables the car to be handled in traffic with the greatest ease and to start from a standstill as smoothly as with electric or steam control, and with no more effort or jolt. The **four powerful rear wheel brakes,** lined with large surface fireproof fibre facings and operated with equalizing bars, act with the certainty and smoothness of an air brake. The **LOZIER clutch-brake,** which reduces the whirling motion of the gears, enables them to be shifted without clash, noise or effort. The bottle-neck frame of the car—narrow in the front—**enables it to be turned in a city street in from 3 to 12 feet less space than any other car of the same wheel base.** The perfect balance of the car—the weight on the front and rear wheels being approximately equal—is the result of an intelligent weight distribution that enables the car to be driven at **60 miles per hour or above without the swerving, swaying and dangerous swing** present in many other cars even when going at 45 miles an hour or above. The driver who is compelled to maintain a powerful grip on the steering wheel with both hands and is only able through exerting unusual strength and great effort to maintain a car in the centre of the road will be delighted with the manner in which the **LOZIER** car will respond to the lightest touch on the steering wheel and maintain a straight course at extremely high speeds with but a slight effort on his part.

¶ Aside from ease of control and operation, riding in comfort is another very essential feature of the perfect car. The long, scientifically constructed rear springs of the **LOZIER** car—three in number and of the platform type—render shock absorbers, straps and other devices of this kind unnecessary. Those who have been obliged to resort to various contrivances of this kind in a fruitless endeavor to secure riding comfort will be convinced by a ride over rough roads in the tonneau of the **LOZIER** car of its superb riding qualities. This is one of the attributes of the **LOZIER,** which, in demand at a higher figure than any other motor car built, is proven **LEGITIMATELY HIGH-PRICED.**

¶ SECURE A COPY OF THE HANDSOME LOZIER CATALOGUE

NEW WORLD'S TIMES IN DOMINCAN MEET

Irish-American Athletes Break Old Records for Two Ninety-Yard Events.

Two world's indoor records were established last night at the games of Dominican Lyceum held in the Seventh Regiment Armory. In the 90-yard dash E. A. Frey of the Irish-American Athletic Club covered the stretch in 0:09 2-5, and in the three-legged event at the same distance W. J. Keating and William Slade of the Irish-American Athletic Club were clocked at 0:10 1-5. This is the first time that these distances have ever been run indoors, which makes them records of the brand new sort.

The 90-yard dash brought together a field of the best sprinters in the metropolitan district, with Keating, Frey, Archer, Rosenberger, Cloughen, Ellei, and Helland entered. Frey took the lead at the half-way point, and from then on held an advantage of about 2 feet, closely pressed by Keating at the finish, and Cloughen almost on even terms with the latter when the men flashed across the line.

In the three-legged event Keating and Slade had things about their own way. They jumped away at the start and were about two yards in front of Rosenberger and Pierce when the finish was reached.

The De La Salle Institute team won the one-mile High School relay after leading from the conclusion of the first relay to the finish. The summary:

880-Yard Run, Handicap, Open to Catholic Athletic League.—Won by John Yule, Loughlin Lyceum, (45 yards;) C. J. Baker, St. Ann's A. C., (34 yards,) second; J. McLoughlin, St. Gabriel's A. C., (45 yards,) third. Time—2:04 2-5.

Three-Quarter-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by R. L. Sanfad, unattached, (40 yards;) S. Aggen, Morris A. A., (60 yards,) second; E. A. Kelley, unattached, (52 yards,) third. Time—3:12 3-5.

75-Yard Dash, Handicap, Closed to Dominican Lceum.—Won by L. Cahill, (scratch;) E. Healey, (4 yards,) second; L. Elmer, (7 yards,) third. Time—0:08 3-5.

90-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by L. R. Murphy, St. Ann's A. C.; Robert Eller, Fordham University, second; J. J. Reynolds, Acorn A. C., (7 yards,) third. Time—0:09.

One Mile Medley Relay, Closed to Catholic Athletic League.—Won by Loughlin Lyceum, with Pinkerton, McCaffrey, Harris, and Buckley; Knights of St. Anthony, second, with Conlon, Miller, Holmes, and McLaughlin; Cathedral, third, with Richter, Barrett, Ureil, and Travers. Time—3:38 1-5.

One Mile Walk, Handicap.—Won by J. H. Duncan, Mohawk A. C., (160 yards;) A. Hunt, Pastime A. C., (110 yards,) second; A. Vollmeke, Pastime A. C., (scratch,) third. Time—7:39 4-5.

90-Yard Dash, (Special.)—Won by Edward A. Frey, Irish-American A. C.; William Keating, Irish-American A. C., second; Robert Cloughen, Irish-American A. C., third. Time—0:09 2-5, (new world's record.)

One Mile High School Relay.—Won by De La Salle Institute, with Scannell, Weenan, Scanlon, and Duffy; Poly Prep Institute, second, with singer, Chapman, Moffett, and Jones; Brooklyn College Prep., third, with McKean, McCarthy, McGreen, and H. McNulty. Time—3:45 3-5.

1,000-Yard Run, Handicap, Closed to Dominican Lyceum.—Won by J. Walsh, (65 yards;) E. Gilmore, (scratch,) second; J. Sheil, (57 yards,) third. Time—2:29.

Three-Legged Race.—Won by W. J. Kealing and William Slade; J. M. Rosenberger and Pierce, second; Ross and Nelson, third. Time—0:10 1-5.

300-Yard Run, Handicap, Closed to Catholic Athletic League.—Won by L. Schlosser, Jr., Loughlin Lyceum, (11 yards;) M. J. McLaughlin, Knights of St. Antony, (12 yards,) second; F. Gordon, Cathedral A. C., (13 yards,) third. Time—0:33 4-5.

300-Yard Handicap.—Won by H. Fullik, Clark House A. A., (14 yards;) T. Krug, West Side Y. M. C. A., (14 yards,) second; J. Fallon, West Side Y. M. C. A., (14 yards,) third. Time—0:33 2-5.

Two-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by M. Taub, Pastime A. C., (150 yards;) H. A. Furbank, unattached, (150 yards,) second; T. E. Nelson, Irish-American A. C., (80 yards,) third, Time—9:47 3-5.

Shifts on Yale's Nine.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 2.—Because of the Yale baseball team's ragged showing Saturday against Pennsylvania, Coach Lush to-day moved Capt. Logan from third base to shortstop, and placed Dick Merritt at third base. Badger will be tried again as catcher.

"Delicious"

COOK'S IMPERIAL EXTRA DRY CHAMPAGNE

Served Everywhere

SOLDIER ATHLETES "FIRED"

Col. Hotchkin Suspends Thirty-two of His Boys from Athletics.

Radical action in the case of the Twenty-second Regiment athletes who refused to compete in the Military Athletic League championships last month after Melvin W. Sheppard had been disqualified for using spikes came yesterday, when Col. Walter B. Hotchkin of the Twenty-second Regiment handed down a decision suspending in all thirty-two athletes for their participation in the general strike. The action, however, promises to be even more sweeping, for it is also recommended that the Athletic Committee of the Military Athletic League takes the same action, and if this is the case some of the most prominent athletes in this section will not be seen in competition this Summer. The A. A. U., according to its articles of agreement with the Military Athletic League, has to uphold any action which the M. A. L. may take. The athletes are all suspended for a year, with only one exception—that of McEntee, who has a suspension of six months allotted to him.

Some of the more prominent of those who come under the ban are Melvin W. Sheppard, Flood, Koch, Clark, and Mann, the crack walker of the Pastime A. C. The question which now occupies the minds of the athletes is whether the M. A. L. will follow the advice of Col. Hotchkin and suspend the athletes for the period that they are barred from representing the regiment. Opinion on the point varies, some of those who maintain that the suspension will not be made by the Athletic Committee pointing to the fact that the M. A. L. made such a poor showing in the Sheppard trial recently that it will not desire to get in any more hot water.

BROWN BEATS MOORE.

Bout at the Olympia A. C. Not Very Satisfactory.

"Knockout" Brown and Frankie Moore provided whatever excitement there was in the main ten-round bout at the Olympic Athletic Club last night. Whatever advantage accrued to either man at the finish of the ten sessions, for it was bound to go the limit with two such windmill fighters in the ring, was Brown's.

He landed oftener and harder and forced the pace throughout, with Moore, for some strange reason, well content to take things very easy and fight purely on the defensive. Occasionally Moore would cause Brown coming in with stiff left and right uppercuts that straightened him of the "knockout" sobriquet. But more often than not each would swing wildly around the other's neck and back.

Joe Farmer gave Joe Hurley a terrific beating in the six-round semi-final. The amount of punishment that Hurley took was really remarkable. It was certainly sufficient to have knocked out half a dozen less combative men. The fight was peculiar in that not once during the six rounds did Hurley land a clean blow, and yet the bout was not as one-sided as that situation would seem to indicate.

Put a Goodrich Tire on one rear wheel of your car; any other make of tire on the other wheel.

Don't let the tires stand in grease or oil. Keep them both fully inflated. Make a memorandum of your mileage.

In time both your rear wheels—and front ones too—will be equipped with

GOODRICH TIRES

"LOVE-40"

and the next point means the game. And it means *your* game if with any sort of ordinary play you are backed by the racket that *helps*.

The "L. & U." Patented Slotted Throat Racket—the lightest, strongest, and *fastest* racket made—adds to your touch exactly what the wrist lacks—*a slight flexibility.*

The best players say it's the best racket—$8 and less. We restring rackets—ask about the real and imitation gut.

And as to Golf tools—the "L. & U." Split Socket is the King of Clubs.

LEE & UNDERHILL
98 Chambers St., N. Y.

Write to-day for booklet or call. Free upon request.

OUT TO-DAY

Wright & Ditson's OFFICIAL LAWN TENNIS GUIDE

TRADE MARK

Ranking of Players, Championships and Open Tournaments throughout the United States and Canada. Photographs of the Champions, Rules of the Game and Dates for the Season.

Price, by Mail, 10 Cents

For sale by all dealers of Athletic Goods

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WRIGHT & DITSON
22 WARREN STREET
(Near Broadway)

AUTOMOBILISTS, ATTENTION!

We weld by electricity wrought and cast iron, steel and cast steel, copper and aluminum; frames, teeth on gears, cylinders, and aluminum casting a specialty; also shafts and fly wheels; best references. National Electric Welding Co., 181 Christopher St., New York City.

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CAMP EASTFORD, EASTFORD, CONN. BOYS.—Accessible from shore resorts, New York to Boston, trs'n or motor; beautiful lake, athletics, tutoring, matron; booklet. Rev. John Marvin, Oxford, Mass.

INSTRUCTION.

SUMMER CAMP FOR BOYS
Opens June 24. On Long Island Sound, 25 miles from N. Y. Out-of-door life. Thorough tutoring if desired. W. H. C. Lyiburn, Trinity School, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

FRENCH—GERMAN—SPANISH—ITALIAN.
The Language Phone Method,
807 Metropolis Building, New York.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M.-41 Park Row, N. Y.

Companions, Governesses, Kindergartners, Ladies' Maids furnished by Miss Jacobi's Educational Bureau, 29 West 34th St.

Musical.

Seger Musical Bureau. Vocal and instrumental Musis for all occasions. Also dramatic readers and professional entertainers. Special attention to out-of-town engagements. 237 West 142d. 'Phone 3057 Audubon.

Piano instruction; excellent method; 75c. trial lesson free. Miss Goetz, 207 East 65th St.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

SOHMER & CO., 315 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Corner 32d Str.
will sell a number of discontinued styles of pianos and player-pianos, also used pianos in excellent condition, and fully warranted, of their own and other well-known manufacture, at greatly reduced prices. Time Payments acceptable.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
5 West 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Mahogany upright piano; also some furniture; cheap. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

Great Sacrifice.—Elegant upright piano, like new; good maker. Stadie's, 270 Willis Av., 159th St.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1 time, 20c. 7 times, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

WHERE TO GO THIS SUMMER

"Long Island Resorts," a book containing information about the various resorts on the Ocean and Sound Shore and the Central section of Long Island, with location, capacity, attractions, and charges of the numerous hotels and boarding-houses, free upon application at Long Island R. R. city ticket offices, 263 Fifth Av., 120 B'way, 19 East 17th St., N. Y.; 336 Fulton St., B'klyn, or will be mailed on receipt of 6c. postage by the General Passenger Agent, 263 Fifth Ave., New York.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

HOTEL KAATERSKILL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
A Summer Outing Above the Clouds
Largest mountain hotel in the world. Table and service unexcelled. Garage; golf links, tennis, bowling, boating. Large orchestra.
Opens June 25th. Closes Sept. 15th.
Reservations of rooms can be made at 256 Fifth Ave., Room 716, New York.
Telephone 5466 Murray Hill.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Travel De Luxe—Fine Accommodations—Splendid Cuisine and Service.

PEOPLES LINE
NEW YORK AND ALBANY
Magnificent steamer ADIRONDACK or TROJAN leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily, Sundays included. Leave Albany daily (Sundays included) at 8 P. M.
ROUND TRIP $2.50
Direct rail connections at Albany and Troy for points North, East, and West; horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.

CITIZENS LINE
NEW YORK AND TROY
New steel steamer RENSSELAER leaves Pier 46, N. R., foot W. 10th St., at 6 P. M., Monday, Wednesday, Friday. Sunday steamer touches at Albany. Leaves Troy on alternate days at 7:30 P. M. Other days passengers can take Peoples Line at New York or Albany.
via both lines; 10 day limit.

THE POPULAR SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE.

All-The-Way-by-Water
Direct Between New York and
BOSTON
Metropolitan Line Express Triple-Screw Turbine Steel Steamships.
YALE and HARVARD

THE METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY is pleased to announce the resumption of passenger service by its direct All-the-Way-by-Water Route between New York and Boston on Monday, May 23d, 1910, when the Yale and Harvard will be placed in commission for the Season.

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Min'waska..May 14, 10:30 AM | Min'tonka..May 28
Min'polis..May 21, 9:30 AM | Mesaba..June 4

Red Star Line
Dover—Antwerp—Paris.
Finland.....May 7, 11 AM | Lapl'd (new) May 21
Vaderland..May 14, 11 AM | *Kr'pl'd (Tu.) May 31
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Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool.
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Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
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Sun rises..4:58 | Sun sets..6:57 | Moon rises..2:11

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:51	2:39	8:21	8:41
Governors Island	2:05	2:53	9:00	9:27
Hell Gate	3:55	4:43	10:35	11:02

Arrived—Monday, May 2.

U. S. battleship Michigan, Norfolk, May 1.
SS Arabic, Liverpool, April 25.
SS Hamburg, Naples, April 20.
SS Marina, Antwerp, April 19.
SS Hudson, Bordeaux, April 19.
SS Finland, Antwerp, April 23.
SS Philadelphia, San Juan, April 28.
SS Coppename, Trinidad, April 26.
SS Luisiana, Genoa, April 15.
SS Massilia, Marseilles, April 15.
SS Regina d'Italia, Naples, April 15.
SS Oceana, Naples, April 19.
SS Excelsior, Algiers.
SS Vigilancia, Tampico, April 22.
SS San Juan, San Juan, April 19.
SS Eddie, Cienfuegos, April 16.
SS Ancon, Cristobal, April 25.
SS Prins der Nederlanden, Curacao, April 18.
SS Lyra, Texas City, April 29.
SS Amelia, Port Antonio, April 27.
SS Cannaguey, Cienfuegos, April 27.
SS J. V. Luckenbach, San Juan, April 27.
SS Dorothy, Jacksonville, April 28.
SS Antilles, New Orleans, April 27.
SS Manna Hata, Baltimore, May 1.
SS Joseph J. Cuneo, Port Antonio, April 27.
SS Orotava, Bermuda, April 30.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kr. Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Corrientes, Bahia	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Guiana, Barbadoes	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
City of Macon, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Carmania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Adriatic, Southampton	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Pres. Grant, Hamburg	——	10:00 A.M.
Oceana, Naples	——	1:00 P.M.
Roma, Naples	——	——
Estonia, Rotterdam	——	12:00 M.
Taormina, Naples	——	10:00 A.M.
Orotava, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Maracas, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santiago, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
Hurst, Jacksonville	——	3:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa	——	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Geo. Washington, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Lorraine, Havre	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Batavia, Naples	——	9:00 P.M.
C. F. Tietgen, Copenhagen	——	2:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Byron, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
Altai, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Clement, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails at double postage rates are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Niagara, (Ger.)	Hamburg	April 17
United States	Christiansand	April 23
Tocantine	Barbados	April 24
Kaiser Wilhelm II	Bremen	April 26
Bremen	Bremen	April 23
Saratoga	Havana	April 30
Concho	Galveston	April 27
Prinz August Wilhelm	Colon	April 26
City of Atlanta	Savannah	April 30
Catalina	New Orleans	April 27
DUE TO-MORROW.		
New York City	Swansea	April 20
Prometheus	Rotterdam	April 20
Italia	Naples	April 19
Cuthbert	Barbados	April 26
Manuel Calvo	Havana	April 29
Francis	Galveston	April 28
El Cid	Galveston	April 29
DUE THURSDAY.		
Teutonic	Southampton	April 27
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	April 28
Mauretania	Liverpool	April 30
Caroline	Havre	April 28
Zealandia	Antwerp	April 21
Richmond	Lisbon	April 21
Ucayali	Barbados	April 27
Oceana

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1910.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month, Daily Edition, 50c per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

THE GIST OF THE QUESTION.

When the income tax amendment comes before the Assembly to-day there will undoubtedly be made an effort to rally to its support all the sentiment that has been aroused against the "trusts," "predatory wealth," "swollen fortunes," and so on down the list of alleged evils on which so large a political business has been carried on for the last eight years. How effective the appeal may be we cannot say, but we urge on the members of the Assembly their plain duty to disregard it and to turn their attention to the real question involved.

This is not whether the principle of an income tax is sound, but whether, even if the soundness of that principle be wholly assumed, the amendment actually proposed will secure its application. Until that question is definitely answered, it is pure nonsense to argue the merits of an income tax. The more thoroughly we may believe in an income tax, the more absurd it would be for us to give the assent of the State of New York to an amendment that may be declared void as soon as it reaches the Supreme Court. The amendment that has been sent to our Legislature by Congress is clearly open to that objection. The distinguished lawyer whom the President of the United States has chosen as the most conspicuously fit for the Supreme Court has had occasion, as Governor, to point out this fact. That does not commit him to the same view if the matter should come before the court after he takes his seat on the bench, but it is a very serious and significant indication of what may be expected.

It is not necessary to assume that the amendment will be found void. It is sufficient that there is grave doubt on that point. We may be perfectly sure that the question will be raised, that the tax will be contested, and that there will be a long and tedious period of litigation during which the business of the country will be in confusion. Surely the members of the Legislature do not desire that, and cannot justify themselves in exposing the country to such a prospect. Granted that an income tax is desirable, there is an old maxim in business that, no matter how tempting a bargain may appear, "it does not pay to buy into a lawsuit."

NO TRUSTS IN ENGLAND?

In his remarks to the Knife and Fork Club in Kansas City Ambassador BRYCE described the millennial condition of the United Kingdom regarding the trusts. England, we learn on this competent authority, has "no serious troubles" in the management of corporations. The Board of Trade supervises the railways "to the general satisfaction of the public." More surprising yet, in England "there are no trusts and no monopolies."

Since the Sherman anti-trust law is not law in England it is impossible that it can have organizations in violation of it. But while England cannot have trusts and monopolies in the American legal meaning of the words, it has the things in common with all civilized countries. Trade agreements are one of the signs of the passing of trade from an unorganized to an organized condition, that is, from a condition of "rough house" competition to disciplined warfare according to the rules of the game. In the former method "unfair" fighting is the rule, and no quarter is given. Bargains are plenty under such conditions, and employment is scarce. The conditions are equally bad for capital and labor, and both were heartily glad to get rid of our last experience of the kind. Neither capital nor labor is pressing for a return of the times of soup kitchens and receiverships, but it is being urged upon them by the professional friends of the people and enemies of wealth.

The reason why England, which has many organizations for the regulation of trade, has so little trouble with them, is that it controls them by a law approved by the experience from which it was evolved. The Sherman anti-trust law is a hasty enactment, and experience under it has not given it the sanction of approval by those subject to it. The reason for dissent from its provisions was set forth by Senator BAILEY in the Senate last week: "I cannot make a distinction between good and bad trusts," said the Senator, and accordingly he would subject all to the same regulation. The specific application of this universal prohibition and punishment by Senator BAILEY was to the railways. The attempt to prevent them from forming trade agreements has been diligently made, has failed, and ought to be abandoned in the opinion of both Presidents ROOSEVELT and TAFT. Yet Senator BAILEY so approves the universal inclusion of all trusts in the Sherman law that he would punish and restrict all good trusts lest some bad trusts may escape.

It used to be thought better that a thousand guilty should escape rather than one innocent man should be punished. We have reversed all that, and now we punish a thousand innocent or even good trusts, lest one, although of unproved guilt, should escape. It is the Sherman anti-trust law and its duplicates in many States which chiefly irritate the relations of the corporations with the administrators of the laws. Our trusts are no worse than the British syndicates, the German Cartells, and like bodies under different names in all nations where they give less trouble than here. How would it be here if we punished bad trusts by way of distinguishing them from the good trusts that are to be entitled to be let alone? Senator BAILEY might not be able to distinguish them, but a jury could after hearing the evidence regarding their conduct.

J. Q. A. WARD.

The death of "QUINCY" WARD, as his friends were in the habit of calling him, takes from American art, and from American life, a strong, original, and sound-minded man, who has rendered varied and great service. We think of him as characteristically American because his study as well as his work was all done in this country, and because the work was largely connected with the commemoration of our great men. American he certainly was, by ancestry, training, instinct, and adaptation to the conditions of our National existence. But the qualities in him that were essentially American would have made him a marked man in any community in which his lot had been cast.

Old as Mr. WARD was, and long as his career had been, no one can safely undertake to assign his place in art. But no one who has watched any considerable part of that career, or is familiar with its fruits, can reasonably question the high value of the service he rendered. He was courageous in the formation of his ideals, patient and faithful in the pursuit of them, and candidly and rigidly self-questioning in the development of them. The ideals were wholesome, elevated, simple. There was no pretension in the man any more than there was willingness to compromise with the sensational or the popular. He labored with infinite pains to perfect his work, and always with fresh and unwearying enthusiasm and enjoyment, keeping it vital and advancing to the end.

It has been said of him by critics of competence that his equestrian statues will prove his title to lasting fame more than his other creations. And certainly his horses are marvels of characterization. He knew and loved and lived with the noble animals as he did with his fellow-men, and, perhaps, with fewer temptations to criticise and distrust. He was an ardent rider as well as student, and he wrought into the splendid creatures he portrayed the penetrating sympathy of intimate acquaintance. But his knowledge of men, his cool and independent yet serious appreciation of their qualities of mind and soul and form made some of his statues deeply satisfying to his own generation and likely, so far as contemporaneous judgment can be trusted, to last. It would be strange indeed if the "Washington," with its lofty dignity, its pure calm, its air of modest, unconscious, but imposing authority, did not remain for our children's children the embodiment of the ideal citizen it commemorates.

THE MIDDLEMEN.

THE TIMES is informed by the Hon. J. M. LUPTON, who introduced Assembly Bill No. 2,146, that great discrepancies are known to exist between prices returned to farmers for their poultry, orchard, garden, dairy, and other products by the commission houses in this city, and the prices paid by consumers for these necessaries of life. Moreover, there is a widespread belief, "based upon a good many specific instances" of the fraud, that farmers do not receive the net returns upon their consignments to which they are entitled. They part with goods at points remote from their sale, over which important transaction they exercise no control. The middlemen are unlicensed, unbonded, irresponsible, rapacious.

Mr. LUPTON'S bill requires each commission merchant to obtain a license from the State Commissioner of Agriculture, with whom he shall file "a bond in the penal sum of $5,000" that he will make promptly full, just, and true accounts and returns to his consignors for agricultural foodstuffs received and sold by him. The Commissioner shall distribute daily to farmers throughout the State a bulletin containing the current prices of their commodities, together with collateral information and advice, and a bureau created for the purpose shall supervise the sales, reports, and returns.

This is a proper matter for State regulation. The bill, if enacted, would remedy a long-standing abuse, and the faithful enforcement of its provisions would stimulate the business of agriculture and would reduce the cost of living in this State.

WESTON'S WALK.

If WESTON were a young man instead of a septuagenarian his walk of 3,500 miles in 78 days from Santa Monica in California to the City Hall in Manhattan would be a wonderful feat. To drive a good horse 40 miles a day for so many consecutive days would be accounted cruelty to a dumb beast. It needs all a strong man's courage, determination, comprehension of his powers and limitations to keep at such a task.

WESTON is sure that if he had been thirty years younger he could have walked from ocean to ocean, under the climatic conditions he has just encountered, in 60 days instead of 78. He has done well enough as it is. How many men of 40 could do the same thing? How many of our football players and high jumpers could do it? To walk across a continent in all sorts of weather is a very different thing from using one's well-practiced muscles for an hour or so after a course of special training.

WESTON has again shown the endurance of which a human being of no extraordinary muscular development may be capable late in life. Probably many other men of 71 years are as strong and well preserved as WESTON. Few of them would care to attempt the feat he has just accomplished. He was received here yesterday with the honors due to a hero, and his walk from Spuyten Duyvil to the Mayor's office was a triumphal procession.

HATS AND THINGS.

In the Cercle at Aix les Bains they have lately instituted a new plan for abating the big hat nuisance. Women who persist in wearing their big hats at matinées must sit on one side of the house: "avec chapeaux" sit to the right; "sans chapeaux" to the left. It seems a good idea, and they say it works well. How the men are placed we have not learned. Doubtless every man would prefer to sit on the "sans chapeaux" side.

One thing is certain. New measures are needed all over that part of the world customarily called civilized to abate the big hat nuisance. The Spring hats favored by women who want to be thought fashionable are nuisances everywhere. They fairly block the streets, and they greatly increase the discomforts of travel in public conveyances.

Has it generally been noted that the Spring styles in feminine attire are more extravagant and unsightly than ever? What are we coming to? Shall we never see again a comely woman neatly and sensibly dressed? There is a kind of pseudo-antique bonnet some of the girls favor which is well calculated to make the prettiest one look a veritable fright. It must be true that the girls are not thinking of marriage as much as they used. The sight of them out of doors in their new Spring togs effectively turns the thoughts of young men away from matrimony, even in the Spring.

MISS WREN'S BILL.

Yesterday's Albany dispatches announced that Miss AMY WREN, who is a lawyer in Brooklyn, has drawn a bill introduced by Assemblyman GOODSPEED amending the inheritance law, "the object of which is to place men and women on equal terms." At present a man's will is not revoked by his subsequent marriage, but only in case a child is born, and either the wife or child survive him. Miss WREN would have his will revoked by his marriage, as a woman's will is revoked by her marriage.

The bill makes three other equalizations. Widow and widower shall have one-third of the life partner's estate in fee in case of intestacy, if there be children, and the whole of the whole estate if there be no children. Since the widowed husband may have the whole of the personal property of the intestate and childless wife, the widowed wife should have a reciprocal right, and the nephews and nieces shall have nothing. Instead of the intestate son's father inheriting everything, his mother shall have half his estate.

We will not cavil at the terms of this bill, though it might be argued that the general requirement that the male heads of families are responsible for their support has something to do with the seeming discrimination against wives and mothers in these cases of inheritance. It has been the practice of State Legislatures in recent years to give to women the benefit of the doubt when such bills have been presented. In fact, as Mrs. FRANCIS M. SCOTT recently showed in these columns, to make many actual discriminations against men and in favor of women because they are entitled to protection by society through the accident of sex. A copy of Miss WREN'S bill has not yet reached this office, but we suppose it contains a provision that a wife may not sell her estate without the consent of her husband, as she may now do; otherwise there is no real equality in the case of inheritance of the wife's estate when she dies intestate. In such case the man must have the wife's consent.

There are two more inequalities of the law as it relates to the sexes which might be considered. In case of a divorce, partial or absolute, obtained by the wife, the husband must pay her alimony, even if she should remarry, for the rest of her life. A wife from whom the husband has a divorce need not contribute to his support. If she be possessed of an independent fortune, as many divorced women are, why should she not do this—at least so as to reimburse him for his expenses in her behalf during their wedded life? The second case is a matter that urgently demands consideration. A woman engaged in business cannot be arrested, though men can be, in an action for a debt fraudulently contracted.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

They Fear It Just the Same.

Replying to one of our correspondents who asked wherein "malicious animal magnetism" and "the death thought," as known in Christian Science, differ from old-fashioned witchcraft, EUGENE R. COX, the official spokesman of Eddyism in this State, has sent us a curious letter. It begins by saying that the belief in these things has its sole basis in the conception of a power or force opposed to GOD, and that in that belief, therefore, Christian Science has no part. To the Christian Scientist, he adds, there is neither space nor opportunity for evil, and any other teaching is not Christian Science. Then follows this paragraph:

> Observe two persons in a lone spot at the hour "when graveyards yawn." One believes in ghosts and is in a tremor of fear; the other, more intelligent, walks calmly on. It is evident to him that it is the belief in ghosts and the fear of their power that so terrifies and distresses his companion. Like him the Christian Scientist, free from superstitious belief, is fearless when malicious animal magnetism is mentioned.

This creates a strong temptation to use short and ugly words, but it is perhaps enough to say that if Mr. COX is even fairly well informed as to the history and writings of Mrs. EDDY he knows that she, who is, we think, as well qualified as he to tell what Christian Science is and what Christian Scientists believe, has frequently, vehemently, and formally asserted, not only that "malicious animal magnetism" is a dreadful reality, but that her enemies and rivals, by using it, have inflicted prolonged and exquisite tortures upon herself. More than that, she actually carried into court the accusation that a wielder of this awful power had murdered one of her husbands by thinking arsenic into his body from a distance, and she felt much aggrieved when the Judge refused to entertain the charge.

That a belief in "M. A. M." and "death thoughts" is inconsistent with the fundamental contentions of Christian Science cannot be denied, but so are a thousand other things connected with the practice of the cult and the habits of its followers.

Evil of Athletics.

Harvard's new President undoubtedly pointed out the fundamental evil of athletics as they exist in many universities when he said that the intercollegiate contest of any sort should be the culmination of a general sport, pursued by a large body of undergraduates, and that the representative "teams" should not be, like the gladiators of old, groups of men trained to a special efficiency in activities in which few of the other students take any part except as spectators and contributors of money.

There are certain excellencies and superiorities which, for those with important duties and great opportunities, cost more than they are worth and are actually disgraceful if attained, though in themselves these excellencies and superiorities are innocent or even admirable. According to classic legend—or fable—a Greek King was reproved for lamenting his inability to play the lyre as well as a professional musician, and was told that it would be shameful if he could, since for him the attainment of such skill would mean the neglect of state affairs and royal obligations. He took the reproof in good part, and so should some college boys if they were told that their proficiency in this or that sport or game, instead of being a cause for legitimate pride, revealed a gross ignorance of relative values.

Most colleges, nowadays, condition membership in the teams on the maintenance of something more than average scholarship, but the ideas of ten and twenty years ago, that athletics are only for those who can rise to far more than average rank in them, is still far too prevalent among the undergraduates, with the result that the great majority of them are content to exercise only their lungs. The boys who play at all play too well—too well, that is, considering that they go to college for mental rather than physical training, and that the latter, when carried too far, is injurious, not beneficial, to the body.

The trained athlete is in a miserable condition for taking up the ordinary work of life, now that, for educated men, the ordinary work of life is largely sedentary. The muscles and heart that make great athletic victories possible are most dangerous possessions for the business or professional man who lacks the leisure or the inclination to continue his undergraduate activities, and, instead of bringing from college an accumulation of strength for future use, he is apt to find his hypertrophies soon changing into fatty degeneration, with all its weaknesses and perils. Competitive victories should be incidental to college athletics, not their end or aim.

Setting a Bad Example.

President TAFT is not to be blamed for liking to go fast when he is out in an automobile. Therein he only shows a trait common to such part of humanity as is privileged to use this most delightful—barring aeroplanes, perhaps—of vehicles yet invented by man. When, however, he goes immoderately fast, as he seems to have done in the outskirts of Pittsburg on Sunday, and as, according to report, he has often done before in other places, he sets a rather bad example for the people who lack his immunity from arrest.

Some day he may run over somebody in one of these wild rides, and the somebody will be as dead, and remain dead as long, as if it had not been the Presidential car that killed him. Such a mishap, to say the least of it, would be highly embarrassing to the amiable—and occasional—occupant of the White House, and, everything considered, he had better be careful in time than regretful when it is too late for regret to be of any use.

There is, however, another view that can be taken of Mr. TAFT'S fast running. He has done a lot of it, but always, presumably, with competent chauffeurs—and he has not had an accident yet. That can be taken as proving that speed is dangerous or safe, not by any fixed rule of miles per hour, but as it is made with or without discretion, in right or wrong places. We have ourselves always inclined to doubt the sense or efficacy of arbitrary speed limits, in or out of cities, and have tended to advocate in place of fixed rates a general rule holding the driver to stern responsibility for the results of his speed, whether it be great or small.

ROOSEVELT PRAISES GILDER.

Declares Richard Watson Gilder Fellowships a Fitting Tribute.

The Chairman of the Richard Watson Gilder Memorial Fund has received this letter from Col. Roosevelt:

Shepheard's Hotel,
Cairo, March 26, 1910.

Dear Mr. Fox: Like so many others I have mourned the loss of Richard Watson Gilder as one of the truest, stanchest, and most delightful of friends, and one of the best of citizens. He combined to a singular degree sweetness and courage, idealism and wholesome common sense. It may be truthfully said that he was an ideal citizen for such democracy as ours. He was a man of letters; he was a lover of his kind who worked in a practical fashion for the betterment of social and economic conditions, and he took keen and effective interest in our public life. No worthier American citizen has lived during our time.

The form that the proposed memorial is to take—the creation of a fund for the promotion of good citizenship—would, I believe, have been peculiarly acceptable to him. It seems to me the best of all possible ways in which to perpetuate the memory of the man who stood for what was truest and finest in our complex national life. Faithfully yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The income of the fund, which is to be known as the "Richard Watson Gilder Fund for the Promotion of Good Citizenship," is to be used for the endowment of "Gilder Fellowships" in Columbia University, and the holders will be required to devote themselves to the investigation and study of actual political and social conditions, in this country or abroad, and to practical civic work.

Among the sponsors of the fund are President Taft and Gov. Hughes. The amount of the fund is to be $100,000, about half of which has been subscribed already.

NEW SUFFRAGE SETTLEMENT.

Headquarters Will Be Opened Soon in East New York—First Meeting May 9.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont has organized a new Suffrage Settlement for Brooklyn. This settlement, which will be one of the outshoots of the Political Equality Association, has no headquarters as yet, but they will be opened soon, and that will be the last active work of that kind which will be done by the association before next Fall.

The settlement at 111 East Eighty-fourth Street has been successful, and the other settlements will follow along the same lines, except that they will be started in apartments on a single floor instead of in a whole house. The suffrage settlements started in apartments will have a new feature, movable partitions being installed which can be raised and lowered, as is done in schools, so that the whole place can be thrown into one room for big meetings.

Miss Estelle Fischoff is Superintendent of the East New York Branch, which will have its first meeting on May 8 at Metropolitan Saenger Hall, Pitkin Avenue, corner of Watkins Street, Brooklyn.

A musical suffrage reception is to be given by the Nineteenth Assembly District Branch of the Co-operative Equal Suffrage League at the Minnetonkah Club, 137 West 119th Street, Monday, May 9, at 8:30 P. M. May Preston Slosson, who has voted for three Presidents, and her husband, Edwin E. Slosson, editor of The Independent, will speak.

SUFFRAGE GAINS.

Less Chance for Growth of the Movement in This Country.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to thank you for your editorial article in yesterday's TIMES entitled, "Woman Suffrage Setback." Your unequivocal statement, that "Woman suffrage means a great deal more than votes for women," and that "It means a radical change in the present structure of society and the relation of the sexes," are some of the chief points in the arguments used by those of us who are opposing the extension of suffrage to women.

But we go a step further than you do, and are optimistic enough to believe that the more the principles underlying this whole question are studied and understood the less chance there is of woman suffrage making any further gains in this country. We regard it as more than a mere coincidence that the check to the spread of woman suffrage in this country began in the same year that an Association Opposed to the Extension of Suffrage to Women was organized in this State and in Massachusetts. In other words, the records show, that for fourteen years, or since 1896, when suffrage was given to the women of Idaho, the Suffragists have failed to make any significant legislative gain in any State, except in a few instances where school suffrage, or the right to vote on tax-paying propositions has been extended to them.

Woman suffrage may be gaining a foothold in the monarchical countries over the sea, where forms and conditions of suffrage are wholly different from ours, but here in our Republic it is not gaining as rapidly as its advocates would have us believe.

MISS ALICE HILL CHITTENDEN.
Brooklyn, April 30, 1910.

BLUE ROSES.

The Grower Is Not Altogether Pleased with the New Flower.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I find that a notice has appeared in THE TIMES regarding a "blue rose" in my greenhouses. I am entitled to neither credit nor distinction on that account.

I have been interested in rose growing for some years, and have raised stock for the New York market. Last Fall, in common with other rose growers in the country, I received a solicitation to buy plants of a "blue rose," which had been brought out in Germany.

I bought a few of the plants to try them, and have kept them in the greenhouse all Winter. They are now just coming into bloom.

I happened to mention the fact to a newspaper man of my acquaintance more as a matter that might interest him personally than with any view to publicity.

I must say that the result is somewhat disappointing. The plants are vigorous growers of the rambler type, and quite hardy. The flowers at first have a reddish purple shade, which passes soon to bluish which is not of a pleasing quality. Although not absolutely single, they are by no means what could be called "full petaled." ELWYN WALLER.
Morristown, N. J., April 30, 1910.

Ballots and Millinery.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An angry correspondent of THE TIMES intimates that women are too unmerciful to be trusted with a vote because they wear birds on their hats. The use of birds on hats is to be deplored, but are men in a position to throw stones? Every bird that is worn on a woman's hat was killed by a man. Not one woman in a hundred would wear plumage if she had to kill and skin the birds herself. All the actual slaughter and infliction of suffering is done by men for the sake of money. Then the victims, carefully cleansed of blood, are offered for sale to tempt women's vanity, and the women succumb. Of course, they ought not to succumb. But the destruction of the birds is due jointly to men's love of profits and women's love of prettiness. It is absurd for your correspondent to claim it as proof that women are more hardhearted than men and therefore unworthy of the ballot. ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.
Dorchester, Mass., April 30, 1910.

Presidential Tours.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The announcement that President Taft is starting on one of his perambulating trips brings up again the question of their propriety.

Is he not lowering the dignity of the Presidential office, which it is his duty not only to maintain, but to elevate if possible? This tour, we are informed, is to include a number of baseball games.

It is intimated that possibly there may be some remarks in support of what is now recognized as the National iniquity—the tariff.

Much better for the President to remain at home and look to the future—and not try to patch up the past. His post of duty is in Washington, and he should remain there.
New York, April 30, 1910. E. T. W.

COLUMBIA GETS $60,000.

Anonymous Gift of $30,000 Included—Changes in the Faculty.

More than $60,000 in gifts were announced at yesterday's meeting of the Columbia University Trustees. Of this $30,000 was contributed by an anonymous donor, to be expended under the direction of President Butler.

The children of the late Dr. Abraham Du Bois, 1855, P. and S., it was announced, gave $18,000 for a research fellowship at the Medical School, in memory of their father. On the twenty-fifth anniversary of their graduation the class of 1885, School of Mines, will remember the university with a gift of $10,000, to establish a fellowship under the Faculty of Applied Science.

Several appointments of importance were approved by the Trustees. Succeeding Prof. Ira H. Woolson, J. Paul Jones Williams, who has had several years' experience in practical engineering work, as well as a wide teaching experience, was appointed Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering.

Dean Putnam Lockwood, Greek instructor at Harvard, who becomes Assistant Professor of Classical Philology in Columbia College, has studied at Harvard, Munich, and Rome. From Princeton University, where he is now an Assistant Professor of Greek, La Rue Van Hook assumes at Barnard College an Assistant Professorship of Classical Philology. Prof. Van Hook was educated at the Universities of Michigan, Chicago, and Halle, and at the American School of Classical Studies at Athens.

The appointment of Walter Irvine Schlichter as Professor of Electrical Engineering was approved by the Trustees. Mr. Schlichter leaves the office of the General Electric Company at Schenectady, N. Y., to become a member of the Columbia Faculty.

Prof. Pellew's resignation, to take effect June 30, 1911, was accepted. Prof. Pellew has taught chemistry at Columbia for many years, his specialty being the use of dyes.

Plans for the new school of Philosophy were approved by the Trustees.

RAILROAD ROUND THE WORLD.

Harriman's Plans for One Stopped Only by His Death, Says a Friend.

The purchase from Thomas F. Ryan of a half interest in his holdings of Equitable Life stock by the late E. H. Harriman, whose acquisition of this half interest was not rumored even until J. P. Morgan undertook last year to acquire control of the Equitable Life's stock, is described in the May issue of The Metropolitan Magazine in an article entitled "Had Harriman Lived." The article, the editor of the magazine says, was written by a person closer to Mr. Harriman during the last years of his life than any one outside of the Harriman family.

The writer of the article says that at the time Mr. Morgan made the discovery of the ownership of a half interest in this stock by Mr. Harriman he learned also that Mr. Harriman had obtained practical control of the Guaranty Trust Company, which also has since passed into the hands of the Morgan interests.

Of the scope of Mr. Harriman's plans in the railroad and banking fields the writer of "Had Harriman Lived" says:

"Harriman's ambition was popularly supposed to be the acquisition of an American transcontinental railroad. How little the Harriman mind was known! Harriman's ambition was not only to be arbiter of the American railroad field, as much as a private citizen could be arbiter, but to have a railroad around the world! Two or three lines from the Atlantic to the Pacific were already his. Among his plans was a comprehensive scheme of railroad development in Manchuria, and the building of another across Siberia and European Russia. These plans were in no embryonic stage. They had been well thought out. The Manchurian project was fairly well in hand and the Russian Government had been approached on a new trans-Siberian project.

"Furthermore, Mr. Harriman planned to be the foremost banking power in the world. So far had his plans in this direction progressed just prior to his death, and so quietly had he been working, that banking powers of Wall Street were dumfounded to learn that a new Colossus was in their midst who promised successfully to challenge their supremacy."

A MAGAZINE FOR HELLO GIRLS.

First Number of The Telephone Review Will Be Issued in May.

A magazine, which will be called The Telephone Review and which will be devoted to the small talk of the thirty-eight telephone exchanges of the city and the indefinite number outside of it, will be issued soon by the New York Telephone Company. The first number will be published about May 20, and thereafter it will be issued monthly.

In a circular which has been issued to each telephone girl in the city the editor, J. D. Newman, says:

> Every employe can at some time contribute something concerning his or her duties which will be helpful, individually and collectively. Suggestions will be welcomed as to special subjects upon which it may be desired to have articles written. We shall endeavor to have such papers prepared by the most competent authorities.
>
> Every employe is expected to become a contributor by sending us articles on any subject, incident or anecdote; by asking any questions, or making any suggestions, recommendations or comments which would be of general interest to other employes or to the company.

The new magazine is for free distribution among employes. Whether it will be sent to telephone subscribers has not yet been decided.

MAY PUT UP SEA INSURANCE.

Wrecks Off Cape Leewin, South Australia, Leads Lloyds to Consider It.

In view of the wreck of the liner Pericles recently off Cape Leewin, South Australia, on an uncharted rock, at a loss of $3,500,000 to the underwriters, which followed closely on the wrecks of the liners Kaipara and Waikari through the same cause, the question of raising the rates on Australian vessels is being considered by Lloyd's.

Percy Chubb, marine underwriter, 5 South William Street, said yesterday that the subject was up for consideration at Lloyd's in London, and when the increase on vessels and cargo in the Australian trade had been settled it would come up for discussion among marine insurance men in this city. He added that the trade from New York to Australia was small in comparison with that from Great Britain.

Cape Leewin bears the same relative position to the port of Adelaide, South Australia, as Cape Hatteras does to vessels coming from the South to New York or Boston. Investigation by the underwriters showed that one warship and three other vessels had grazed the rock. Soundings revealed the fact that there was only twenty-five feet of water above the rock, instead of thirty-two feet, as shown on the chart.

AWARD CARNEGIE ART PRIZES.

W. Orpen of London Wins First Prize, Karl Anderson of New York Second.

FITTSBURG, Penn., May 2.—The fourteenth annual international art exhibition in the galleries of the Carnegie Institute, according to William M. Chase, the New York artist, is the finest collection of pictures ever hung in America. The exhibit shows varied subjects. The jury of awards announces the prizes, which are as follows:

First prize, $1,500 and gold medal; William Orpen, London, England; subject, "Portrait of an Artist."

Second prize, $1,000 and silver medal, Karl Anderson, New York City; subject, "Idlers, August."

Third prize, $500 and bronze medal, Edward F. Rook, Old Lyme, Conn.; subject, "Laurel."

Honorable mention was awarded the following: Joseph Oppenheim, Berlin, Germany; Charles Morris Young, Jenkinton, Penn.; Daniel Garber, Lumberville, Penn., and Louis Betts, Chicago, Ill.

HUGHES AT CAPITOL TO SIGN BOND BILL

Measure Affecting New York Debt Limit Is Passed by Both Houses.

POWER TO ESTIMATE BOARD

Controller Must Report to It and Then Application Is to be Made to Appellate Division.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 2.—Under an emergency message from the Governor both houses of the Legislature to-night passed the bill outlining the procedure to be followed in eliminating subways and dock bonds from the computation of New York City's debt limit, in accordance with the constitutional amendment adopted by the people last Fall. Amendments offered from the floor of the Senate by Senator Newcomb were adopted to-night, and as the bill in its final form was not printed the emergency message was necessary. Gov. Hughes came to the Capitol to-night to sign the message in order that there might be no delay in making the measure effective.

Under the provisions of the bill the Controller is required when requested by the Board of Estimate to submit a statement of the city's indebtedness growing out of any rapid transit or dock investment prior to Jan. 1, 1910. Details in connection with the issue of the bonds and the revenue derived by the city from the investment are to be given in connection with this statement. The Board of Estimate, acting for the city, may then apply to the Appellate Division for a determination of the amount of debt to be excluded. The bill was amended to-night so as to permit any parties in interest to intervene in the proceedings before the Appellate Division. The determination of the Appellate Division is to be final and conclusive.

The Senate to-night passed the Ward bill incorporating the Economic and General foundation. This bill, according to its sponsor, is to provide means for the distribution of more than $2,000,000 by an unnamed New York City man, who desires to apply his wealth to charitable and benevolent purposes.

A bill increasing the penalty for white slave traffic by imprisonment of from two to twenty years and by a fine not exceeding $5,000 was passed.

Senator George H. Cobb, majority leader of the upper house, said to-night that his compromise direct nominations bill was ready. Senator Cobb said he did not know whether he would have it introduced or hold it in abeyance to offer as an amendment or as a committee measure after action has been had on the other primary bills now pending. The Cobb bill provides for the direct nomination of legislators only and the direct election of delegates to all other conventions at the primaries.

JUDGE BARTLETT IMPROVING.

His Doctor Thinks He Will Be Out Again Within a Week or So.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 2.—Judge Edward T. Bartlett of the Court of Appeals, who suffered a slight stroke of paralysis Friday night, continues to improve slowly.

Dr. Ward, his physician, said to-day that he expected Judge Bartlett would be out again within a week or ten days.

OYSTERS GOOD TEN YEARS OLD

So Canner Tells Committee—Will Try to Take the Water Out of Tomatoes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—That oysters may be canned and kept in cold storage for ten years without impairing their wholesomeness was a statement made to the District of Columbia Committee of the House to-day by F. A. Torche, a Baltimore canner. The committee had under consideration a bill introduced by Representative Moore of Pennsylvania requiring the labeling as to weight and contents of all canned goods.

Members of the committee showed plainly their surprise as Mr. Torche talked of oysters a decade old in answer to Mr. Moore's question whether the Baltimore canner did not believe a law should be passed preventing the storage of canned goods for more than six months. The witness smiled knowingly and then replied that an oyster would be fit for food after ten years' storage. The same thing, he said, applied to tomatoes and other canned products.

Mr. Torche admitted that canners were accustomed to put a quantity of water in canned tomatoes. Cans containing more than the usual quantity of water, he said, are known to the trade as "seconds." Mr. Moore wanted to know if they are so labeled, and Mr. Torche replied negatively.

"How does the consumer know he is buying 'seconds' then?" asked the Pennsylvania Representative.

"He doesn't know," responded Mr. Torche.

This caused Representative Peare of Maryland, a member of the committee, to say sharply:

"Congress is endeavoring to take the water out of stocks and bonds. We will see if we cannot attend to tomatoes also."

B. R. T. MUST PAY DAMAGES.

Higher Court Confirms the Ruling in Favor of Property Owners.

After a legal battle lasting eight years, the Court of Appeals has decided against the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and confirmed the ruling of the lower courts awarding to three property owners in Union Street, Brooklyn, substantial damages. It was said that as a result of this decision some twenty-five suits are to be begun by other Union Street property owners for damages. Property holders in other Brooklyn streets may also institute similar actions.

The cases passed upon by the Court of Appeals were those of Dr. Joseph B. Brown of 883 Union Street, Mrs. E. F. Duncan of 885 Union Street, and Mrs. Caroline E. Rasch of 887 Union Street. Mrs. Duncan's award was $3,000 and the other plaintiffs $2,500 each.

In 1901 the railroad company began laying rails for a new line in Union Street. Injunctions held up the work until May, 1905, when the line was completed and cars put in operation. In the meantime, Supreme Court Justice Stover decided that the company had no right to condemn street property for the proposed line. The Court of Appeals, however, ruled that the company had condemnation rights, but that the owners of abutting property were entitled to damages.

CORNELL APPOINTMENTS.

Prof. Bristol Succeeds Prof. Hill at School of Education.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, May 2.—The Cornell Trustees announce the appointment of Prof. George P. Bristol to be head of the school of education. Prof. Bristol fills the place vacated by Albert Ross Hill, who left Cornell to become head of the University of Missouri.

Other appointments are J. I. Hutchinson, Professor of Mathematics; Virgil Snyder, Professor of Mathematics; A. B. Faust, Professor of the German Language and Literature; E. M. Shaw, Professor of Sanitary Chemistry and Toxicology; A. W. Browne, Professor of Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry; E. H. Wood, Professor of Mathematics of Engineering; H. D. Hess, Professor of Machine Design.

ADMITS, THEN DENIES, THE CROKER WEDDING

Hoboken Justice of the Peace Makes Two Strangely Contradictory Statements.

NOT TRUE, SAYS BREEN

Miss Croker's Brother Asserts That Talk of Her Marriage to the Horseman Is Ridiculous.

Little light was thrown yesterday upon the reported marriage of Miss Ethel Croker, daughter of Richard Croker, the former Tammany leader, and John P. Breen in Hoboken last Thursday. John J. Breen, the stable manager employed by broker Morton L. Schwartz, who was said to be the Breen referred to in the marriage certificate; Miss Croker's brother, Howard Croker, and even Samuel J. Engler, the Hoboken Justice of the Peace who performed the ceremony, united in denying that the former Tammany Chief's daughter was the bride referred to.

Justice Engler's denial, however, only served to complicate matters still more, for earlier in the day he admitted to several persons that Miss Croker was the bride and John J. Breen the bridegroom. He seemed to consider the whole affair a joke and laughed heartily when the inconsistencies of his statements were pointed out. Miss Croker kept in the background, allowing her brother to make all denials.

David E. Hoey, a census enumerator of 63 Washington Street, Hoboken, said positively that Engler had told him on Friday that he performed a marriage ceremony between Miss Ethel Croker, daughter of Richard Croker, and a Mr. Breen, and that he was sure they were not impostors. Furthermore, he said the Justice of the Peace showed him the marriage certificate. Hoey admits that he sold the story to a New York paper, which printed it last Saturday morning.

Engler yesterday denied this, and said Hoey must have seen the certificate on his desk when he was absent from his office. Hoey, who has known Engler for several years—the Justice of the Peace in fact having been responsible for his obtaining his place as census enumerator—went still further in his reputation of the 2 conversation he said he had with Engler on Friday.

"I was sitting in Engler's office that afternoon," said Hoey, "when he came in and confided to me that he had performed an important marriage ceremony the evening before. I asked him who the persons were, and he said the girl was Miss Ethel Croker, daughter of Richard Croker, the former Tammany leader, and a Mr. Breen. When I expressed some doubt about it he pulled a certificate out of his pocket and showed me the signatures. The names were there, sure enough, and I had no trouble remembering them. I asked Engler to tell me the particulars of the case, and he did so.

"He said that he was in his office on Thursday afternoon, when about 5:15 o'clock a young man he had never seen before entered in considerable haste. He said the man told him that he wanted to get married, but the young woman in the case had not appeared. The man, Engler said, thereupon left the office and walked several times back and forth between River Street and the ferry.

"Finally, about 5:45 o'clock, Engler said, a young woman appeared and the two hurried over to his office. The man, Engler said, asked the woman what had kept her so long, and she replied that she had mistaken the route and took the Twenty-third Street ferry instead of the tube. The young woman, Engler said, carried two small dogs, and while they were being married she held one and the young man the other.

"Just before the woman appeared and while the man was sitting in his office, Engler said that the man informed him that he was John P. Breen and that he was going to marry the daughter of Richard Croker. He said that Breen told him they had decided to get married only that afternoon. While riding in Central Park, Engler said Breen told him, he passed Miss Croker, who was riding with a young man, and the man seemed to get very angry because she spoke to him, (Breen.) She was carrying the dogs then, Engler said Breen told him.

"I understand now that Engler accuses me of taking the certificate from his desk, but how could I have done so when he carried it in his pocket all the time? He simply showed it to me, and when he went out of his office I copied down the names from memory."

A reporter asked Engler yesterday if it was true that the young woman he had married was Richard Croker's daughter.

"Well, between you and me," replied Engler, "I don't mind saying that it was. Yes, it was Miss Ethel Croker. I recognized her from the pictures that were shown me, and also recognized John J. Breen when he came over here on Sunday as the man in the case."

An hour later several other reporters asked Engler the same question.

"No, it was not Miss Croker, the former Tammany Chief's daughter, and it wasn't the Mr. Breen who came over here. They were entirely different people. The only wish I have is Miss Croker, for I would have been honored to have performed the ceremony," added the Justice of the Peace.

Just then the reporter, who had talked to the Peace Justice earlier in the day, came in.

"Didn't you tell me a short time ago that it was Richard Croker's daughter whom you married?" the reporter asked.

"No, I never told you anything of the kind," said Engler with a laugh. In fact Engler was seized several times with convulsions of laughter while denying his former statements. He is about 35 years old, and this is his first term as Justice of the Peace. He was elected two years ago and has three years yet to serve.

Part of Engler's Record.

About a year ago there was considerable discussion over his action in accepting bail in the cases of the thirteen men, said to be members of the Paul Kelly gang, who were arrested in Hoboken during election time charged with repeating. The men were released on $100 bail each and promptly disappeared. The bail was forfeited.

It developed yesterday that John J. Breen, the stable manager, is not unknown in Hoboken. His stepmother and stepsister live at 365 First Street, that city. The latter's name is Anna Breen, and she is said to be an amateur actress, having appeared in a minstrel show. Besides working for Mr. Schwartz, Breen is also employed at the Durland Riding Academy, in West Sixty-sixth Street. In the capacity of groom he has accompanied many young women riding in Central Park. Mr. Schwartz, who is a friend of the Croker family, admitted yesterday that Breen may have known Miss Croker casually for several years. Breen himself admits that he has ridden with her in the Park on many occasions.

"Although I know Miss Croker, I certainly did not marry her," he said to a TIMES reporter. "I cannot explain how the mix-up occurred. As soon as I heard of the matter I willingly went to Hoboken and confronted the Justice of the Peace there. He admitted that I was not the person he had married. The records show the name of John P. Breen, son of Thomas J. Breen and Mary McCraves, and also that he had been married before. I have never been married, although I am going to be in about two weeks. I do not care to tell who the woman is. My mother's name was Anna McCrave, and not Mary McCraves.

"I was riding in Central Park last Thursday afternoon, as I am most every afternoon, and I saw Miss Croker there, but did not speak to her. I have not seen her since.

"One thing that should put an end to all this talk is the fact that I am a Catholic, as is Miss Croker also. Marriages of Catholics are not performed by Justices of the Peace."

"All I can say about this unfortunate affair," said Howard Croker at his home, 5 East Seventy-fourth Street, "is to reiterate what I said on Sunday. My sister was not married. I have turned the matter over to my lawyers and I don't care to discuss it any further."

Mr. Schwartz denied that he had engaged detectives to unravel the mystery.

"I don't believe Breen married Miss Croker at all," he said, "and I am not taking any active interest in the matter. So far as I know Breen has never met Miss Croker in any other way but as a manager of horses. The story of the marriage is ridiculous."

Free Trial Offer of "Salada" Tea.

Elsewhere in this issue the "Salada" Tea Co., 198 West Broadway, advertise that they will deliver a free trial package of "Salada" Ceylon Tea, sufficient to make 40 cups, if you mention the name of your grocer.—Adv.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt will go to-day to the Gotham to remain several weeks before going to Tuxedo.

Mrs. J. West Roosevelt has opened her country place, Wardeck, at Oyster Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Benjamin and their son, Rogers Benjamin, will spend part of the Summer abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer will open their country place, Waldheim, at Scarborough-on-Hudson, about the middle of the month.

Mrs. Robert Taylor Varnum is leaving to-day for Old Point Comfort, where she will spend a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger A. Minton, (Miss Anita Ingersoll,) who sailed Saturday on the Amerika, are going directly to Paris. They will remain abroad two months or more.

Mrs. Benjamin Guinness will entertain this evening with a small dinner at her residence, 8 Washington Square North.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Noyes will sail for Europe on May 24. They are at their country place at Trumbull, Conn.

Mrs. J. Fred Pierson has returned from Tuxedo, where she spent the week end. Mrs. Pierson will go to Newport on June 23 for the season.

Daniel Gray Reid and Miss Rhea H. Reid have closed their city house, 575 Fifth Avenue, and are at their country place at Irvington-on-Hudson.

Frederick Townsend Martin is sailing for Europe Thursday on the Adriatic, to be gone till October. He will be in Paris for a month.

Mrs. Paul Morton and Mrs. Robert Bacon are also sailing on the Adriatic on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Le Grand C. Griswold left yesterday for their country place at Mount Kisco, N. Y.

MISS NELLIE POST TO WED.

Engagement of Lady Barrymore's Daughter and Montagu Eliot Confirmed

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 2.—Official announcement was made to-day of the engagement of Nellie Post, daughter of Lady Barrymore, and Montagu Eliot, groom in waiting to the King, which was announced in THE NEW YORK TIMES of March 6.

Lady Barrymore formerly was Mrs. Artuhr Post, daughter of Gen. James Wadsworth of Genesee, N. Y.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, JR., HERE

Will Remain Until His Marriage to Miss Eleanor Alexander.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., is in town, to remain until the day of his marriage to Miss Eleanor Alexander, which takes place on June 18. He said good-by to the Hartford Carpet Company's mills at Thompsonville, Conn., on Saturday, and after his marriage, while still in the company's employ, he will be located elsewhere.

Unknown to young Roosevelt, the employes of the carpet works are preparing a huge rug for him, and a purse of money has been collected with which to buy a wedding present.

Passengers for Bremen.

Passengers sailing to-day for Bremen on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm include Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Ahistrom, Murray Apple, Mrs. George W. Balch, Prof. and Mrs. W. D. Bancroft, Mrs. John K. Burgess, Ogden Codman, Mrs. Frederick Grinnell, Sir Robert Harvey, J. C. Lawson Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Kane, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Kellogg, Mrs. John W. Knowles, Mme. de Lagercrantz, Philip David Mackenzie, Morton C. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Reis, Mr. and Mrs. George Rose, Mrs. Rudolph Spreckels, Mrs. C. A. Spreckels, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Thonet, Count Ludwig A. Uggles, Attaché of the Swedish Legation, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wheeler, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Zelenko.

Wing-Burton Wedding Plans.

Miss Catharine Burton will be maid of honor at the marriage of her sister, Miss Lucia Clark Burton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Y. Burton of 23 West Fifty-sixth Street, to Morgan Wing, which takes place on May 28 at St. George's Church, Newburg, N. Y. John D. Wing, 2d, will be his brother's best man. The other attendants have not yet been chosen. A reception will follow the ceremony at Woodbine, the country residence of the bride's parents. Owing to the death of Mr. Wing's grandfather, John D. Wing, the wedding will be a small one.

Rev. F. S. Budlong Weds Miss Corbett.

The Rev. Fred S. Budlong, rector of Christ Church, St. Paul, Minn., was married last Saturday to Mary E. Corbett, daughter of Charles H. Corbett, 1,111 Dean Street, Brooklyn, at St. James's Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, by the Rev. F. H. Budlong, rector of St. Mark's Church, Dorchester, Mass.

F. T. Martin Gives a Dinner.

Frederick Townsend Martin entertained last evening with a small dinner at the Union Club. The dinner was for Julien Townsend Davies. The guests sat at one table decorated with the old English silver of the club. Those present included Judge Gary, Henry Phipps, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Gen. Brayton Ives, Eugene O'Neil, Otto H. Kahn, Theodore P. Shonts, Frank Munsey, and Melville Stone. A dinner will be tendered Mr. Martin to-night at the Union Club by Mr. Davies.

Dr. W. B. Mount Weds in Nuremberg.

Dr. Walter Barclay Mount, a physician of this city, was married yesterday at Nuremberg, Bavaria, to Freda Bierhals. The news was received by cable in this city by Russell T. Mount, lawyer, of 27 William Street, a brother of the bridegroom.

GIVES A COMET PARTY.

A Flatbush Girl Starts a New Social Fad, but Fails to See Halley's.

A "Halley's comet party" is the latest fad in social life in Flatbush. The idea originated with Miss Gertrude T. Cruser of 1,904 Glenwood Road. Early yesterday morning a number of Miss Cruser's friends, making a party of thirteen and thus defying superstition, assembled at her home to try to get a sight of the comet. All wore black robes and masks. The parlors were decked out with imitation spiders and their webs, and there was a faint and ghostly light in the rooms and other effects to give a suggestion of weirdness.

At the time of the rising of the comet all those present adjourned to the rear veranda, where they tried to find it in the skies with telescopes. Their efforts, however, were not rewarded, as the weather conditions were not favorable.

The "comet party" idea promises to become a fad in Flatbush social circles. Some artful Flatbush men are already scheming to adopt it and shelve the time-worn excuse of an installation of officers at the lodge, offered upon daybreak arrivals at home.

COMET REPORTED AT SEA.

Clyde Liner Iroquois Says It Had No Effect on Compass or Wireless.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The Hydrographic Office to-day received the following message by wireless telegraph from Capt. Ingram of the Clyde Line steamer Iroquois, plying between New York and Jacksonville, Fla., dated at sea:

"Halley's comet can be seen plainly with a glass at 4 A. M. It is about 25 degrees northeast of the planet Venus. No noticeable effect on compass or wireless instruments."

Prof. Jacoby to Tell of Halley's Comet.

An illustrated lecture on Halley's comet will be given under the auspices of the Department of Astronomy of Columbia University by Prof. Harold Jacoby in Schermerhorn Hall on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Prof. Jasoby will tell how comets are discovered and will show the impossibility of danger from Halley's comet or its tail. The lecture will be free and open to the public.

BAVARIAN ACTORS IN QUAINT FOLK PLAY

A Picturesque and Novel Entertainment at the Irving Place Theatre.

VERY UNUSUAL DANCING

Audience Is Highly Amused, Though Strange Dialect Proves a Puzzler to Those Unfamiliar with It.

DER DORFPFARRER. A Bavarian Folk-play in Three Acts. By Von Sepp Kost and Maximilian Schmidt. Irving Place Theatre.

Der Dorfpfarrer	Max Schultes
Der Burgermeister und Posthalter	Heini Markett
Corona, sein Mundel	Hansi Etzer
Der Stelzenbauer	Sepp Rettenbeck
Cathrein, seine Tochter	Toni Lang
Friedl, sein Stiefneffe	Hansi Schenk
Der Sehindelbauer	Ferdl Nagl
Die Schnelbauerin	Louise Grit
Der Messner-Girgl	Sepp Kost
Der Hausner-Girgl	Valti Kost
Lisbeth, Haushalterin	Anni Cisar
Sepherl, Kellnerin	Lisi Knilling
Donisl, ein Bauer	Toni Bohmann
Der Bandl-Simmerl	Peter Bohmann

Very quaint and picturesque, if not always intelligible to any except those familiar with the dialect, the entertainment of the Bavarian players at the Irving Place Theatre last night kept a large audience in a state of enjoyment most of the time. The company has never before appeared in New York, it seems, although it has visited several other cities. It consists of possibly a dozen or more members, who besides taking part in the folk-play exhibited their musical and terpsichorean talents in the course of the play and during the intermissions. Also the very comely young ladies of the cast came into the auditorium to peddle post cards and photographs.

Even one familiar with ordinary high German, or the kind of German spoken largely in New York, which is not necessarily high, may find it difficult to understand the dialogue spoken on the stage. But the situations of the Dorfpfarrer (The Village Priest) are sufficiently conventional to tell a story in pantomime, though one might miss the occasions for laughter which the lines provided at frequent intervals.

Dressed in their bright plaid gowns, short-skirted, with white stockings and the starchiest of white aprons, and wearing feather-crowned alpine hats, the Bavarian actresses are exceedingly pleasant to look upon, and the little story of love that doesn't run smooth is told by them and by their male accomplices with plenty of spirit and good humor. Also it may be added with an apparent consumption of large quantities of Münchner brau served in tall mugs. But the pretty kellnerin, like the others, varied her occupation with song and dance, to the accompaniment of zither, mandolin, and violin.

When the little lady danced, assisted by her sweetheart, the skirts whirled around and around, gradually assuming the shape of a pound cake mold and maintaining itself stiffly until the steps were slackened. Then the man raised the dancer in the air, the gymnastic exercises being varied by a slow and graceful waltz. In the meantime the others were yelling like Comanches. It is all quite novel and pretty and spirited, and the groups suggested a vitalized series of Defregger pictures.

The Bavarians are to remain for two or three weeks, changing their bills frequently, and as a distinct novelty are well worth seeing.

C. T. DAZEY WINS PLAY PRIZE.

"Old Flute Player" First in One-Act Plays for Actors' Fair.

Martin W. Beck yesterday announced the prize winners in the contest for the best one-act sketch to be presented at the Actors' Fund Fair. The first prize of $250 was awarded to C. T. Dazey for a playlet called "The Old Flute Player." The five plays selected out of the 1,853 submitted in the contest were "Outwitted," by Lucy Spencer Sarver, 206 West 106th Street; "Judge," by Eleanor Gates, Alma, Cal; "Susan's Gentleman," by Kate Jordan, New York City; "Ashes of Roses," by Alice Leah Pollock, New York City, and "The Eleventh Day," by Evangeline M. Lent, New York City.

MORE "OPEN-DOOR" THEATRES

Copper and Iron and Walker Circuits, 47 Houses, Join Shuberts.

From the Shubert offices yesterday came the announcement of two more circuits of theatres declaring for the "open door." These are the so-called Copper and Iron circuit, controlled by C. A. Marshall of Duluth, and including about forty theatres in Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin; and the Walker circuit, which includes seven theatres in Winnipeg, Fargo, Grand Forks, and other cities in the wheat belt of the Northwest.

Chorus of Two Opera Companies Sail.

Two hunded and fifty of the three hundred cabin passengers on board the French liner Chicago, which sailed yesterday for Havre, were members of the Metropolitan Opera House chorus and of the New Orleans French Opera company. The New Orleans Opera company has been making a tour of Canada. Many members of the Metropolitan chorus will go to Paris to appear in the forthcoming season of the Metropolitan company at the Chatelet.

RESCUER FEARS THE MEASLES

Chief Kane, Who Saved Sick Child at Fire, Has Never Had 'Em.

In a fire in a tenement at 326 Monroe Street yesterday morning three children, who were quarantined because of contagious diseases, were rescued and taken to the street, where they were bundled up on improvised cots. Alexander Kessler, 20 months old, living on the fourth floor, was suffering from scarlet fever; 6-year-old Jennie Krupter was ill on the third floor with diphtheria, and on the same floor was 3-year-old Lena Baron, who had the measles.

Mrs. Mary Kessler, mother of the boy, was looking for something under his bed with a lighted candle when she set the sheets afire, and picking up the youngster in her arms fled to the street screaming for help. Mrs. Anna Krupter fled with her daughter in her arms.

Lena Baron was still in bed when Battalion Chief Kane rushed upstairs and rescued her. He said later he had never had the measles and was concerned for fear he had contracted the disease from the child.

The blaze was extinguished after it had done about $200 damage to the Kessler apartment and the hallway.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Frederic Thompson has contracted with Porter Emerson Browne, author of "The Spendthrift" and of "A Fool There Was," for a new play which Mr. Browne is now writing, and which will be produced early next Fall. Mr. Thompson has also engaged Joseph Cawthorne, principal comedian for his "The Comic Supplement," to be presented on the roof of the New Amsterdam Theatre this Summer.

F. Ziegfeld, Jr., has engaged Gus Edwards to write part of the score of "The Follies of 1910." Harry B. Smith is writing the book.

David Belasco announced yesterday that the opening attraction at his Forty-second Street theatre, soon to be called the Republic, would be Henry B. Harris's production of "Bobby Burnit," a comedy, by Winchell Smith. This play will be put on Aug. 22. Later Mr. Belasco will make two productions of his own at the Republic.

The first performance of William A. Brady's revival of "Jim the Penman" will take place at the Lyric Theatre on Tuesday, May 10, instead of on Monday, May 9. Florence Roberts arrived in New York yesterday to begin rehearsals of the role of Mrs. Ralston.

William A. Brady and Joseph R. Grismer have engaged Charles Waldron for the leading part in a new comedy by Maude Hosford and Algernon Tassin, called "Go West, Young Woman," which is to be produced at the Grand Opera House, Chicago, next week.

The company that has been playing "Beethoven" at The New Theatre presented to Winthrop Ames Saturday night a signed portrait of Edwin Forrest, formerly the property of Daniel Dougherty. The presentation was made by Donald Robertson, who played the leading role in the drama.

"Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, April 30, averaged 11.36 cents per pound."—Adv.

VIVID PANTOMIME DANCE.

"La Somnamule" at the American Is an Agreeable Entertainment.

A new French pantomime dance, called "La Somnambule," written by G. Molasso, was presented at the American Music Hall yesterday afternoon for the first time in New York. The piece, which takes the services of seven persons, concerns a young married couple very much in love. On the wife's birthday the husband invites a number of friends, among whom is a count in love with the wife. After the festivities the count persuades the husband to go away for a time. The wife goes to her room, but in worry about her husband she walks in her sleep. The count breaks into the house and she, after a struggle, locks him in her room. The husband returns, intoxicated, discovers his wife unconscious on the floor, and attacks the count, who escapes by the window through which he has entered. The act concludes with a wild dance expressing, presumably, joy and love.

The part of the wife is taken by Nina Payne, M. Molasso plays the husband, and James Macchia has the part of the lover. The dancing is good, without exception, and the sketch is far more agreeable than the other pantomime dances that have been presented here recently.

Among the other acts at the American were the Orpheus Comedy four, Mosher, Hayes and Mosher; John C. Rice and Sally Cohen, Josephine Sabel, Alexander Carr and company, Genaro and Bailey, W. S. Hart, the Moto-Girl, and Cliff Gordon.

At the Colonial Theatre another new act was presented, Julius Steger, in a sketch called "The Way to the Heart." The little play is full of emotional possibilities and its performance yesterday seemed to meet with much favor. Other acts on the Colonial bill were W. C. Fields, Stuart Barnes, the Jack Wilson company, John B. Hymer and company, Stanley and Morris, the Bessie Valdare troupe, and the Vivians.

HOLDEN CHINA TO BE SOLD.

Will Be a Special Day After Three More of Engravings.

The total for the Edwin Babcock Holden collection sale, in progress in the American Art Galleries, is now $76,688.50, with three days' lots of engravings yet to be disposed of, and a fourth day to be devoted to the auctioning of Mr. Holden's fine collection of rare old china.

The chief items yesterday were a bust of Napoleon, long hair, in uniform, oval, mezzotint, and a companion portrait of Josephine, $43; another bust portrait of him, by Chataignier, brilliant impression, printed in colors, $50; still another bust portrait of him, painted by J. T. Rusca, engraved by C. H. Hodges and published in Amsterdam in 1797, $50; a scarce portrait of Gen. Charles C. Pinckney of the American Revolutionary Army, painted by J. Paul and engraved by C. Tiebout, half length, in uniform, $51; half-length mezzotint of Lady Sophia Mulgrave, painted by J. Hoppner, engraved by G. Clint, $44; three-quarter-length portrait of the Duchess of Manchini, painted by P. Lely and engraved by G. Valck in 1678, $56, and a half-length portrait of Marie Antoinette, engraved by Janinet, $22.

A three-quarter length of Major Gen Charles Lee, painted by Tomlinson, engraved by J. M. Will, published in London in 1775, brought $35; a bust portrait of Lafayette, by J. E. Haid, $25; Mrs. Jordan in the character of the Country Girl, painted by George Romney, engraved by John Ogborne, published in 1788, $55; a bust portrait in uniform of John Paul Jones, by J. M. Moreau le Jeune, 1781, the earliest and finest engraved authentic portrait of the famous commander, $35; laureated bust of Thomas Jefferson, printed in colors, drawn by "his friend," Thaddeus Kosclusko, and engraved by M Sokalnicki, considered the scarcest of the Jefferson portraits, $45, and a stipple portrait of the same statesman, engraved by C. Tiebout from the painting by R. Peale, and published in Philadelphia in 1801, $47.50.

To-day Mr. Haden's examples of the works of celebrated artists will be sold.

HAWLEY BROTHERS WIN SUIT.

Sister Who Wed Balloonist Got Mortgage Satisfaction Fraudulently.

William and Allen R. Hawley won a suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against their sister, Jeanie M. H. Levee. Justice O'Gorman set aside a quitclaim deed and the satisfaction of $7,500 mortgages on the property at 48 West Eleventh Street from the brothers to their sister on the ground of fraud. By the decision Mrs. Levee also will be liable in an action to recover $10,000, the amount of a mortgage which she placed on the property after she obtained possession of it.

Allen R. Hawley was one of the pioneer amateur balloonists of the United States, and went abroad in 1907 to get a European professional to instruct him. He got Charles Levee. Levee secretly married his employer's sister on Jan. 4, 1908.

NEW DREADNOUGHT HERE.

Battleship Michigan of the American Big Gun Fleet Anchors in the Bay.

The battleship Michigan, the first of the new American battleships of the all big gun type to enter New York Harbor, arrived yesterday morning and is anchored in the naval anchorage off Tompkinsville, S. I. The Michigan will go to the navy yard, where she will be made ready for her speed trials over the Rockland (Me.) course, which are to take place within a few weeks.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES.

Cecil Lean and Florence Holbrook in "Bright Eyes," returned to New York last night, for a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House. The supporting company includes Vera Finley and others who were seen at the New York Theatre earlier in the Spring.

Robert Hilliard in Porter Emerson Browne's play, "A Fool There Was," began a short engagement at the City Theatre last night. William Courtleigh, Nanette Comstock, Emily Wurster, and others of the original company are still in the cast.

"The Lion and the Mouse" began a two weeks' farewell engagement at the Academy of Music last night, with a cast including Oliver Doud Byron, Edith Barker, Clifford Leigh, Seymour Stratton, Ida Glenn, Rose Tapley, and Walter Allen.

Gertrude Hoffmann began a second week at the Alhambra Theatre yesterday. William H. Thompson and company appeared in "Pride of the Regiment," and others on the programme were Rochez's monkeys, Melville and Higgins, the McGradys, Kenney, Nobody and Platt, Kelly and Kent, and the Four Readings.

"After the Opera" headed the bill at the Plaza Music Hall. Among the other numbers on the bill were the Empire City Quartet, the De Boganny troupe, Post and Russell, the Le Pages, Mlle. Berthe, the Mayvilles, Jere Sanford, and the Delton Brothers.

Mina Minar and company headed the bill at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre. Bert Williams appeared with new songs and stories, and other entertainers were York and Adams, Frank Morrell, Ray Cox, Mike Bernard, the three Dumonds, Griff, and Short and Miller.

At Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre Mlle. Dazie headed the bill and Bedini and Arthur presented a travesty of her act. Others who appeared were Beatrice Ingram, Fred Duprez, the Howard brothers, the Big City Four, Les Trombettas, and the Daleys.

The programme at the Bronx Theatre contained Lew Dockstader as headliner, Tom Nawn and company, La Titcomb, Belle Blanche, E. F. Hawley and company, the Chadwick trio, T. Nelson Downs, and Christy and Willis.

The George Evans Honey Boy Minstrels are at the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, for the week, with many of the old members of the company in their places.

At the Brooklyn Orpheum the bill yesterday included Fannie Ward and company, Maude Raymond, Little Billy, Dan Burke, Frankie Carpenter and company, Haines and Vidocq, and others.

At the Columbia Theatre yesterday the Great Behman Show began a week's engagement as a two-act burlesque, called "At Palm Beach." The vaudeville numbers between the acts included Billie Seaton, the seven Belfords, the five Salvaggis, the Courtney sisters, and George Armstrong.

Rose Sydell and her London Belles is the attraction at the Olympic Theatre; the Dainty Duchess company is at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall; Bob Manchester's Cracker Jacks at the Metropolis, and the Trocadero company at the Murray Hill.

In response to the wishes expressed by many consumers, Apollinaris Water is now imported in the old-fashioned Stone Jugs, so familiar to Americans when visiting in Germany. The jugs are stoppered with a new Patent Cap which greatly facilitates opening.

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"DAWN OF TO-MORROW" A HIT.

Liverpool Critics Praise Play and Gertrude Elliott as Glad.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 2.—A special dispatch from Liverpool says that George Tyler's production of "The Dawn of a To-Morrow" at the Shakespeare Theatre tonight met with an enthusiastic reception and was pronounced the most dramatic play seen in Liverpool since Gillette's "Sherlock Holmes." Gertrude Elliott's performance of Glad was a perfect triumph.

According to the Liverpool critics the success of the play in London is assured.

Sarah Louise Homans.

Sarah Louise Homans of this city died yesterday afternoon at the home of her son, Sheppard Homans in Hamilton Avenue, Englewood, N. J. She was a great-granddaughter of Commodore Thomas Truxton, U. S. N., and a daughter of the late John Houston. Her early life was spent in Washington, but on her marriage to Mr. Homans she moved to this city. Mr. Homans was the first actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Obituary Notes.

G. B. REEVE, former Vice President and General Manager of the Grand Trunk Railroad, died at his home at Lamirada Sunday night. He was 71 years old.

JOHN P. BEATTY, who was for thirty-five years engaged in the straw hat manufacturing business in South Norwalk, Conn., died Sunday at the home of his son of heart disease. He was in his 84th year.

Lieut. Col. HENRY A. BATES of Ottawa died on Sunday night in the Hotel Wellington in his 56th year.

CHRISTOPHER HOLLOWAY died at his home, Tower Place, Danbury, on Friday night in his 72d year. He had been in business for forty years in New York.

JOHN W. WHEELER, President of the New Home Sewing Machine Company and one of the pioneers in the manufacture of sewing machines in this country, died at his home in Orange, Mass., yesterday. He was 77 years of age.

The Rev. MARX COHEN, rabbi of the Beth Israel Reformed Orthodox Synagogue for the last thirty-five years, died on Sunday of pneumonia at his home, 243 East Seventy-first Street, in his 70th year.

Mrs. ANN MULLIN, mother of the wife of Maurice F. Egan, American Minister to Denmark, died in Norfolk, Va., Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. D. McCarrick, aged 82 years. She was the widow of Patrick Mullin of Philadelphia.

HERMAN LINS, a wholesale grocer and woodenware merchant of Wallabout Market, Brooklyn, died at his home, 131 Clinton Avenue, that borough, yesterday after a year's illness. He was 80 years old.

Mrs. EMMA E. GANSE, 78 years old, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. N. Davis, at 12 Amackasia Terrace, Yonkers, N. Y. She was the widow of the Rev. Harvey E. Ganse, and daughter of the late Rev. B. S. Will of Pleasant Valley, N. Y.

JAMES T. WALDRON, 40 years old, stage manager of the Manhattan Moving Picture and Vaudeville Theatre at Thirty-first Street and Broadway, was found dead yesterday afternoon in his room in the boarding house at 39 West Thirty-second Street. It is believed he died of heart disease.

Former Surrogate WILLIAM L. HOAGLAND is dead at his home in Belvidere, N. J., aged 82 years. He was stricken with paralysis on April 27.

JOHN G. KEYLER, Sr., a wealthy retired undertaker of Bloomfield, N. J., died Sunday night at his Winter home, Jacksonville, Fla., following an operation for kidney trouble. He was born in Germany seventy-nine years ago.

The Rev. W. G. BROWNING, one of the oldest Methodist preachers, and father of Prof. Browning of Yale, is dead at his home in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

CLARENCE BURLEIGH, editor of The Kennebec Journal, died suddenly in Augusta, Me., last night of heart disease. He was 45 years old, a son of Congressman Edwin O. Burleigh of the Third Maine District.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BLUMBERG.—May 2, 538 West 112th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Meyer S. Blumberg, (nee Millie Bernstein,) a son.

JAHHS.—April 26, Hudson, N. Y., to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Jahhs, a son.

ORRIS.—April 28, Hudson, N. Y., to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Orris, a son.

Married.

BUDLONG—CORBETT.—On Saturday evening, April 30, 1910, at St. James's Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rev. F. H. Budlong, rector of St. Mark's Church, Dorchester, Mass., the Rev. Fred G. Budlong, rector of Christ Church, St. Paul, Minn., to Mary E. Corbett, only daughter of Charles H. Corbett of 1,111 Dean St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MOUNT—BIERHALS.—On Monday, May 2, 1910, at Nuernberg, Germany, Frida Bierhals to Dr. Walter Barclay Mount.

YORK—GOULD.—On Saturday, April 30, at St. George's Church, by Rev. Franklin Babbitt, Muriel, daughter of Charles J. Gould, to Edward Palmer York.

Brooklyn.

ARMSTRONG—ROEVER.—April 30, Edith M. Roever to Edward M. Armstrong.

DE ROCHE—LANGENAU.—April 28, Lillian Langenau to Julius de Roche.

VILES—CORWIN.—April 30, Jennie S. Corwin to George A. Viles.

Long Island.

KOENIG—BAKER.—April 30, Canarsie, Emma Baker to Harry Koenig.

New Jersey.

GOLZWARDEN—DUMMER.—April 29, New Durham, Emma Dummer to Andrew C. Golzwarden.

HAMER—FLEMING.—April 27, Haledon, Elizabeth Fleming to Joseph Hamer.

HYER—DEVINE.—April 27, Newark, Mary E. Devine to Harvey Dyer.

TILTON—O'BRIEN.—April 29, Hoboken, Jessie V. O'Brien to Dr. Arthur Tilton.

Died.

BROWNING.—After a brief illness, at his late residence, 68 Garden St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Rev. William Garrison Browning, in the 86th year of his age. Funeral services Washington Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Poughkeepsie, on Tuesday at 2 P. M. Interment at Rhinebeck, N. Y.

BUCKMASTER.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Saturday, April 30, the Rev. John W. Buckmaster. Funeral services at Trinity Church, Mount Vernon, Tuesday, May 3, 11 A. M.

DOWD.—On Monday, May 2, John Luther Dowd, in his 89th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Gilbert L. Bairnes, 7,743 Amboy Road, Bentley Manor, Staten Island, on Wednesday at 3 P. M. Interment on Thursday at Madison, Conn. Hartford and New Haven papers please copy.

GALINGER.—On Sunday, May 1, at his residence, Euclid Hall, 80th St. and Broadway, George W. Galinger, beloved husband of Sarah Rich Galinger, in his 59th year. Funeral at convenience of family.

GANSE.—At Yonkers, N. Y., Monday, May 2, at residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. M. Davis, 12 Amakison Terrace, Emma E., widow of the Rev. Hervey D. Ganse. Funeral services at above residence, Tuesday afternoon, 3:30 P. M. Interment at Chicago, Ill.

HAVILAND.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., May 2, 1910, Alfred Haviland, in the 81st year of his age. Funeral on Wednesday, 4th inst. at 3 P. M., from the house of his brother, Edward Haviland, 30 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn.

HOMANS.—At the home of her son, Sheppard Homans, Jr., Englewood, N. J., on Monday, May 2d, 1910, Sarah Louise, widow of the late Sheppard Homans. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JAQUES.—On Sunday, May 1, William L., son of the late Edward J. and Mary W. Jaques. Funeral private.

LYFORD.—At Dr. Bull's private hospital, May 2, 1910, Wright Chamberlain Lyford of 16 East 35th St. Funeral private. Committal service and interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Morristown, N. J., on Wednesday, May 4, at 2:30 P. M.

McCURDY.—Suddenly, of heart failure, at her residence, Morristown, N. J., on Sunday morning, May 1, Sarah Ellen, wife of Richard A. McCurdy, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral from St. Peter's Church, Morristown, Wednesday, May 4, at 10:30 o'clock. A special car for the accommodation of friends will be attached to the train leaving New York at 9 A. M. and will return after the funeral, leaving Morristown at 11:44.

MONSON.—Entered into eternal rest at New Haven, Conn., on Saturday, April 30, 1910, Charles Monson, beloved husband of Frances E. Monson. Funeral services will be held at his residence, 64 Edgehill Road, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

RICKARD.—At her late residence, 539 West 156th St., Mrs. Emma A. Rickard, wife of P. R. Rickard. Funeral Tuesday at 2 o'clock prompt

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10 Guaranty Trust Co.---@863
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks in Further Declines—Call Money Rates, 3@6 Per Cent.

LIQUIDATION FROM OUTSIDE

Last Week's Bad Markets Influence Selling by Interior—Recoveries Toward Close—Exchange Drops Sharply.

In the early part of yesterday's stock market session the course of prices was directly influenced by the substantial volume of selling which reached Wall Street from outside. Breaks like those of last week never fail to spread broadcast the pessimism which they reflect in Wall Street itself. Sharp declines marked the early dealings, therefore, in connection with the offerings from the sources mentioned, and the declines were carried further by local liquidation on the part of holders whose margins were running low or whose fears were running high as a result of the drastic reduction in surplus revealed in Saturday's bank statement. Naturally enough, operators for the fall took advantage of this opportunity to enlarge profits, and under the weight of these various adverse factors losses of from 1 to 2 points and more were suffered by active stocks, a score or more of issues falling to levels below those touched last week or at any time previously this year. Before the afternoon session had been fairly entered it became evident that the selling pressure was slowly diminishing and that, attracted by the investment level to which many shares had fallen, some buying of a very substantial character had at last made its appearance. Under the impulse of purchases of this kind and of a fair amount of short covering prices rallied rather sharply from their low points and maintained their advance to the close of the day. The passing of the cotton settlement without disclosure so far of embarrassment in any quarter proved helpful while the relative heaviness of cotton prices on the local Exchange and the weakness of grain prices in the produce markets were influential in forming the more cheerful sentiment prevailing through the financial community at the day's close. It was taken for granted that in both the cotton and grain trades alarmist reports of conditions in the fields were undergoing heavy discounting, this applying even to the publication during the day by alleged experts of estimates regarding the present position of both wheat and cotton. The disposition is to await the more trustworthy Government report of next week to ascertain approximately the extent of the damage. A number of exceptionally favorable railroad earnings statements for the month of March were submitted, including those of the Pennsylvania, with its gross increase of $2,086,000; the Erie, $459,000, and the Norfolk & Western, $686,000.

Call money rates after opening at 6 per cent. fell steadily through the day to the low quotation of 3 per cent. near the close. This easing of rates undoubtedly reflects with considerable fidelity the lessening of the strain recently imposed upon local banking resources by the combination of the May 1 disbursements, the gold exports, and the financing of the pool operations in cotton. A noteworthy fall occurred in demand sterling in the foreign exchange market, rates moving so far beneath the gold export point as to terminate for the moment any discussion of an early resumption of the movement.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

People's Gas Light and Coke Co. of Chicago for dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

American Malt Corporation on preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 3@6 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 6 per cent.

Time money rates, 4¼@4½ per cent. for sixty and ninety days and 4½ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4¾@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 3½ per cent., off 3-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3 per cent., off ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $199,374,301; balances, $10,894,133; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $520,267.

The local banks have lost $1,020,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was weak, with demand quoted at $4.8745@$4.8755, sixty days at $4.8425@$4.8435, and cables at $4.8785@$4.88.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½ less 1-64@5.17½ plus 1-32 for cables and 5.17½ less 1-16@5.17½ less 1-64 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95 3-16 plus 1-64@95¼ less 1-64 for cables, 95¼ plus 1-64@95 3-16 for sight and 94 9-16@94 11-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount@par; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis 25c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 10c premium; St. Paul, 50c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London, at 24 15-16d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 54¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars unchanged at 44@48c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	98½	99¼
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	97¼	98
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99¼	99¾
Chi. & Alton 5s, March 15, 1913	99	99⅜
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100¼	100⅜
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	101⅛	101⅜
K. C. Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98	98¼
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅜	100
Nor. & West. 5s, May, 1910	100	100⅛
St. L. & S. F. 5s, March, 1913	96¾	97⅜
Southern 5s, Feb., 1913	98⅜	98⅝
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101⅝	102¼
West. T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	99¼	99¾
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100¼	100½

Interest to be added.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59, f'chg	98⅞	99¼	99¼	99¾
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	108½	108½	108⅜	108⅜
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	108¼	108½	108⅜	108⅜
4½s, May '17, f'chg	103	103	103	103
4½s, Nov., '17, f'chg	103	..	103	..
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, May, '57, f'chg	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, May, '19, f'chg	99	99¼	99	99½
4s, Nov., '56, reg	99¼	100⅛	99½	100
4s, Nov., '36, reg	98⅜	99	98½	99
3½s, Nov., '54, f'chg	87¾	88¼	88	99
3½s, May, '54 coup	88	88⅜	87⅞	88¼
3½s, May, '54, reg	88½	88	87⅞	88
3½s, Nov., '61, reg	87	89	87	89
4½s, Mar., '60, w. i	101	101⅛	101	101¼

*Coupon or registered.

Boston Bank Statement.

BOSTON, Mass., May 2.—Following is the weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston and comparisons:

	April 30, '10.	Dec. for Week.	May 1, '09.
Loans	$211,922,000	$793,000	$208,044,000
Circulation	7,115,000	*4,000	7,664,000
Deposits	177,919,000	4,392,000	188,931,000
Due banks	71,210,000	2,428,000	84,103,000
U. S. deposits	3,650,000	6,000	737,000
Res. agents	32,130,000	1,777,000	43,731,000
Exch. clear	4,189,000	745,000	19,350,000
Due from b'ks	20,930,000	2,597,000	22,185,000
5 per cent. fund	363,500	*107,000	390,750
Legal tender	4,637,000	*107,000	4,206,000
Specie	23,060,000	1,215,000	28,804,000
Surplus	1,921,857	836,429	6,440,571
Surplus, N. Y.	6,854,857	1,505,429	17,131,571

*Increase.

NEW YORK STOCK E XCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales May 2, 1910 1,071,240
From Jan. 1, 1910 70,245,023
Corresponding period last year 63,540,820

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
9⅞	10	100	Allis-Chalmers	10	10	10	10	+⅛
32	33	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	33½	33½	33½	33½	+1½
65½	65⅝	94,500	Amalgamated Cop	66⅝	66⅞	64¼	65⅝	−1⅝
41½	42½	500	Am. Agricul. Chem	42½	42½	41⅝	41⅝	−⅞
35⅞	36	1,800	Am. Beet Sugar	35¾	35⅝	35	35⅝	−⅛
90	95	20	Am. Beet Sugar pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	−⅞
9¾	9⅞	800	Am. Can	9½	9⅝	9⅜	9½	...
56⅝	57	4,650	Am. Can pf	71	71⅞	71	71⅝	−⅛
114½	116	106	Am. Car & Foundry	57½	57¾	55½	56⅜	−1⅝
64½	65	1,300	Am. Car & Found. pf	115	115	115	115	−2
31	31¼	730	Am. Cotton Oil	59	61	59	61	−1
23½	24½	900	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	31	31⅝	31	31¼	+1
12¾	13	100	Am. Ice Securities	23¼	24	23	24	+⅝
32	33	900	Am. Linseed	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	−⅝
46¼	46¾	8,200	Am. Linseed pf	53	53	52	52½	...
5¾	6¼	200	Am. Locomotive	47	47	46	46½	−2½
25¾	26	150	Am. Malt	6	6	5¾	5¾	−¾
73⅝	73⅞	60,200	Am. Malt pf	36	36	36	36	...
103	103¾	420	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76¾	76¾	75	75⅞	−¾
57½	58	1,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103	103⅛	103	103⅛	−⅝
120	122	800	Am. Steel Foundries	59	59	56⅞	57¾	+⅞
119	121	100	Am. Sugar Refining	120¼	120¼	120	120	−1⅞
133¼	133¾	1,350	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	119⅞	119⅞	119⅞	119⅞	−1
32	33¼	100	Am. Tel. & Tel	133½	133½	133½	133½	−1⅜
97¼	98	100	Am. Woolen	31⅝	31⅝	31¾	31¾	...
40	40¾	3,900	Am. Woolen pf	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	−½
105¾	105⅞	25,700	Anaconda Cop. Min	40	40¾	39¾	40	−⅝
101¼	102¼	150	Atch., Top. & S. F	107¼	107⅞	105¾	105⅞	−1⅞
121	122	1,000	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	102	102	102	102	−½
106⅞	107	4,700	Atlantic Coast Line	122	122	120	121	−3¼
88	91	400	Baltimore & Ohio	107⅜	107⅜	106⅛	107	−⅜
...	...	46	Baltimore & Ohio pf	91	91	91	91	+1
27	28	200	Bank of Commerce	203	203	201	201	...
75¾	76	12,080	Bethlehem Steel	28	28	28	28	−1¼
181⅞	182¼	2,200	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	75½	76¾	74¾	75¾	−¼
39⅞	40	9,770	Canadian Pacific	182¾	182¾	181¼	181⅞	−1⅞
105½	106¼	130	Central Leather Co	40¾	41¼	39	40	−⅞
270	290	100	Central Leather Co. pf	105⅞	106⅞	105⅞	106⅞	−1⅝
82¼	82⅝	11,450	Central R. of N. J	275	275	275	275	−5
26¼	26½	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	82¼	82¾	81⅝	82¼	−¾
51¼	52	1,000	Chicago Gt. Western	26½	26½	26	26	−1
135⅜	135¾	19,500	Chi. Gt. West. pf	51¾	51¾	51	51¼	−4
156¼	157½	600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	187	187¼	184½	185⅞	−1⅞
147	149	1,300	Chi. & Northwestern	158	158	156½	157	−1
79⅛	80	400	Clev., C., C. & St. L	147½	147¾	147	147¾	+1
36½	37⅛	1,600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	80	80	80	80	−¼
33⅞	34	1,700	Colorado & Southern	36⅞	36⅞	35¾	36	−1
57½	58	200	Col. & South. 2d pf	57½	57½	56⅞	57¼	−⅝
133	133	7,950	Consolidated Gas	76	76	76	76	−⅛
147¾	148	900	Corn Products Ref	132⅞	133¼	130¼	132⅝	−1½
165	168	500	Delaware & Hudson	15	15	14¾	14⅞	−⅛
565	565	270	Del., Lack. & West	167¼	167⅞	167	167	−1¼
37½	38	1,510	Denver & Rio Grande	565	565	560	560	−5
77⅞	78	300	Den. & Rio Grande pf	38	38¼	37½	37⅝	−⅝
28⅜	28⅝	850	Distillers' Securities	77½	77½	77½	77½	−⅛
14⅜	14½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	28⅝	28⅞	28¼	28¼	−⅛
23¼	24¼	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	−⅛
70	71	100	Duluth Superior Trac	23½	23½	23½	23½	−⅛
26⅜	26⅝	3,500	Erie	70½	70½	70½	70½	−1½
43	44⅛	700	Erie 1st pf	27½	27½	26¼	26½	−2¼
33⅞	34	600	Erie 2d pf	44	44	43	43	−⅞
143½	146½	900	General Electric	34⅞	34⅞	33⅜	34	−1
58	100	100	Granby Consol	146⅜	146⅜	145¾	146	−¼
131¼	131½	7,900	Great Northern pf	40	40	40	40	...
62	63	1,233	G. N. certs. ore prop	131⅞	132½	130⅜	131½	−½
133¼	134½	200	Illinois Central	62¾	62¾	61	62	...
19½	19⅝	10,400	Interborough-Met	134½	134½	134½	134½	+1⅜
51⅝	52	8,200	Interborough-Met. pf	19⅜	19⅜	19	19½	...
89⅞	90	1,800	Int. Harvester	52	52⅜	50⅝	51⅜	−⅜
11	11¼	500	Int. Paper	90¼	90½	89¾	90½	+⅝
49½	50⅛	100	Int. Paper pf	11¼	11½	11	11	−1
80	85	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	50	50	50	50	−1
19	20	900	Iowa Central	83½	83½	83½	83½	−⅛
31¼	31½	200	Kansas City South	19	19½	18½	19½	−2
63¾	64¼	100	Kan. City South. pf	31½	31½	31	31	−½
99½	99¾	200	Laclede Gas	63¼	63¼	63¼	63¼	−1½
15½	16	400	Lake Erie & Western	99½	99½	99½	99½	−½
64	66	400	Long Island	16	16	16	16	−¾
143	144	1,600	Louisville & Nash	64½	64½	64	64	−1
75½	76½	117	Mackay Cos. pf	145	145	142½	143	−2
130	133	215	Manhattan Elevated	76½	76½	76½	76½	+1
16⅜	17	300	Mercantile Marine pf	132	132	132	132	−2
30	33½	200	Minn. and St. Louis	17	17	17	17	−½
135	136½	430	M., St. P. & S. S. M	33½	33½	33½	33½	−1¾
144	150	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf	136½	136½	135	136	−1
39⅝	39¾	9,350	Mo., Kansas & Texas	145	145	145	145	−5
67½	68	800	Missouri Pacific	39	39¼	38½	39½	...
106½	108	10	Nat. Biscuit Co	66½	67½	66½	67½	+1
120	123¾	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	103	103	103	103	−2
75	75½	3,725	Nat. Lead Co	122½	122½	122½	122½	−1¼
107	108	250	Nat. Lead Co. pf	76⅝	76⅝	74⅝	75	−1¼
70	72½	1,000	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	107½	107½	107¼	107¼	−1⅞
117¼	117⅝	4,700	N. Y. Air Brake	74	74	72	72	−2⅝
82½	87	400	N. Y. Central	118	118¼	117	117½	−¾
146	150	13,300	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	−1
42¼	42½	30	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	149¼	149¼	149	149	−1
99¼	99⅞	960	N. Y., Ont. & West	42	42¼	42	42¼	−1
70¼	71	5,500	Norfolk & Western	100	100¼	98⅝	99	−1½
126½	127	200	North American	70⅜	70⅜	70¼	70¼	−½
25⅞	26	11,610	Northern Pacific	128	128¾	126	127	−⅞
31	35	1,300	Pacific Mail	25⅝	26	25¼	25⅞	+⅛
130⅝	130½	41,220	Pacific Tel. & Tel	34	34	34	34	...
107½	107¾	2,400	Pennsylvania R. R	131⅝	131⅞	129⅞	130¼	−1
99¼	99⅜	550	People's Gas, Chi	108	108	107⅝	107⅜	−½
18	18¼	500	P., C., C. & St. Louis	98⅜	99¼	98	98⅜	−1
69	70	100	Pittsburg Coal	18	18	17¾	17⅞	−⅛
36¾	37	310	Pittsburg Coal pf	60½	61⅛	60¾	61⅛	−⅝
99	101	200	Pressed Steel Car	37	37	37	37	−1
160	163	200	Pressed Steel Car pf	99	99	99	99	−½
3	4	200	Pullman Company	162	162	162	162	...
4½	5½	200	Quicksilver	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
37	37½	200	Quicksilver pf	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	+⅛
155½	155⅝	160,800	R'way Steel Spring	37⅛	37½	37½	37½	−⅛
90	91¼	200	Reading	156	156½	154¾	155⅝	−1¼
98	99	500	Reading 1st pf	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	−½
32	32⅛	1,400	Reading 2d pf	98	98	98	98	−⅝
96¾	97	300	Rep. Iron & Steel	32⅝	32½	32	32	−1
42¼	42⅞	37,950	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	97	97	96¼	96¼	−1⅝
45	45	440	Rock Island Co	42½	42½	41¾	42¼	−1
27	27½	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	44	44½	44	44½	−½
71¼	72	100	St. Louis Southwest'n	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	−½
71	73	400	St. L. Southwest'n pf	71½	72	71½	71½	−½
118⅝	119	52,950	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	71	72	71	71	−¼
24⅝	24¾	4,810	Southern Pacific	119⅞	120¼	119⅜	119⅜	−1
59	59½	400	Southern R'way	25	25¼	24	24⅜	−1½
26	26½	1,400	Southern R'way ext	60	60	59	59	−⅝
30⅛	30⅜	1,500	South. R'way pf., ext	26	26	25⅜	25⅜	−⅝
6	6½	600	Tennessee Copper	30¼	30¼	30	30	−1
38	38¾	600	Texas & Pacific	6	6	6	6	−⅛
63⅝	63½	600	Third Avenue	38¾	39¼	38¾	39¼	−¼
110	113	83	Tol., St. L. & West	6	6	6	6	...
176¾	176⅞	122,790	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	63¾	63¾	63	63½	−¼
94	95	700	Twin City R. Transit	112½	112½	111½	111½	−1
106	110	100	Union Pacific	178	178¾	176¾	176⅞	−1
108	109¼	200	Union Pacific pf	95	95	94⅜	94⅜	−1⅝
32	34	200	United Cigar Mfrs. pf	106	106	106	106	−3
62	64	100	United Dry Goods pf	108½	108¾	108½	108¾	+¼
20	22	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	33	33	33	33	−1½
69	73	400	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	64½	64½	64¼	64¼	−½
72	73	300	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	21	21	20¼	20½	−½
38	38⅞	500	U. S. Realty & Imp	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	−¾
109½	110	1,120	U. S. Rubber	73½	73½	72½	72½	−1
79¾	79⅞	229,950	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	39	39	38	38	−1
117	117¼	6,555	U. S. Steel	110¼	110¼	109¾	109¾	−¾
41	41½	5,400	U. S. Steel pf	79⅞	80¾	79¼	79¼	−1
56	56¼	7,400	Utah Copper	117⅝	118	116¾	117	−¾
19	19¼	1,600	Va.-Caro. Chemical	42	42½	40¼	41¼	−¾
41¼	41½	4,800	Wabash	56	56½	55¼	56½	−¼
44	44½	200	Wabash pf	19½	19½	18¾	18⅞	−¼
66	68	500	Western Maryland	42½	42⅝	40⅜	41¾	−⅛
62¼	62½	700	Western Union Tel	44½	44½	44½	44½	+¼
8¼	8½	100	Westinghouse E. & M	67⅞	67⅞	67	67	−1
4⅛	4½	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	62½	62¼	61⅞	62	...
47	47½	200	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	−½
			Wisconsin Central	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...
				47½	47½	47½	47½	−2

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼	Havt E. R.	..	92
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	..	Hav. E. R. pf.	..	..
3s, r., 1918	102½	103¼	Hock. Val.	..	97¾
3s, c., 1918	102½	103½	Hock. V. pf.	90¾	120
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115	Homestake	86	88
4s, c., 1925	114½	115¼	Inger.-Rand.	98	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	101	Inger.-Rand. pf.	..	97
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅜	101	Int. Hr. pf.	118	122
Philip'ne 4s	100½	..	Int. St. P.	42	42¾
Adams Exp.	248	..	Iowa C. pf.	55	40
Alb. & S.	280	..	Kan. C. Pt.	..	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	..	90	S. & Mem. pf.	75	78
Am. Coal	80	150	K. & D. M.	6	9
Am. Cot. Oil pf.	101½	104½	K. & D. M. pf.	35	45
Am. D. Tel.	15	30	Lcl. G. pf.	85	95
Am. Exp.	235	280	L. E. & W. pf.	45	60
Am. H. & L.	6¼	6¾	Mackay Cos.	85	86½
Am. L. pf.	108	111	Mah. C. R.	320	..
Am. S. pf.	..	..	Man. Beach.	3¼	6
B.	87	88	Md. C. pf.	40	90
Am. Snuff.	250	310	Mer. Marine	5¼	5⅝
Am. Sn. pf.	97	102	Mich. Cent.	145	180
A. T. & C.	72	75	M. & St. L.	..	..
Am. Tob. pf.	94	94½	pf.	63	70
Ann Arbor.	30	36	M. St. P. & S. S. M.	..	..
Ann A. pf.	70	72	leased line	88¼	88½
Batoplias M.	2¾	3¼	Mo., K. & T.	..	..
Beth. S. pf.	42	56	pf.	68¼	70
B. Un. G.	136	141	N. C. & St. L.	..	..
Bruns. Ter.	11	13	Nat. Enam.	180	137
B., R. & P.	95	107	Nat. Enam. pf.	19½	20½
B., R. & P. pf.	125	139	Nat. Lead	..	..
B. & S. pf.	..	38	Nat. Lead pf.	88	90
But'k Co.	30¼	35	N. Y. Cent. C.	63	84
Canada So.	64¾	69	M. 1st pf.	30	60
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	118	N. Y. C. & St. L.	55	60
Chi. & Alt.	45	49	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
C. & A. pf.	..	69	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	29	38
C., B. & Q.	200	..	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	80	83
C. & E. Ill. pf.	118	119	N. & W. pf.	90	93
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80	Nor. Cent.	200	..
C. & N. W. pf.	200	210	Ont. Mining	1½	2½
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	140	150	Pac. Coast.	105	110
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	167	Pac. C. 1st pf.	90	105
Chi. Ter. T.	..	2½	Pac. C. 2d pf.	105	110
Chi. Un. T.	..	..	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	85	99
Chi. Un. T. pf.	3¾	4¼	Peo. & E.	18	25
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts.	8	9	Pere Marq.	31	40
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	110	Pere M. 1st pf.	56	65
Cleve. & P.	113	..	Pere M. 2d

TO INCREASE FREIGHT RATES.

Eastern Railroads Announce Plan for a Graded Rise in Tolls.

Announcement of the purpose of the Eastern railroads to advance freight rates was made yesterday in an official statement issued in behalf of the railways between the Mississippi River and the Atlantic seaboard. The statement outlines the general plan for an increase in railroad revenues through rate increases, and announces the plan foreshadowed in THE TIMES a week ago to permit a review of the proposed increases by the Inter-State Commerce Commission in advance of the increased rates being put into effect.

The statement announces that the readjustment will involve an increase in class rates more nearly proportionate to the value of the commodity shipped, being greater on the higher classes and graded down so as to amount to but a small advance on articles in the lower classes.

An officer of an important Eastern line said that no definite decision had been reached yet as to the exact percentages by which rates would be increased, but what some, at least, of the railroads hope to accomplish by such a graded increase in rates is the addition to their net revenues of a sum equal to about 10 per cent. of the current gross earnings.

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50 H. B. Claflin Com.
100 Cuban-American Sugar Com.
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Selling from the West.

While for publication the West insists that it has no interest whatever in Wall Street's opinion of business, of money, of the markets, or of the crops, it is a curious fact that whenever Wall Street comes to believe anything unpleasant with regard to any of these lines of activity and expresses this belief through hurried and rather heedless selling of securities, not more than a week passes before the echoes of Wall Street's own fears begin to come back from the other side of the Mississippi. This stock market break up to yesterday morning was a Wall Street affair. Local branches and correspondents of Chicago and other Western stock and grain houses were through last week the recipients of pleasant quips and queries from the West having to do mostly with the Wall Street digestive apparatus which transmississippians always conceive to be out of order when the Stock Exchange is upset. Wall Street had its revenge yesterday morning, however, for the wires from the West were loaded with anxious appeals for serious expressions of the trouble here and with selling orders for prompt execution irrespective of the answers to the inquiries. It may prove to be the case again, as it has so often in the past, that by the time Chicago is thoroughly worked up over the causes and effects of the recent violent breaks Wall Street will have forgotten all about them and will wonder even what is the origin of the West's uneasiness.

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Cotton and Dividends.

One of the few stocks to show an actual gain at the close of yesterday's session was American Cotton Oil, which upon transactions of 1,300 shares closed at 61, after having sold as low as 59, the final price representing an advance of 1 point over Saturday's last quotation. In the current gossip this rise was explained by the suggestion that to-day is the regular date for the Cotton Oil Directors to meet if their decision has been to hold semi-annual gatherings for dividend purposes, and that if they meet they may fix the rate at 5 per cent. again. The management of the company is necessarily in close touch with the cotton situation, and a declaration of a dividend at the 5 per cent. rate to-day would probably be looked upon as further evidence that the recent crop damage had been greatly exaggerated.

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Pennsylvania Dividend.

No surprise was caused yesterday by the announcement of the usual quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on Pennsylvania for the reason that the financial district some days ago abandoned most of the hope that had been entertained that the Directors would raise the dividend from 6 per cent. a year to 7 per cent., restoring the rate to the figure from which after three half-yearly payments it was reduced in the Spring of 1908. The conservatism of the Pennsylvania Railroad is so widely recognized that the reduction in the rate in 1908 caused no surprise, and now the decision to adhere to the 6 per cent. rate will doubtless be looked upon as another illustration of the desire of the Pennsylvania management to follow a most conservative course in the payment of dividends notwithstanding the great improvement in the road's earnings.

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Reports in circulation in the financial district yesterday that this market was likely to borrow a large amount in foreign money markets were regarded as based rather on the marked disparity just at present between interest rates here, notably in the call loan market, and those prevailing in foreign centres than on the likelihood of London being disposed to lend very much money in New York at this time. The Bank of England has just succeeded in bringing its reserve up from a low figure by means of heavy imports of gold from New York, for which the bank paid an unusually high price, and it is not considered probable that the bank at this time will lend any encouragement to the placing of American finance bills in London, the effect of which would be to lessen the London reserve.

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Brokers Fear Wickersham.

The underground wires from Washington brought disturbing gossip to the Street yesterday. Brokers heard that Attorney General Wickersham has in mind measures for restricting speculation which, the rumors say, will be more drastic than anything proposed so far at Albany. The gossip of the Attorney General's intentions was more indefinite than such talk is usually, but one of the possibilities mentioned was a check on the ticker transmission of moment-to-moment transactions on the Exchanges. No one was able to suggest how such a prohibition could be based in law. The Attorney General was a Wall Street lawyer not much more than a year ago, and the Street would not have given any credence to the reports had it not been for the action against the bull pool in cotton. Whatever basis there may be for yesterday's loose talk, it is regarded as certain that the bucket-shop crusade will be carried higher up than has so far appeared.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Frank Seymour Barr has been admitted to membership in the firm of Herrick & Bennett.

The Consolidated Exchange firm of Staples & Miller, consisting of F. George Staples and Samuel S. Miller, has dissolved.

James Coats Auchincloss of the Stock Exchange, has become a member of the Stock Exchange firm of Taylor, Auchincloss & Joost.

Charles H. Thierlot and W. Sterling Peters have been admitted to partnership in the Stock Exchange firm of Carlisle, Mellick & Co.

Reports published that the Deutsche Bank of Berlin is involved in the failure of Alabama cotton merchants are authoritatively denied. The bank is not liable for any losses caused by the suspension.

William H. Truesdale, President of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, will arrive in New York to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. He is returning from a three months' trip through Egypt and Europe.

The Financial World has published its Annual Public Service Corporation Review, which provides statistical information with the idea of putting analytical data in a form readily understood.

The Stock Exchange has stricken from the list J. P. Morgan & Co. trust receipts for Hocking Valley Railway Company common and preferred, J. P. Morgan & Co. trust receipts for Kanawha & Michigan Railway Company capital stock, and Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company collateral trust 4 per cent. bonds, series H, due 1910.

The Protective Committee of the holders of the collateral trust notes maturing May 1 of the Atlantic & Birmingham Construction Company and the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railroad Company has submitted a proposition for an extension. The stockholders of the Construction Company have obtained a fund of $800,000 to be used to pay the interest, leaving the remainder to be applied for the principal upon condition that the existing notes be surrendered and new two-year notes accepted for the remainder of the indebtedness. The stockholders of the Construction Company will also guarantee interest on the extended notes, and have agreed that any plan of reorganization shall provide for payment of the extended notes in cash.

Additional announcements of changes in Stock Exchange firms on May 1 were announced yesterday, and the formation of one new Stock Exchange copartnership was made known. Under the name of Salomon Brothers & Hutzler, Arthur K., Percy F., and Herbert Salomon have formed a partnership with Morton D. Hutzler, and will occupy offices at 80 Broadway. Mr. Hutzler, who is the Stock Exchange partner, has been a member of the Exchange since May 18, 1905, and has been with A. A. Housman & Co. The new firm will specialize in collateral time loans and investment securities.

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday as follows:

	April 30.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,047,580	$27,278,535	$282,113,975
Internal rev...	1,238,089	21,830,161	220,917,985
Miscellaneous..	24,285	4,044,824	37,753,402
Total r'c'ts....	2,309,948	53,153,520	540,785,373
Expenditures...	1,754,877	53,807,033	557,489,197
Surplus	555,071	*653,512	*16,703,823

*Deficit.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, May 2.—To-day was a holiday on the Stock Exchange.

Bar silver steady at 24 15-16d per ounce.

Money, 2¾ per cent.

Rate of discount for short bills, 3 per cent.; for three months' bills, 2¾@2⅞ per cent.

The Bank of England obtained the bulk of the $1,000,000 in gold available, and this, with the arrival of over $2,000,000 in eagles, made discounts weak.

PARIS, May 2.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were heavy.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 70c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 26c for checks.

BERLIN, May 2.—Prices on the Boerse to-day ruled irregular, with specialties strong.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4 per cent.

Private rate of discount, 3 per cent.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird.....	1 10 6	Esperanza	2 8 9
Tomboy	0 18 0	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 7 3	Stratton's Ind...	0 3 3

BANK OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, May 2.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand, decreased.....	95,171,000
Loans, increased.....	66,268,000
Discounts, increased.....	57,815,000
Treasury bills, increased.....	1,678,000
Notes in circulation, increased.....	128,259,000
Deposits, decreased.....	105,626,000
Gold in hand, decreased.....	59,327,000

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 2.—Lower prices were again the rule in the local market to-day, and both traders and commission houses were sellers throughout the list. Amalgamated declined about three points, North Lake sold down to 10½, North Butte to 31½, and Lake to 50. The undertone continued weak until the last half hour, when a few buying orders made their appearance, and the market closed steady.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$38,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s..	90¾	90¼	90¼
2,000	A., T. & S. Fe 4s...	98¾	98¾	98¾
3,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	95⅜	95⅛	95⅛
5,000	C. J. R. & U. S. Y. 5s, 1915	100¾	100¾	100¾
6,000	K. C., M. & B. inc. 5s	91¼	91¼	91¼
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s.....	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
10,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s..	100¾	100¾	100¾
2,000	United Fruit 4½s....	96	96	96
3,000	U. S. Steel 5s.....	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛

RAILROADS.

10	Boston Elevated	126	125½	125¼
50	Boston & Albany....	223	223	223
5	C. J. R. & U. S. Y..	145	145	145
100	C., M. & St. Paul...	136¾	136¾	136¼
2,070	Mass. Electric	17¾	17	17
1	Mass. Electric pf....	87	87	87
98	N. Y., N. H. & H...	150⅛	149½	150
5	Old Colony	190	190	190
450	Union Pacific	177⅜	176¾	177½
5	Vermont & Mass....	162	162	162
2	West End	87	87	87

TELEPHONES.

1,841	American	134	133¼	133¼
5	Cumberland	147	147	147
100	Mexican	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
25	Mexican pf.	6½	6½	6½
20	New England	133⅜	133	133½
105	Western	15½	15½	15½

MISCELLANEOUS.

130	Am. Agr. Chem.....	42	41¾	42
128	Am. Agr. Chem. pf..	100½	100	100½
149	Atlantic, G. & W. I.	8	8	8
210	Am. Pneu. Service..	5¾	5½	5½
145	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	17	16⅞	16⅞
302	Am. Sugar Ref.....	121½	120	121
138	Am. Sugar Ref. pf..	120½	120	120½
35	Am. Woolen	32	32	32
219	Am. Woolen pf.....	97¾	97¼	97⅜
57	Edison	249¾	248½	249¾
3	General Electric	146½	145¾	145¾
34	Mackay pf.	77¼	76½	77
508	Mass. Gas	87½	87¼	87¼
308	Mass. Gas pf.....	92¼	91½	91½
20	Mergenthaler	217	217	217
10	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	109	108	108
207	Pullman	163½	162	163
20	Reece Buttonhole ...	12¼	12¼	12¼
100	Reece Folding Mach.	5¼	5	5¼
65	Rotary Ring	9¾	9	9
15	Seattle Electric	113¾	113¾	113¾
70	Swift	104½	103½	103½
35	Torrington pf.	30	30	30
3	Torrington, Class A.	30	30	30
230	United Fruit	175	174	174
580	United Shoe	68¾	68¼	68¼
54	United Shoe pf.....	29	28¾	29
6,161	U. S. Steel.....	80¼	78¼	79½
38	U. S. Steel pf.....	118	116½	116½

MINING.

800	Adventure	6	5	5
8,955	Amalgamated	67	64¾	65⅜
180	Allouez	40	40	40
45	American Zinc	24½	24½	24½
370	Arcadian	5	4½	4½
805	Arizona Commercial.	16	15	15¼
175	Atlantic	6¼	6	6
75	Batopilas	3	2⅞	2⅞
400	Bonanza	55c	55c	55c
10	Boston Cons.....	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
40	Boston Corbin	11½	11¼	11½
990	Butte Coalition	20	18¾	19
50	Butte & Balaklala..	9¼	9¼	9¼
175	Calumet & Arizona..	61½	60	60
20	Calumet & Hecla....	574	573	577
5	Centennial	17	17	17
1,824	Copper Range	66	64	65
5	Daly-West	8½	8½	8½
1,140	East Butte	7¼	7	7
450	Elm River	1½	1	1
820	Franklin	11½	11	11⅜
2,070	Giroux	7	6¾	6¾
593	Granby	40	38	38
1,860	Greene-Cananea	8⅝	8	8
5	Hancock	18	18	18
180	Helvetia	3	3	3
1,225	Indiana	18	16½	17
610	Isle Royale	14	14	14
470	Kerr Lake	8⅝	8½	8½
373	Keweenaw	4¼	3⅞	3⅞
3,482	Lake	52	50	51½
430	La Salle	11⅞	11¼	11½
260	Mass	6¾	6	6½
1,805	Miami	21¼	20¼	20½
25	Michigan	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
35	Mohawk	48	45¾	45¾
125	New Idria	8	8	8
4,382	Nevada	19¼	18¾	18¾
170	Nipissing	9⅞	9⅜	9⅞
3,241	North Butte	32¾	31½	32
1,575	North Lake	11½	10½	10⅞
200	Old Dominion	32½	32	32½
183	Osceola	133½	130	130
210	Parrot	13½	13	13
107	Quincy	77	75	77
350	Ray Cons.....	17	16¾	16¾
150	Santa Fe	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
790	Shannon	11	10⅝	10⅝
370	Superior	39½	38	39
245	Superior & Boston...	10	10	10
1,330	Superior & Pittsburg.	12	11¼	11½
300	South Utah	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
155	Tamarack	49	48	48
209	Trinity	6	6	6
135	U. S. Oil.....	34	33½	33½
1,720	U. S. Smelting.....	40¼	39½	40¼
350	U. S. Smelting pf....	48¾	48	48¾
923	Utah-Apex.....	3	3	3
816	Utah Cons.....	21¼	20	20
140	Utah Copper	41⅝	41	41¼
10	Winona	7	6¾	7
20	Wolverine	117⅜	117⅜	117⅜
180	Wyandotte	2	1⅞	2

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.10	Justice	.11
Alpha Con.....	.09	Lady Wash. Con....	.09
Andes	.11	Mexican	1.40
Belcher	.94	Occidental Con.....	.23
Bullion	.15	Ophir	1.45
Caledonia	.47	Overman	.90
Challenge Con.....	.26	Potosi	.37
Chollar	.18	Sag Belcher	.15
Con. Cal. & Va.....	1.12	Sierra Nevada	.34
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.....	.33
Crown Point	.25	Utah Con.....	.07
Gould & Curry.....	.20	Yellow Jacket.....	.93
Hale & Norcross...	.36		

Silver bars, 54½; drafts, sight, 2@2 per cent. premium; telegraph, 4@5 per cent. premium. Mexican dollars, 45½@46¾.

TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.01
Belmont	2.90	Daisy	.07
Jim Butler	.15	Diamondfield	.01
McNamara	.28	Goldfield C. M.....	7.82
Midway	.27	Great Bend	.02
Montana	.83	Jumbo Extension...	.20
North Star	.02	Kendall	.02
Tonopah Extension.	.85	Lone Star	.02
West End	.35	Red Hills	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Storm	.10
Atlanta	.12	St. Ives	.10
Blue Bell	.02	Silver Pick	.09
Combination Fract..	.42		

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., May 2.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	7½	8	Jackpot	6	7¼
Elkton	69¼	69¾	McKinney...	47	50
El Paso ...	76⅝	77½	Old Gold....	4	5
Findlay.....	10	11	Portland ...	104½	105¾
Gold Dollar.	12½	13	Vindicator..	79	80
Isabella	16	17	Jen. Samp..	9½	9⅝

DIVIDENDS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the Treasurer, New York, April 27th 1910.

A dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. on the capital stock of the ROME, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office on and after May 16th, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on April 30th, 1910.
EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY,
51 Wall Street, New York.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of Four Per Cent. on its Preferred Stock, payable May 14, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business May 10, 1910.
CHARLES B. POND, Treasurer.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 16 Cockspur St. 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad Co., Midland Railroad Company of New Jersey,
First Mortgage Extended Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds,
Due April 1st, 1940. Interest payable April 1st and October 1st.
TAX EXEMPT IN NEW JERSEY.
Price and description on application. Yield about 4.30%.
CLARK, DODGE & CO.
51 Wall Street BANKERS New York

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY
42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
May 2, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the First Mortgage Bonds of the Milwaukee & Northern Railroad Company, due June 1, 1910, will be extended at the option of the holders thereof for three years at 4½%, payable semi-annually, or until June 1, 1913, if presented at this office on or before June 10, 1910. The lien of the First Mortgage securing said bonds is to remain unimpaired.
Holders of these bonds who do not desire to extend them will present them for payment at the office of White, Weld & Co., No. 5 Nassau Street, New York City.
Roswell Miller, Chairman.
5 Nassau Street, New York City,
May 2, 1910.
Referring to the foregoing notice, we are prepared to pay par for such of the above bonds as are presented at our office, No. 5 Nassau Street, New York City, on or after June 1, 1910.
Holders of bonds should not stamp or write thereon.
White, Weld & Co.

State of New York
Highway Improvement Gold 4s, Due 1960
Tax Exempt in New York State
Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trustees.
Acceptable as security for State and Federal Funds.
Price, subject to sale, 106¼ and interest.
White, Weld & Co.
5 Nassau St. New York The Rookery Chicago

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and McAdoo Tunnel Terminals, Jersey City, N. J.
Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,000,000.00
Corporations and residents of New Jersey and other States transacting business in New York and maintaining bank accounts in New Jersey, obtain all the facilities of a New York City bank, and their funds are not subject to taxation as in New York.
JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice-President. WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer. J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

$100,000,000
OF
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Outstanding, attest the
PUBLIC CONFIDENCE
IN THE
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President
59 Liberty St., Manhattan. 181 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Thos. L. Manson & Co.
Have removed their offices to the Fourth Floor of the
AMERICAN SURETY BUILDING
100 Broadway
Telephone Rector 2500

COBALTS—NEVADAS—COPPERS.
EPPS MARKET LETTER
Curb Mining Stocks Free Weekly
EDWARD E. EPPS & CO., 25 Broad St., N. Y.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE copartnership heretofore existing between ISIDOR H. SILVER and DANIEL MAYER, under the firm name and style of SILVER & MAYER, at No. 115 West 42d Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. DANIEL MAYER has acquired all the assets and good will of the said copartnership and assumed all of the debts and liabilities of same.

Dated New York, April 29th, 1910.
(Signed.) Isidor H. Silver, Daniel Mayer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership of VAN BEUREN, MARTIN & JESUP has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

MICHAEL MURRAY VAN BEUREN and RICHARD M. JESUP will continue as bankers and brokers under the firm name of VAN BEUREN & JESUP, at their present offices, No. 7 Wall Street, New York City, Manhattan.
Dated New York, May 2d, 1910.
VAN BEUREN & JESUP.

JEROME S. BETTMAN, importer of hair nets, has severed his business connections with EDMUND GROSSMAN, and will carry on the business alone under the firm name of J. S. BETTMAN CO. at the old address, 118 East 28th St.

Buffalo and Susquehanna Railway Company
First Mortgage Four and One-Half Per Centum Gold Bonds.
To the holders of bonds of the above issue:
At the request of a large number of bondholders the undersigned organized on April 15, 1910, as a Committee to protect the interests of the holders of the First Mortgage Four and One-Half Per Centum Gold Bonds of the BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA RAILWAY COMPANY, secured by its mortgage to the United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated April 1, 1905.
Default in the payment of the interest due on said bonds May 1, 1910, having occurred, and the Company's affairs having been placed in the hands of a receiver, co-operation among the bondholders has become imperative.
Bondholders are invited promptly to deposit their bonds with the Committee's Depositary, **Bankers Trust Company**, No. 7 Wall Street, New York City, which, on behalf of the Committee, will issue transferable certificates of deposits therefor. The agreement, copies of which may be obtained from the Depositary, provides that in case the Committee shall adopt a plan of reorganization any holder of certificates of deposit who may be dissatisfied with such plan will be entitled to withdraw his deposited bonds within three weeks from the commencement of the publication of notice that the plan has been adopted and lodged with the Bankers Trust Company as Depositary, upon payment of a proportionate share of the expenses of the Committee, but without compensation to the Committee for its services.
Dated May 3, 1910.
WILLIAM SALOMON, Chairman;
GORDON ABBOTT,
ALEXANDER BROWN,
HARVEY E. FISK,
BENJAMIN STRONG, JR.,
ASA S. WING,
Committee.
GEORGE G. HENRY, Secretary.
25 Broad Street, New York City.
CRAVATH, HENDERSON & de GERSDORFF, PHILBIN, BEEKMAN, MENKEN & GRISCOM, Attorneys for the Committee,
52 William Street, New York City.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Depositary,
7 Wall Street, New York City.

Comstock Mines.
Located at Virginia City and Gold Hill, Storey County, Nevada.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
The amount of stock deposited under the terms of the circular letter of March 8th, 1910, warrants the Committee in proceeding further with the plan suggested in said circular letter. The Committee have, accordingly, employed Mr. ROSCOE H. CHANNING, Jr., to make an examination of the various properties as a basis for a Reorganization or Readjustment Plan along the lines suggested in said circular letter. Mr. Channing has already begun his examination.
In order that all stockholders may have a full opportunity to deposit their stock, the time for making deposits under said circular letter has been extended to and including the FIRST DAY OF JUNE, 1910.
Dated May 2, 1910.
FRANKLIN LEONARD, Jr., Chairman,
ADOLPH LEWISOHN,
ERNST THALMANN,
A. L. SCHEUER,
L. F. SHAW,
W. C. RALSTON,
JAMES McNAB,
J. PARKE CHANNING, M. E.,
CHARLES A. ELLIS,
Committee.
HERMAN COOK,
Secretary to the Committee,
42 Broadway, New York.

BID FOR STATE BONDS.

In accordance with Senate Bill No. 309, Chapter 99 of the Laws of 1910, authorizing the issuance of State bonds for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Government of the State of Mississippi, in accordance with said law, hereby give notice that on the 6th day of June, 1910, at or about twelve o'clock noon, at the Governor's office, in the City of Jackson, Mississippi, the Governor, Treasurer, and Auditor of the State of Mississippi will receive sealed bids for the issue of Six Hundred Thousand Dollars of twenty-year non-taxable bonds of the State of Mississippi in series of Five Hundred Dollars each, redeemable by the State at the expiration of twenty years from the date of issuance. Said bonds to bear interest at a rate of not exceeding four per centum per annum and the interest thereon payable on the 1st day of January and July of each year at the Treasurer's office at Jackson, Mississippi. All bids must be accompanied by certified check for one-tenth of the amount of bonds bid for, and the right is hereby reserved to reject any and all bids.

I, E. F. Noel, Governor of the State of Mississippi, do this 30th day of April, 1910, authorize publication to be made in three newspapers, in accordance with the law, and declaring that the sale of the said bonds will be made on the day designated in said notices and to continue from day to day thereafter until said bonds are sold as the law requires.
E. F. NOEL,
Governor of the State of Mississippi.

ROGERS LOCOMOTIVE WORKS,
No. 30 Church Street, New York City.
TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. BONDS:
Please take notice that bonds numbered as follows have been selected as provided in Paragraph Third of the mortgage securing the same to be redeemed at par and accrued interest on the 14th day of May next ensuing:

5	26	29	46	77
85	101	146	169	172
188	203	222	255	283
301	345	404	410	412
431	443	449	463	464

Such bonds shall cease to draw interest from said date and will be redeemed at the aforesaid price upon presentation and surrender thereof, with all unpaid coupons attached, on and after said date at the office of The Trust Company of America, successor by merger to Colonial Trust Company, Trustee, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City.
Rogers Locomotive Works,
By C. B. DENNY, Treasurer.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% GOLD BONDS OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN COAL AND IRON COMPANY.
The undersigned Trustee, under the mortgage above referred to, desires under the authority of said mortgage to expend the sum of fifteen thousand three hundred fifty and 70-100 dollars ($15,350.70) in the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided such purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously.
Sealed offers of such bonds may be sent to the Knickerbocker Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York, on or before June 15, 1910. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids not in accordance with the above announcement.
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO., Trustee.
By CHARLES H. KEEP, President.
Dated New York, May 3, 1910.

SUPERIOR WATER, LIGHT & POWER CO.
Pursuant to the Sinking Fund provisions of the first mortgage of the above Company, the sum of $15,000 has been deposited with the undersigned for the purchase of bonds. Proposals for the sale of bonds to the amount of deposit stated will be received by the Trustee at its office, No. 55 Cedar

FREIGHT RATE RISE HITS WEST FIRST

Twenty-five Lines in Great Lakes Territory Have Filed Advanced Tariffs in Washington.

APPLY TO MANUFACTURES

Raw Products Generally Spared—Only Individual Items So Far Increased by Eastern Roads.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Interest in the general increase of freight rates by the Western railroads brought a number of Congressmen and Senators to the offices of the Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day, where they sought to get detailed information of just what has taken place already, and some idea of what seems likely to happen in the near future. Many of them had received telegrams and letters of protest from constituents, and had been urged to do something to prevent such advances. There were also a number of other inquirers at the commission offices, with many calls by telephone for accurate and authoritative information.

Meantime additional tariffs are being received by the commission daily. Year in and year out the number of freight tariff sheets filed with the commission by the different railroads of the country averages about 100 a day. It is a difficult matter to unravel the intricacies of a freight tariff giving as it usually does the rates on different articles and classes of articles between many different points, with variations to suit carrying conditions. The officials of the commission have been busily at work on the new tariffs that have been coming in during the last few days, however, and are already able to put certain information before the public in definite and accurate form.

The first territory to feel the movement for higher rates is that lying between the Missouri and Mississippi and the great lakes. All the trunk lines controlling the traffic between Chicago and St. Louis and Kansas City, St. Paul, Milwaukee, Memphis, and intermediate points are embraced in the advance. Including the great trunk lines, the Northwestern, Milwaukee, Rock Island, Burlington, Atchison, Alton, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, Illinois Central, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Missouri, Kansas & Texas, Missouri Pacific, and Wabash, there are twenty-five roads embraced in the movement.

Increase on Manufactured Articles.

There were filed to-day with the Inter-State Commerce Commission several tariffs to go into effect June 1, and several tariffs have gone into operation within the last few days in the territory named. The construction of the new tariff has been restricted to articles mainly in manufactured goods and those in which there is usually at this time of the year a heavy business. Agricultural implements, brick, cement, building paper, iron pipe, building stone, harness, dry and salted hides, coal tar, asphalt, paving cement, furniture, alcohol, whisky and wines, beer, packing-house products, and similar staples are the principal commodities affected by the changes. Raw products like grain, lumber, and coal have been spared for the most part.

Peaches from the Southern Mississippi Valley were not forgotten, and the rate goes up enough to produce a very much increased revenue. In some of the proposed increases the percentage of advance has been worked out and it is shown that the general increase rarely goes above 20 per cent. of the old rate. This increase on the freight cost entering into the price of staples affected by the new tariffs, while it may appear large to the shipper and the local merchant, and will inevitably be made the pretext for a general increase of prices by the jobber and the retailer, is in reality not sufficient, it is pointed out, to justify any material increase to the ultimate consumer. An increase that may loom up as 20 per cent. on the freight of an article paying a tariff of 25 to 30 cents per hundred pounds becomes hardly half of 1 per cent. in the final price of the article.

So far there has been no significant increase of rates on any of the Eastern trunk lines in consequence of any avowed effect of the general trend of prices upward and increased cost of labor or living. There is, however, a feeling that several trunk lines have been insensibly making increases in individual items generally over a wide territory. Single increases have been made steadily for months by some of these lines, the Pennsylvania, perhaps, being a typical example of this practice, such a policy will sooner or later make itself felt on the business of the country in a very general increase of freights.

At the office of the Inter-State Commerce Commission it is stated that there has been no advance in passenger rates anywhere with the single exception of the five-cent addition that went into effect to-day on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Road on all tickets for distances greater than one hundred miles.

The Freight Tariff Changes.

The various changes in freight tariffs that have gone into effect and are slated to go into effect June 1, are as follows:

The table shows some of the advances in rates effective June 1, 1910, on Western trunk lines, the rates being expressed in cents per 100 pounds:

	Old.	New.	Adv. P. C.
Agricultural implements from Chicago to St. Paul	15	17	13⅓
Brick between St. Paul and Chicago	12	14	16⅔
Bullion, copper, metal, &c., from St. Paul to Chicago	12½	14½	16
Cement, paving or roofing, tar and pitch between St. Paul and Chicago	8	10	25
Between Duluth & Chicago	10	12	20
Furniture, C. L., from St. Paul to Chicago	25	28½	14
Harness, C. L., between St. Paul and Chicago	40	46	15
Dry hides from St. Paul to Chicago	35	40	14⅓
Hides, green, salt, from St. Paul to Chicago	17.7	22	24.3
Paints from Chicago to St. Paul	19½	22½	15.4
Strawboard, wrapping paper, &c., between St. Paul and Chicago	17½	20	14.28
Sand, between St. Paul and Chicago	9	11	22.2
Stone, building, &c., between St. Paul and Chicago	8	10	25
Tar, from Chicago to Duluth	14	16	14.4
Wagons, from Lake City, Minn., to St. Louis	20	23	15
Wool, from St. Paul to Chicago	40	46	15
Agricultural implements, from Clinton, Iowa, and various points in Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin, to St. Paul	17	20	17.6
Furniture, from Grand Rapids, Wis., &c., to St. Paul	17½	20	14.28
Granite paving blocks, from Berlin, Wis., &c., to St. Paul, &c	7	9	28.5
Green hides, from St. Paul to Merrill, Wis	15.7	20	28
	Ton.	Ton.	
Pig iron, from Duluth, &c., to various Wisconsin points	1.50	1.75	16⅔
Fresh meats, from Eau Claire, Wis., &c., to Duluth, &c	20	23	15
Soap, from St. Paul to Marinette, Wis	17	20	17.7
Stone, from St. Paul, &c., to Wisconsin points	6	7	16⅔
Sugar, from St. Paul, &c., to Wisconsin points	5	7½	50

Changes between Kansas City and St. Louis, Mo., effective June 1, 1910:

	Old.	New.	P. C.
Hand agricultural implements	27	32	18
Bags and bagging	16	19	19
Beer	17	20	18
Paving or roofing cement	12	12	20
Coal tar, pitch and coal tar...	8½	10½	23
Cereal food products	20	22	10
Dry hides, skins, and pelts	30	35	16
Wrought iron or steel pipe	13½	16	18
Scrap iron or steel	10	12	20
Creamery machinery	24½	27	10
Building paper	11	13½	23
Silicate of soda	16	12	20
Vinegar	17½	21	17
Domestic wine	35	42	20

The following railroads are embraced in the Western Trunk Line Association, which agrees on the above increase of rates:

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé, Chicago & Alton, Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Chicago Great Western, Chicago, Indiana & Southern, Chicago, Milwaukee & Gary, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, Elgin, Joliet & Eastern, Fort Dodge, Des Moines & Southern, Illinois Central, Iowa Central, Kansas City Southern, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie, Missouri, Kansas & Texas, Missouri Pacific, Iowa & St. Louis, Quincy, Omaha & Kansas City, St. Louis & San Francisco, St. Paul & Des Moines, and Wabash Railroad.

DELIVERING MAY COTTON.

More Than 202,000 Bales Said to be on the Way to the Mills.

As fast as May cotton was delivered to the buil leaders yesterday on the notices presented Friday, preparations were made to get it under way to the mills. More than 202,000 bales were included in the notices. While a considerable portion of this was in scattered lots the bulk of it went to Eugene Scales, William P. Brown, and Frank B. Hayne, who, with James A. Patten, have been the heaviest buyers of cotton options this season. Although Mr. Patten has been the largest operator among the bulls, it is understood he has received less cotton than his associates. It was estimated yesterday that between 30,000 and 40,000 bales will be shipped to the Southern mills immediately. The bears have until the end of the month to fill their outstanding contracts.

GIRLS UPSET IN A RUNABOUT.

Pinned Under It In the Park Until a Policeman Rescues Them.

Two young women were pinned under an upset light runabout in Central Park yesterday afternoon on the East Drive, near Seventy-first Street, until released by Patrolman Kennedy of Central Park Station. They said they were Anna Katz of 702 East 111th Street and Jeannette Goldson of 28 West 112th Street. Miss Katz's left forearm was fractured and Miss Goldson sustained a scalp wound. Both were taken to the Presbyterian Hospital in an automobile that was passing and went home after treatment.

The horse attached to the runabout reared and overturned the carriage, but the animal stood still, and Patrolman Kennedy, who was near by, quickly released the couple.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Morganite Brushes Used for Generators Are Given Lower Rate of Duty.

The General Electric Company has been sustained by the Board of United States General Appraisers in a decision that under the Tariff act of 1909 so-called "Morganite brushes link and type" are entitled to enter into the country at the rate of 30 per cent. under the provision in the law reading, "electrodes, brushes, plates, and disks, all the foregoing composed wholly or in chief value of carbon."

The articles are carbon brushes or pressure brushes fitted with flexible metal connections, and are designed to be used in connection with electric generators. Duty was assessed at the rate of 45 per cent. as articles composed in part of metal. In sustaining the General Electric Company's contention General Appraiser Fischer, in his decision for the board, says he finds that the brushes in question are of a particular type of carbon brush, termed "morganite."

It is a specially prepared graphite in the form of carbon put together by a patented process. From the testimony offered and from an examination of the samples the board is of the opinion that the metal attachments, which are merely intended to fasten the article to the brush holder, are relatively of less value than the carbon or graphite portion. The conclusion is reached that the articles are in chief value of graphite, and are not dutiable under the metal schedule.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Down on Rains and Weakness Abroad—Corn Firmer—Provisions Active—Suspense In Cotton.

The wheat market opened with a very sharp break, due to the decided weakness of the European markets and to good rains in Kansas and Nebraska. European markets have been very weak for days and have been ignored, but yesterday the weakness abroad, with bearish foreign statistics and favorable weather in the Southwest, induced heavy selling, carrying the market off 1@1½c a bushel early. On the decline there was some buying on the reports of unexpected damage, and there was a sharp recovery after midday on the decrease of 3,607,000 bushels in the visible supply, due to the regular opening of navigation distribution and to heavy covering on a report by a Western authority claiming a loss in wheat crop condition of 6 per cent. for the month. This authority also reported 4,124,000 acres of the crop abandoned, and that the area standing for harvest was only 29,159,000 acres and present prospects 400,000,000 bushels. The Oklahoma State report, showing a loss of 5 points during the month of April, and the Kentucky report, showing a loss of 6 points, tended to bear out this statement of loss in condition, and there was an active buying on the report. The deliveries of wheat on May contracts were small, as stated, and the May delivery was rather neglected. The reports on the cash situation were of quiet demand. The large decrease in the visible, as stated, was due to shipments from Buffalo and from Duluth, with some decrease in Minneapolis. Cash wheat quoted: No. 2 red Winter, $1.14½, nominal, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 2 red, spot, nominal, $1.15⅝, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, opening $1.17⅜, nominal; No. 2 hard Winter, nominal; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, May, $1.07½.

Trade in corn was fairly active and prices showed a good deal of strength. The deliveries at the West, while nearly 2,000,000 bushels, were not as large as expected, and the effect was a stiffening in the May delivery, and this influenced the entire list. Shorts, who were expected to break on the deliveries, bought freely, and the weather conditions were considerd less favorable, owing to the cold rains. There was a decrease of 1,223,000 bushels in the visible, and the cash situation seems to have improved. Cash corn quoted: No. 2, nominal, elevator, export basis; steamer, 64¾c, elevator, export basis.

Oats were quiet, with rather small change in price. The crop conditions were considered rather favorable, owing to the rains in the Missouri Valley, where needed, and were not unfavorable elsewhere. There was a decrease of 641,000 bushles in the visible, and the market showed some improvement with other grain after midday, but closed with small net change. Cash oats quoted: Natural white, 45¾@48c; white clipped, 46½@52c.

The trade in lard products was quite active. The market opened weak and sold off sharply, although the receipts of hogs were 6,000 head more than expected, and prices were 5@10c lower. The product market sold off sharply on the decline in hogs, but steadied a little in the afternoon.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Saturday's

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.
May	$1.10⅝	$1.09¾	$1.10¼	$1.15
July	1.08⅝	1.07¼	1.08⅝	1.08⅛
September	1.08⅝	1.07¼	1.08⅝	1.08⅛
Corn—				
May	68¾	68¼	68¾	68
July	..	..	72	71¼
September	..	..	71½	70⅝
Lard—				
September	..	..	12.50	12.60

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—July, wheat, $1.10½; puts, $1.09⅝; calls, $1.11¾.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Saturday's

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.
May	$1.08¼	$1.07¼	$1.08	$1.08¼
July	1.03¾	1.01¾	1.02¾	1.03¼
September	1.01¾	1.00	1.01⅜	1.01½

2:30-2:45 P. M.—July, ups, $1.02¼@$1.02¾; downs, $1.00⅝@$1.00½.

Corn—				
May	59¾	58	59¾	58¼
July	63¼	61⅞	62¾	62¼
September	64¼	62¾	63⅞	63⅜
December	58⅝	58	58½	58¼

July—Ups, 63¼c; downs, 62½c.

Oats—				
May	41¾	40⅞	41½	41
July	40⅝	39⅞	40¼	40¼
September	38⅞	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
December	..	..	..	39¼
Lard—				
May	12.40	12.25	12.40	12.47½
July	12.25	12.07½	12.22½	12.30
September	12.20	12.05	12.20	12.27½
Ribs—				
May	12.20	12.05	12.20	12.22½
July	12.10	11.90	12.07½	12.12½
September	12.10	11.87½	12.07½	12.12½
Pork—				
May	..	..	21.60	21.62½
July	21.75	21.37½	21.75	21.85
September	21.80	21.40	21.80	21.85

COTTON.

Cotton was narrow with limited trade. The interest in the May was small, and only occasional trades were made. The bull leaders were supporting the market, and one of the leaders bid for 25,000 bales, but succeeded in buying only a very little. There were a few scattered tenders, but as the day was not regular tender day, the volume was light. There was a further increase in certificated stock, bringing the total up to 221,640 bales. This was a gain of about 8,000 bales from Saturday. The amount of cotton certificated during April was 142,000 bales, and the net gain in stocks 126,000. The difference was due to withdrawals and expirations. The crop conditions resulted in some buying of the new crop deliveries, and there was a better feeling due to the continuation of rather unfavorable weather. In the far Southwest the temperatures were lower, with predictions of frost, and there was apprehension that there might be further damage. The reports continue to indicate a good deal of injury, and in Texas it is said that fully 25 per cent. of the crop will have to be replanted. The claims from other sections indicate large amount of replanting will be absolutely essential. The report by Miss Giles made an increase in the area of 2.9 per cent., with the present acreage 33,061,000. This report was based on advices of April 25, and did not include any allowances for the damage done by the frosts. She states that 19,820,000 acres were planted on April 25, but how much of that amount will need to be replanted, it was impossible as yet to state. Southern spots were unchanged, to ⅛ advance. New York spot cotton quiet, unchanged. Middling uplands, 15.25c; Middling Gulf, 15.50c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
May	14.85	14.78	14.81@14.82	14.80
June	14.74	14.74	14.70@14.72	14.71
July	14.69	14.59	14.62@14.63	14.65
August	14.09	13.98	14.00@14.02	14.05
September	..	..	13.11@13.13	13.11
October	12.75	12.66	12.69@12.70	12.66
November	..	..	12.52@12.54	12.48
December	12.55	12.49	12.52@ ..	12.47
January	12.50	12.50	12.49@12.50	12.44

The market closed dull at 3 decline to 5 advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was very quiet during the early operations, with prices at the opening steady, with March and April 1 point higher, while the other positions were unchanged. Late trading was more active, the total volume of business amounting to 31,750 bags, and prices were easier under moderate pressure, closing at unchanged to 5 points net lower. Havre opened unchanged to ¼f lower, while Hamburg was down ¾ pfennig, and in Brazil Rio was nominal, while Santos was unchanged, with No. 4s quoted at 4$350 and 7s at 3$950. Total receipts at Rio and Santos so far this season are 14,285,000 bags, against 11,665,000 last year. The crop is now considered to be about 15,000,000 bags, and stocks in Brazil amount to 1,877,000 bags at Rio and Santos, against 486,000 a year ago. Warehouse deliveries of Brazilian coffee at United States ports last week were 70,816 bags, against 80,200 the previous week and 67,964 last year. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is 3,161,300 bags, against 3,614,537 last year and 3,494,935 two years ago. Spot coffee quiet and steady; 8¾c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices ranged as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
May	..	..	6.35@6.40	6.35
June	..	..	6.40@6.45	6.40
July	6.50	6.50	6.45@6.50	6.50
August	..	..	6.50@6.55	6.55
September	6.60	6.55	6.55@6.60	6.60
October	..	..	6.60@6.65	6.65
November	..	..	6.60@6.65	6.65
December	6.70	6.65	6.65@6.70	6.70
January	..	..	6.68@6.73	6.73
February	..	..	6.72@6.75	6.76
March	6.80	6.80	6.76@6.78	6.79
April	6.78	6.77	6.78@6.80	6.79

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Monday.

Business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was very heavy. Sales totaled 170,710 shares, with fifty-nine different stocks making up the trading list for the day. Of the grand total, United States Steel common accounted for 65,010 shares. The market opened under heavy selling pressure. For the greater part of the day liquidation in large volume from commission houses mingled with vigorous short selling by room traders. Covering to secure profits on the short side was a feature of the final hour.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Allis-Chal. pf	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
18,120..	Amal. Copper	66⅝	67	64¼	65⅜
80..	Am. B. Sugar	35¾	36	35	36
20..	Am. Can	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
600..	Am. C. & Fdy	57¾	57¾	55½	56
90..	Am. Cot. Oil	59	59¾	58⅞	59¼
60..	Am. H. & L. pf	31	31	30⅝	30⅞
90..	Am. Ice	23⅜	23⅜	23	23
150..	Am. Locomo	46½	46¾	46¼	46¼
16,930..	Am. Smelting	76⅞	77⅝	75⅞	76
150..	Am. Sugar	120¼	120⅝	120	120¼
600..	Anac. Copper	40	40⅜	39½	40⅛
1,160..	A., T. & S. F.	107⅛	107⅝	105¾	106½
30..	Bal. & Ohio	103½	107	106½	107
1,050..	Brook. R. T.	75⅝	77¾	75⅛	76⅝
580..	Cent. Leather	40¾	41	39	40
650..	Ches. & Ohio	82	82⅜	81⅝	82¼
10..	Chi. Gt. W	27	27	27	27
1,630..	C., M. & St.P.	136½	137⅛	134½	135⅛
420..	Col. F. & I	36⅝	36⅞	35¾	36⅛
800..	Con. Gas	133	133	130⅝	131½
280..	Corn Products	14⅝	14⅝	14⅛	14⅜
100..	Den. & R. G	38	38	37½	37½
110..	Dist. Secur	29	29	28¼	28⅝
380..	Erie	27½	27¾	26½	26⅞
20..	Erie 1st pf	43¾	43¾	43½	43⅝
230..	Erie 2d pf	32	32	31½	32
340..	Inter.-Met.	19¾	19½	19	19¼
500..	Int.-Met pf	52¼	52⅜	50⅞	51⅜
140..	Ill. Central	134⅜	134¾	134¼	134⅜
40..	Kan. City So	32	32	31½	32
20..	Louis. & Nash.	141	141	140	140
340..	Mo., K. & T	39¼	39¼	38⅝	39
60..	Mo. Pacific	66⅜	66½	66¼	66½
130..	Nat. Lead	76⅜	76⅝	75¼	75⅝
1,140..	N. Y. Central	118⅜	117	117	117⅝
210..	N. Y., O. & W.	41⅞	42½	41⅝	42½
60..	Nor. & West.	99¾	99¾	98⅞	98⅞
610..	Nor. Pacific	128	128	126½	127
10..	Pacific Mail	25	25	25	25
2,060..	Pennsylvania	131⅝	131⅝	130	130½
110..	People's Gas	107½	107¾	107¼	107¾
310..	Pr. Steel Car	37¼	37½	36½	37
10..	Ry. St. Spg	37	37	37	37
29,060..	Reading	156⅜	156¾	154¼	155⅝
30..	Rep. Steel	32⅜	32½	32¼	32½
1,030..	Rock Island	42¼	42⅜	41⅛	42¼
4,180..	Southern Pac.	119⅞	120¼	118¼	119¼
450..	Southern Ry.	25	25	24¾	24⅞
60..	Tenn. Copper	25¼	26	25½	26
20..	Texas Pacific	20¼	20¼	20	20¼
19,140..	Union Pacific	178⅜	178¾	176¼	177⅛
30..	U. S. Rubber	38⅞	39¼	38⅞	39⅛
65,010..	U. S. Steel	80	80⅝	78¾	79⅝
290..	U. S. Steel pf.	117⅜	118⅜	116⅞	117⅜
80..	Utah Copper	42	42	40¾	40⅞
250..	Va.-Car. Ch	55⅝	56⅜	55½	56
100..	Wabash	19	19½	19	19¼
810..	Wabash pf	41⅞	41⅞	40⅝	41⅜

170,710

MINING STOCKS.

350..	Brunswick	.10	.10	.10	.10
1,200..	Challenge	.30	.30	.30	.30
400..	Elkton	.67	.67	.67	.67
500..	Gold'd Con.	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75
500..	Jackpot	.06	.06	.06	.06
700..	Jumbo Ext	.24	.24	.23	.23
200..	Justice	.11	.11	.11	.11
1,000..	Newquinc	.06	.06	.06	.06
1,600..	McNamara	.27	.27	.26	.26
300..	Ophir	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
100..	Portland	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03
125..	Quicksilver	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
500..	Tonopah Ext	.83	.83	.83	.83
569..	West End	33⅓	33⅓	33⅓	33⅓

7,575

WHEAT.

205,000..	July option	1.02⅛	1.03⅛	1.02	1.02⅝

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—

	1910.	1909.	Inc.
3d week April	$44,043	$43,406	$637
July 1-April 21	2,191,061	1,691,867	427,194

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY—

3d week April	155,038	134,046	21,012
Jan. 1-April 21	2,467,508	2,069,977	397,531

TWIN CITY LINES—

3d week April	402,867	372,847	30,020
Jan. 1-April 21	2,104,352	1,909,314	195,038

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for March—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	$118,708	$101,972	$95,773
Net earnings	49,265	41,622	39,121
Sur. after ch'ges	17,062	12,858	11,351
9 mos. gross	1,181,898	1,076,989	1,058,533
9 mos. net	526,288	487,732	474,402
Sur. after ch'ges	252,333	236,040	223,753

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY for March—

Gross earnings	2,163,321	2,311,420	1,790,611
Expenses	1,274,782	1,226,876	1,240,640
Net earnings	888,539	1,084,544	540,962
Balance	888,539	1,084,544	540,962
Charges & taxes	550,222	502,981	582,294
Surplus	338,317	491,563	441,332
9 mos gross	20,833,337	19,185,675	20,371,129
Expenses	11,435,106	10,946,125	11,802,127
9 mos. net	9,523,951	8,237,450	8,568,992
Balance	9,523,951	8,237,450	8,568,992
Charges & taxes	4,501,683	4,646,106	4,665,822
9 mos. surplus	5,022,268	3,591,344	4,008,170

*Deficit.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,038.6	1,895.8	1,839.2
Total op. revenue	2,886,698	2,240,642	1,946,981
Total op. expenses	1,647,988	1,363,844	1,274,155
Net op. revs.	9,532,373	7,500,352	6,876,170
Deduct fix. chgs and tax, less other inc.	553,082	548,612	489,682
Surplus	685,628	337,185	188,093
July 1 to March 31—			
Total op. revenue	23,470,945	19,636,252	20,383,365
Total op. expenses	13,938,571	12,136,899	13,507,195
Net op. revenue	9,532,373	7,500,353	6,876,170
Deduct fix. chgs and tax, less other inc.	4,663,152	4,666,363	4,396,239
Surplus	4,869,221	2,842,989	2,479,931

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

	1910.	1909.	Inc.
Mileage	1,738.89	1,788.89	.....
Total op. revenue	$1,366,660	$1,146,190	$220,469
Total op. expenses	822,492	775,971	46,520
Net op. revenue	544,167	370,218	173,948
Outside operat. (debit)	933	979	*45
Total net revenue	543,233	369,239	173,993
Taxes	60,895	53,007	7,887
Operat. income	482,337	316,231	166,106
July 1 to March 31—			
Total op. revenue	11,416,173	10,295,906	1,120,266
Total op. expenses	7,387,255	6,565,280	821,974
Net op. revenue	4,028,918	3,730,626	298,291
Outside operat. (debit)	1,260	†1,438	*2,699
Total net revenue	4,027,657	3,732,065	295,592
Taxes	489,658	476,841	12,817
Operat. income	3,537,999	3,255,224	282,775

*Decrease. †Credit.

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC for March—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	$276,893	$217,138	$229,981
Expenses	175,047	153,169	157,811
Net earnings	101,846	63,969	62,080
Other income	2,836	2,166	10,626
Total income	104,682	66,135	72,706
Chgs., taxes, &c	95,650	90,935	93,091
Surplus	9,032	*24,800	*20,385
9 mos. gross	2,421,665	1,993,583	2,337,080
Expenses	1,648,930	1,456,795	1,742,957
9 mos net	772,735	536,788	594,123
Other inc.	41,662	45,739	68,904
Total income	814,397	582,527	662,027
Chgs., taxes, &c	666,252	815,161	871,226
9 mos. deficit	51,855	232,634	208,199

*Deficit.

ERIE for March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	4,818,697	4,388,410	450,287
Exp. and taxes	3,241,560	2,981,972	259,587
Net	1,577,137	1,386,437	190,700
9 mos. gross	41,408,491	37,738,539	3,669,952
Exp. and taxes	29,723,052	27,914,898	1,808,153
9 mos. net	11,685,440	9,823,641	1,861,799

INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO for March—

	1910.	1909	1908.
Gross	769,259	760,431	685,284
Expenses	478,039	458,898	441,673
Net	291,220	301,533	223,611
9 mos. gross	5,637,047	5,175,435	5,840,118
Expenses	3,652,536	3,450,920	4,145,429
9 mos. net	1,984,511	1,724,515	1,694,689

KANSAS CITY RAILWAY & LIGHT for March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	622,555	561,774	60,781
Expenses	347,083	315,171	31,912
Net	275,471	246,603	28,868
Chgs. and taxes.	160,665	156,799	3,866
Surplus	114,806	89,803	25,003
Ten mos. gross.	5,931,714	5,500,067	461,647
Expenses	3,354,467	3,130,220	224,247
10 mos. net	2,607,247	2,369,847	237,400
Chgs. and taxes.	1,576,179	1,572,076	4,103
10 mos. surp	1,031,067	797,771	233,296

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—

	March. Inc.	Jan. 1-Mch.31. Inc.
Gross	79,998	165,380
Expenses	49,517	137,947
Net increase	30,481	27,433

MARYLAND & PENNSYLVANIA for February—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	24,341	24,518	21,513
Exp. and taxes.	20,931	19,969	18,861
Net	3,410	4,849	2,652
Charges	6,948	6 973	3,986
Deficit	3,548	2,140	1,334
8 mos. gross	267,791	245,306	238,017
Exp. and taxes.	197,818	175,555	178,351
8 mos. net	69,973	70,051	80,266
Charges	55,668	55,835	31,850
8 mos. surplus	14,305	14,216	48,431

MEXICAN INTERNATIONAL for March—

Gross	804,318	601,507	657,321
Expenses	494,067	365,866	384,242
Net	310,251	236,641	273,079
9 mos gross	6,544,091	5,149,992	6,380,276
Expenses	3,790,565	3,109,067	4,287,072
9 mos. net	2,753,526	2,040,925	2,093,204

MISSOURI, TEXAS & PACIFIC report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	3,072.21	3,072.21	.....
Total op. rev.	2,261,802	1,960,188	301,614
Gen. exp.	76,440	70,519	5,921
Total op. exp.	1,775,806	1,400,389	375,417
Outside op., net	8,238	694	7,544
Total net rev.	494,234	560,492	*66,258
Taxes	94,744	70,006	24,737
Op. income	399,490	490,485	*90,995
July 1 to March 31—			
Total op. rev.	20,455,567	19,617,767	837,800
Total op. exp.	14,170,347	13,738,109	432,237
Net op. rev.	6,285,220	5,879,658	405,562
Outside op., deb.	10,225	7,175	3,050
Total net rev.	6,274,994	5,872,483	402,511
Taxes	820,069	876,748	*56,159
Op. income	5,454,388	4,995,717	458,670

*Decrease.

MINERAL RANGE for March—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	68,454	70,918	68,425
Expenses	64,116	60,183	64,747
Net earnings	4,338	10,735	3,678
Other income	1,149	16	12
Total income	5,487	10,751	3,690
Chgs. and taxes.	19,521	21,390	17,854
Deficit	14,034	10,639	14,164
Gross,

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Fifth Ave. Office Building Sold--Plot Purchased for Big Loft on Park Ave—William Guggenheim Sells Riverside Drive Mansion—West Side Dwellings in Demand.

The twelve-story office building recently completed at 507 Fifth Avenue, on the east side, between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, was sold yesterday by the Fleischmann Realty Company. It is the largest sale of Fifth Avenue property in the uptown business section since the sale, a few weeks ago, by Max Marx and others of the building now nearing completion at the northwest corner of Forty-third Street.

The building stands on leased ground, the plot being 36 by 103 and irregular, owned by the Ford estate and was leased by M. & L. Hess to the Fleischmann company in July, 1907, for twenty-one years with privileges of four renewals, aggregating 105 years, the aggregate rental for the first twenty-one years being $800,000.

The building just erected there cost about $200,000, and the ground floor and basement are occupied by the Columbia Bank under a twenty-year lease at an annual rental of from $25,000 to $27,000. Adjoining it on the south is the eighteen-story structure being erected by Henry Corn on the site of the old Parsons residence.

Investor Buys Tenth Street Loft.

R. B. Cannon of George A. Bowman's office has sold for John W. Stevens to a client for investment the twelve-story loft building 28 East Tenth Street, on a plot 46 by 92, adjoining the University Place Presbyterian Church. This property has been held at $350,000, and was sold for near that figure.

Joseph P. Day has sold for Stephen P. Sturges to a client of George B. Hayes 66 and 68 West Tenth Street, two five-story flats, on plot 50.4 by 102.3, adjoining the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue. The buyer will extensively alter the buildings.

Benjamin Bernstein has sold for Mary A. Daly to John B. Quintin 154 West Fifteenth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 103.3. The buyer owns 156, adjoining.

Another Fourth Avenue Loft.

The property at 330 and 332 Fourth Avenue, occupied by two old houses which are now being torn down, has been sold by the Frederick T. Barry Company for Ida A. Brech to Abraham Schwab, Leo L. Schwab, and Maurice D. Blumenthal.

The plot is 50 by 100, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Streets, just north of the new office building going up on the old Hoe-Ashland site. The new owners will improve the plot at once with a loft building.

Riverside Drive Mansion Sold.

William Guggenheim has sold his former residence 3 Riverside Drive, just north of Seventy-second Street. The buyer is said to be a Mr. Hopkins, who will occupy it. Until recently the house, which is a five-story structure, on a plot 37 by 97 by 25.6 by 95.5, was held at $200,000.

It was built by Harry Murdock, who was identified with the building of many of the best houses on the Drive and along West End Avenue. Mr. Guggenheim bought the house from Gordon S. P. Kleeberg a couple of years ago.

Last July Mrs. Angie M. Booth purchased from Carl D. Jackson No. 4, adjoining, with furnishings, for a price said to have been over $300,000. Mrs. Booth also recently bought the plot at the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and Seventy-third Street, at the northerly end of the block.

There was a rumor recently to the effect that the house was to be replaced by an apartment.

Park Avenue Corner for Hospital.

Kate A. S. Crumbie has sold through the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company the southwest corner of Park Avenue and Sixty-first Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot fronting 100.5 feet on the avenue and twenty feet on the street.

The buyer is Dr. W. Gill Wylie, who will erect on the site a six-story building, to which he will remove his private hospital and sanitarium, now at 221 West Forty-third Street.

Dr. Wylie's plans call for a building with an exterior in keeping with its surroundings. The interior will be fitted up to meet the owner's requirements, but will be so arranged that the structure may be readily converted into an apartment house, if such a change should seem advisable at any future time.

Yerkes Stable Resold.

Robert E. Dowling has resold 139 East Sixty-ninth Street, a three-story stable, on lot 25 by 100. The stable was bought by the late Charles T. Yerkes and bought by Mr. Dowling for $29,600 at the recent Yerkes auction sale.

The Frederick T. Barry Company has sold the old dwelling at 589 Lexington Avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets, on plot 25 by 100, for Abraham Schwab to Mary H. Sulley.

Jeannette M. Busse has sold 768 Madison Avenue, a five-story business building, on lot 20 by 80, near Sixty-sixth Street.

West Side Dwellings in Demand.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Mrs. M. A. Wesley 252 West Seventieth Street, a four-story American basement dwelling on lot 17 by 56 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for Mary M. Ten Broeck the four-story high-stoop dwelling, 132 West Seventy-third Street, 16 by 55 by 102.2, to a client for occupancy.

Mrs. Emily L. Landon has sold to Jules H. Venon 41 West Ninety-fourth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 17.9 by 100.8. Mrs. Landon bought the house in January from George W. Eggers.

Adolph Cohn has sold for a client the five-story double flat with stores, 82 East End Avenue.

Harlem Tenements for Investment.

Frank Demuth has sold 70 and 72 East 113th Street, two five-story apartment houses, on lot 50 by 100, to Samuel Hirschfield for investment.

Mrs. Dora Selbert has sold 67 East 108th Street, a five-story single flat, on lot 17 by 100.

Big Apartment for Marble Hill.

The recently organized Hudson Terrace Realty Company has purchased from the American Real Estate Company the plot of over four lots at the northeast corner of Marble Hill Avenue and 225th Street. The property has frontages of 117 feet on the avenue and 85 feet on the street, and is to be improved with a six-story elevator structure at once.

It will be the first operation of this character for the section and will enjoy the distinction of being the most northerly of the city's elevator houses.

Brooklyn Sales.

John F. James & Sons have sold to the City and Suburban Homes Company the block front on the south side of Park Avenue, between Raymond and St. Edward Streets, Brooklyn, and the block front on the west side of St. Edward Street, from Park Avenue to Tillary Street. The price was about $100,000. The property will be improved with model tenements.

George L. Moore has sold for Harriet Kingman the three-story and basement brownstone private house 17 St. James Place, 20 by 45 by 100; for Ellen Moran the three-story and cellar brick three-family house 667 Bergen Street, 20 by 100, and for Mary E. G. Smith the three-story and basement brick three-family house, 30 by 90 by 100, 255 Adelphi Street.

Bronx Sales.

E. Loewenthal & Son, Inc., have sold for Jenny Whitehead, to Mayer & Wormser, 1,064 and 1,066 Brook Avenue, two three-story flats, on plot 46 by irregular.

Staten Island Sales.

Rudolph Kissell has sold through Cornelius G. Kolff, to Mrs. J. G. Baldwin of New Brighton, a plot 75 by 135 on the southerly side of Henderson Avenue, near Bard Avenue, Livingston. The plot is intended for the erection of a private dwelling for the occupancy of the purchaser.

M. Coleman Buyer of Eden Musee.

Michael Coleman is the buyer of the Eden Musée property, at 51 to 59 West Twenty-third Street, running through to Twenty-fourth Street, sold last week by the David Dows estate. The building covers a plot of five lots, having a frontage of 75 feet on Twenty-third Street and 50 feet on Twenty-fourth Street.

New York A. C. Borrows $650,000.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned on first mortgage $650,000 on the New York Athletic Club property at Sixth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. The loan is for five years at 4½ per cent., and is composed of two mortgages, one for $450,000 and the other for $200,000.

Building on Audubon Avenue

Plans have been filed for a five-story brick dwelling and store to be erected at the southwest corner of Audubon Avenue and 170th Street. The building will be of brick, with terra cotta trimmings, having a frontage of 50 feet on the avenue and 90 feet on the street. G. A. Fisher of New Rochelle is the owner, and the cost is estimated at $65,000 by the architect, George F. Pelham.

Sale of "Adonis" Dixey Home.

Joseph P. Day will sell the former home of Henry E. Dixey, 551 Bronx River Road, at noon to-day at the Vesey Street Salesroom, by order of the attorneys for the executrix and executors. The property is on the corner of Tuckahoe and Miles Square Roads, South Yonkers, six minutes from West Mount Vernon station of the Harlem Railroad, and is about three-quarters of an acre in extent, with a two-story stone and cellar frame dwelling. Mr. Day will also sell 82 and 84 Cherry Street and several parcels of Long Island industrial and tenement property.

Notes.

John T. Wall and John K. Moors were the brokers in the sale of 325 West Fifty-fifth Street.

The H. M. Weill Company was the broker in the sale of 210 West Twenty-ninth Street from Elena Goodale to William Nelson.

Architect Edward J. Byrne is preparing plans for four five-story apartment houses, on a plot 137.3 feet by 113.7 average, located on the northeast corner of Boston Road and 164th Street, for the Moorehead Realty and Construction Company, cost $160,000.

Dr. J. F. Erdman is the buyer of the four-story dwelling 126 West Seventy-second Street, sold recently by William J. Casey through Slawson & Hobbs.

Albert B. Ashforth was the broker in the sale of the five dwellings 25 to 33 West Forty-fifth Street.

Schmeller & Baehrech, real estate operators, have moved from 203 Broadway to 130 Fulton Street, corner of Nassau Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Marx.

48th St, 367, n s, 125 ft e of 9th Av, 15x100.5, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to Arthur E. Boyer, $19,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Audubon Av, s w corner of 170th St, for a five-story brick tenement and store, 50x90; G. A. Fisher, New Rochelle, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $65,000.

5th Av, s e corner of 111th St, for an open-air amusement place, 72x100; Penn Amusement Co., 693 9th Av, owner; H. G. Wiseman, architect; cost, $500.

Kelly St, e s, 120.20 ft s of Intervale Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 50x93.1 and 50x99.5; Longfellow Realty Corporation, 600 Prospect Av, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $100,000.

183d St, n s, 75 ft e of Park Av, for five four-story brick tenements, 35x69; John Rendall, 859 East 156th St, owner; Koppe & Daube, architects; cost, $85,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, 1,343, to a four-story brick store and studio building; C. E. Johnson, 9 West 29th St, owner; L. C. Maurer, architect; cost, $5,000.

Prospect Av, n e corner of Kelly St, to a five-story brick store and tenement, 94.10x128.6; Augusta Levy, 40 West 17th St, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, MAY 2.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 75.11 ft n of 105th St, 25x100; Fred Dinkel to Veronica Polksch, (mtg $31,250,) $100.

ARTHUR AV, 2,426 and 2,428, s e corner of 188th St, 62x82.7; Vincenzo Troia to Martin L. Henry, (mtg $17,450,) $1.

AVENUE C, s w corner of 12th St, 19x67; John J. Hubschmitt and another, executors, &c., to Adam W. and William P. Hubschmitt and others, $1.

AVENUE C, s w corner of 12th St, 19x67; Ottilie F., wife of Charles Abbott, and others to Charlotte M., wife of Henry L. Stegman, and others, 3-5 part, (mtg $5,000,) $1.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 144th St, 99.11x100; Realty Transfer Co to Arthur Bookman, M. D., (mtg $220,000, $100.

BROADWAY, 233, n w s, 18.6x11811, and s w s, 18.6x117.6; George Noakes and others to Broadway Park Place Co, $100.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 100th St, 46.9x180.3x53.7x180.1; Allenel Construction Co. to Hewitt Realty Co., (mtg $425,000,) $100.

BROOK AV, e s, 110.3 ft w of N Y & Harlem R R, 106.3x79.8 to n w s of said R R x100x 49.11; City Real Estate Co to Union Railway Co of N Y, bought and sold, $100.

CHATTERTON AV, n s, 380 ft w of Olmstead Av, 25x108, Unionport; Charles E. Devermann to Otto Hipp, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

CHRISTOPHER ST, 86, s s, 21x irregular; Florence A. Livingston and others to Joseph H. Gilman, (mtg $5,000,) $7,500.

COLUMBUS AV, 430, w s, 25.6x130.7x25.6x 129.9; Zadah H. Reakirt to Ora M. Russell, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

COLUMBUS AV, 430, w s, 25.6x130.7x25.6x 129.9; Addison Brown to Zadah H. Reakirt, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, 202.7 ft n of 141st St, 30.5x104.6x30x109.10; Wilgro Realty Co. to Herman Ahrens, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

ELTON AV, w s, 48 ft s of 155th St, 52x100; Philipp Freudenmacher to Charles Kroetz, (mtgs $44,000,) $100.

HOFFMAN ST, 2,470, e s, 64.11 ft s of 189th St, 25x114.5; Lillie T. Rooney to Anna Maduro of Yonkers, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

HUGHES AV, e s, 400.5 ft n of 181st St, 25x 95; Same to same, $100.

HUGHES AV, e s, 387.2 ft n of 181st St, 13.3x 95; City Real Estate Co to Michael T. Ring, $100.

KEMBLE ST, (2d Av,) n s, 125 ft w of Keppler Av, 25x100; Charles R. Northrup to Robert L. Irving, $1.

KEPLER AV, n w corner of 236th St, 100x 100; Adelbert J. Howe to Central Bronx Realty Co., (mtg $3,000,) $100.

LENOX AV, 229, w s, 25x100; Mary B. Hughes to Frances Stevens, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

LENOX AV, 24, e s, 33.6x100; Jennie Kaufman to Emil Diamond, (mtg $75,000,) $1.

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 50.5 ft s of 52d St, 25x100; Joseph F. McLoughlin, executor, to Abraham Schwab, $31,000.

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 50.5 ft s of 52d St, 25x100; Abraham Schwab to Mary H. Solley, $100.

LEXINGTON AV, 21d, e s, 16x75; Emerence K. Ager to Sumner Gerard, (mtg $21,000,) $100.

LOT 164, map of W. F. Duncan at Williamsbridge; Salvatore M. De Pasquale to Maria Parotta, $400.

LOTS 45 to 48, map of 93 lots, South Mount Vernon; Nina, wife of Conrad Muller, Jr., to Jennie Tackney, $100.

MADISON ST, 178, s s, 25.1x100; Sarah Kantrowitz to Max Kozakowsky, $1.

MARION AV, n w corner of 193d St, 32.2x 88.2x33.8x88; John Boyland Co. to Emma E. Wickenheuser, (mtg $27,000,) $100.

MERCER ST, 165 and 167, w s, 50x100; Penrose Realty Co and others to Ballels Realty Co, $1.

MORRIS AV, 1,985, w s, 20x100; August Jacob to Mary J. Hennessey, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

PLOT begins 111 ft s of 167th St and 113.3 ft w of Hall Place, runs s 34.2x w 25x s 21.5x w 25x n 18.8x w 25x n 35.11x e 75 to beginning; Isaac Brown to Sarah Brown, $1.

PLOT begins 590 ft e of White Plains Road and 895 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; William Stoip to William Sieburg, (mtg $4,300,) $100.

RIVER DRIVE, e s, at s line of land conveyed by party of first part to party of second part Oct. 3, 1908, runs n e 125x n w 120 to a point on "Evergreen Drive," contains 2,471.7 square feet; Spuyten Duyvil-Along-the-Hudson Co. to Huntington W. Merchant, $1.

RIVINGTON ST, s e corner of Suffolk St, 18.10x52; Samuel Friedman to Saul Lefkowitz, (mtg $27,000,) $100.

SHERMAN AV, s e corner of Emerson St, 100x100; Thomas L. Reynolds Co to Corn Exchange Realty Co., (mtg $20,000,) $1.

STEBBINS AV, 1,391 to 1,397, w s, 120x100; Friedman Construction Co. to Frederick Ohmeis, (mtg $72,000,) $100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n e corner of 170th St, 100x100; Henry F. Shoemaker to Clara G. Schmitt, $1.

TIEBOUT AV, 2,416, s e corner of 187st St, 16.8x83; John S. Sutphen and others to Thomas B. Robertson, $6,000.

TIEBOURT AV, 2,412, e s, 16.8x83; John S. Sutphen and others to Thomas B. Robertson, $9,976.

TIEBOUT AV., 2,414, e s, 16.8x 83, John S. Sutphen and others to Thomas B. Robertson, $4,775.

TIEBOUT AV, 2,482, e s, 81x100; Central Bronx Realty Co. to Adelbert J. Howe, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 199.10 ft n of 169th St, 51.1x109.2x51.1x107.9; Isaac Haft and others to Thomas Connor, (mtg $40,000,) $100.

WASHINGTON ST, 389, e s, 25.2x70; Frances L. Bardet to St. John's Park Realty Co, $1.

WEBSTER AV, n e corner of 169th St, 73.8x 46.6x irregular; Plough & Fox Co to William Hoolahan, (mtg $19,000,) $100.

1ST AV, n s, 119.6 ft w of 2d Av, 16.3x75; Amanda Spreemann, widow, to George F. Johnson, Sr., and George F. Johnson, Jr., joint tenants, $100.

2D AV, 178, e s, 51.7 ft n of 11th St, 25.10x100; Charles E. Heydt to Anna K. Beck, (mtg $20,000,) $1.

2D AV, 178, e s, 51.7 ft n of 11th St, 25.10x 100; Anna K. Beck to Margaret Berko, (mtg $2,000,) $100.

3D AV, 1,101 and 1,103, e s, 37.6x100.5; J. Eugene McMichael to Anna C. S. Hassey, (mtg $46,000,) $100.

3D AV, n w corner of 170th St, 57.10x91.7x —x87.10; Thomas Connor to Benjamin Silverman and others, $100.

4TH AV, 330 and 332, w s, 49.4x100; Ida A., wife of Charles A. Breek, to Abraham Schwab, $100.

5TH AV, 2,254, w s, 50 ft n of 137th St, 49.11x 62.6; Ricka Kaufman to Brown-Weiss Realties, a corporation, (mtg $88,000,) $100.

24TH ST, 142 West, s s, 18.9x98.9; Bruno Steinel to District Realty Co., (mtg $10,000,) $100.

25TH ST, s s, 400 ft e of 6th Av, 25x98.9; Bertha K. Bartlett and another to Realty Holding Co, $10.

36TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x98.9; John J. Hubschmitt and another, executors, &c., to Adam W. and William P. Hubschmitt and others, $1.

36TH ST, 233 West, n s, 18.6x98.9; Otto Zanker to Eli M. Cohen, $100.

36TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x98.9; Ottilie F., wife of Charles Abbott, and others to Charlotte M., wife of Henry L. Stegman, and John J. Hubschmitt, 3-5 part, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

48TH ST, 24, s s, 19.9 ft w of Madison Av, 25x100.5; Hugh D. and John W. Auchincloss, Trustees, to James A. Farley, $118,700.

48TH ST, s w corner of Madison Av, 19.9x 100.5; Maria S. Auchincloss to James A. Farley, $100.

53D ST, 446 West, s s, 25x100.5; Frederick Lovinger to David Mendel, ¾ right, title, and interance, (mtg $11,000,) $1.

56TH ST, 235 East, n s, 25x100.5; Louis Sroka, a corporation, to Beckie Schlaff, $1.

56TH ST, 235 East, n s, 25x100.5; Beckie Schlaff to Bertha Weiss, (mtgs $25,000,) $1.

70TH ST, 7 East, n s, 25x 100.5; Cornelius W. Luyster, Jr., to Ruth A. Bruce-Brown, (mtgs $140,000,) $100.

70TH ST, n s, 235 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x 100.5; James A. to Catherine S. McKenna, $1.

70TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Madison Av, 25.6x 100.5; George W. Kemp and others to Laura K. Bayer, (mtg $50,000,) $1.

82D ST, 33 West, n s, 20x102.2; Ora M. Russell to Zadah H. Reakirt, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

92D ST, 150, s s, 321 ft w of 3d Av, 21x100.8; George Abendschein to Herman Woog, $100.

93D ST, s s, 137.6 ft w of West End Av, 37.6x 145.2x37.6x147.3; Hudson Properties, Inc., to Marie Obry of Scarsdale, N. Y., (mtg $72,500,) $1.

94TH ST, 53 West, n s, 20x100.8; Garfield Building Co to Frances Stevens, $1.

97TH ST, 213 East, n s, 24.6x100.11; Henry E. Kell and others to Gussie Litwin, (mtg $13,000,) $100.

112TH ST, 250 East, s s, 21x100.11; 112th St, 252 East, s s, 37.6x83x irregular; Pietronilla Borzi to Virginia Marazzi of the Order of the Sisters of Charity Pallottine, $1.

113TH ST, 541 and 543 West, n s, 100x100.11; 8SS Union Avenue Co to Cathedral Court Co, (mtgs $175,000,) $1.

116TH ST, 38 and 40 West, s s, 54x100.11; Louis Epstein to Jesse S. Epstein, 53-100 parts, (mtg $70,000,) $1.

117TH ST, 201 and 203, n w corner of 7th Av, 61.8x115.5x irregular; Ellen Y. Scott to Allenel Construction Co., (mtgs $250,000,) $10.

117TH ST, 201 and 203, n s, extends from 7th Av to St. Nicholas Av, 99.11x100.11; Hewitt Realty Co. to Ellen Y. Scott, (mtg $175,000,) $100.

119TH ST, 164 East, s s, 88.4x100.11; Jesse S. Epstein to Jacob Jung, (mtg $45,500,) $1.

126TH ST, s s, 80 ft e of 3d Av, 27.6x99.11; Louis E. Lewis to George G. Allinger and Mary C., his wife, (mtg $23,200,) $100.

133D ST, s s, 175 ft w of 7th Av, 37.6x99.11; John J. Doyle to Alwold Realty Co, (mtg $31,000,) $1.

143D ST, s s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11; Martha J. Garry to Giovanni de Malo, $100.

150TH ST, 819, n w corner of Union Av, 100x 25; Belle C. Bunn to Martin C. Wright, quitclaim, $1.

150TH ST, 819, n w corner of Union Av, 100x 25; Martin C. Wright to Samuel Banard, quitclaim, $1.

150TH ST, 533, n s, 225 ft e of Brook Av, 25x 100; Louisa Carson to Nick Kliesel, (mtg $15,750,) $100.

150TH ST, 819, n w corner of Union Av, 100x 25; Samuel Banard to Vito Fortannascere, $100.

158TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 100x 99.11; Frederick Ohmeis to Friedman Construction Co., (mtg $24,000,) $100.

162D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 75x97.7; John B. Berry Co to Florence Hinchcliffe, (mtgs $45,000,) $1.

163D ST, 465 West, n s, 25x102.6; Basilus Busch to Mary A. Dempsey, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

180TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Honeywell Av, 50x133; Adamant Real Estate Co. to Jacob Jensen Co., quitclaim, $1.

190TH ST, 112 West, s s, 20x72.9x irregular; Terrace Construction Co, to Ernest W. Leonhardt and Eda H., his wife, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

190TH ST, 114 West, s s, 20.4x72.9x20x76.6; Terrace Construction Co. to Anna H., Marie P. and Carl A. Leonhardt, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ALWELL, Sarah, and another to Sophie M. Derrian and another; Lot 100, map of Harrington St, due as per bond.....$2,500

A. REZZANO CONSTRUCTION CO. to Fishkill Savings Institution; Coster St, w s, 100 ft s of Spofford Av, 25x86.3x25.3x90.1, due Oct. 1, 1913.....$5,000

A. REZZANO CONSTRUCTION CO. to Fishkill Savings Institution; Coster St, w s, 125 ft s of Spofford Av, 25x82.5x25.3x86.2, due Oct. 1, 1913.....$5,000

BARDUSCH, Louisa, to Greenwich Savings Bank; 11th St, 142 West, s s, 22.6x100.8, due as per bond.....$15,000

BASS, Hannah, to James W. Westerfield; 94th St, 78 and 80, w s, 50x72.8, 5 years...$47,000

BAYER, Laura K. and Edwin G., to William C. B. Kemp and others; 70th St, 32 East, s s, 25.6x100.5, 3 years, 4½%.....$55,000

BRILL CONTRACTING CO. to Central Mortgage Co.; 229th St, s s, 390 ft e of Barnes Av, 5 lots, each 30x114.6, 5 mtgs, each $8,750, 3 years, 5½%.....$43,750

BARNES, Alfred V., and another to Brooklyn Savings Bank; Lafayette St, w s, 122.9 ft n of 4th St, 96.7x137.6, due May 2, 1913, 4½%...$50,000

BERKO, Margaret, to Anna K. Beck; 2d Av, 178 e s, 25.10x100, prior mtg $20,000, due as per bond.....$17,000

BESUNDER, Max, of Brooklyn, and another, to Morris N. Rubin; 13th St, 520 East, s s, 25x100.3, prior mtg $26,000, due Jan. 2, 1915, 6%.....$4,000

BOOKMAN, Arthur, to Realty Transfer Co.; Broadway, s e corner of 144th St, 99.11x100, prior mtg $220,000, due March 25, 1914, 6%.....$12,000

BROADWAY-PARK PLACE CO. to George Noakes; Broadway, 233 West, s s, 18.6x118.11 x18.6x117.6, due Nov. 1, 1911, 4½%...$165,000

BUDD, Henry A., to Hudson Mortgage Co.; 5th Av, 572, w s, 25x100, prior mtg $250,000, due May 2, 1911, 6%.....$30,000

BURGER, Joseph, to Milton M. Blumenthal; 78th St, 252, s s, 155 ft w of 2d Av, 25x102.2, prior mtg $12,000, 3 years, 6%.....$3,000

BURGER, Joseph, to Metropolitan Savings Bank; 78th St, 252, s s, 155 ft w of 2d Av, 25x102.2, 5 years.....$12,000

CENTRAL BRONX REALTY CO. to John M. Susser; Kepler Av, n w corner of 236th St, 100x100, 1 year, 6%.....$3,000

COHEN, Eli M., to Otto Zanker and another; 36th St, 233 West, 18.6x98.9, 3 years..$18,000

COHEN, Eli M., to Isaac Wolf; 36th St, 233 West, 18.6x98.8, prior mtg $18,000, due as per bond.....$2,500

CONNOR, Thomas, to Isaac Haft; Washington Av, e s, 199.10 ft n of 169th St, 51.1x109.3x 51.2x107.9, 4 years, 6%.....$6,000

CONNORS, Thomas, to North River Savings Bank; 45th St, s s, 150 ft w of 10th Av, 75x 100.5, prior mtg $18,000, due July 1, 1913...$5,000

DE MAIO, Giovanni, to Murtha J. Garry; 143d St, s s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11, due as per bond, 5½%.....$10,500

DOWNEY, Edward, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; East End Av, 120, n w corner of 85th St, 98x21.2, 3 years, 4½%.....$3,000

EMMET, Cornelia Z., to New York Life Insurance and Trust Co.; 76th St, 50 East, 17x 102.2, 5 years, 4½%.....$25,000

ENOS, Jennie L., to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; 79th St, s s, 193 ft e of Park Av, 102.2, due as per bond.....$15,000

FARLEY, James A., to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; 48th St, 24 and 26 East, s w corner of Madison Av, 44.9x100.5, due as per bond..

FRIEDMAN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Frederick Ohmels; 158th St, n s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 100x99.11, prior mtg $24,000, 1 year, 6%. $2,000

FULLER, Adolph, to Lewis S. Goebel; 181st Av,) and 141, w s, 46.11x100, 1 year, 6%.$1,000

GOLDBERGER, Samuel, to Leon Tuchmann; Division St, 238 and 240, n e corner of Attorney St, 2 and 4, 50x38.4x50x84, prior mtg $65,000, 5 years.....$10,000

GRINNELL, William H., to Wartburg Orphan Farm School of the Evangelical Lutheran Church; Popham Av, w s, 369.10 ft n of 176th St, 25x108.8x25.2x105.3, 5 years..$7,000

GUGLIELMO, Raffaele, to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co.; 221 East 2d, mtg on partition, estate of Maria F. Pierce, installments of $200

HARRING, George, to Bowery Savings Bank; 34 Av, 1,880, e s, 5 years, 4½%.....$18,000

HERTSCH, Kate, to Cornelius Schouten; Matilda St, s e s, Lot 132, map of Washingtonville, 50x100, 3 years.....$1,000

HOOLAHAN, William, to Plough & Fox Co.; Webster Av, n e corner of 169th St, runs n 73.8x e 46.6x s 73.8 to st x w 44.1 to beginning, prior mtg $19,000, due as per bond.....$6,000

HORNER, Joseph, to Christine Neusch; 4th St, 143 East, n s, 25x96.2, leasehold, due Nov. 1, 1911, 6%.....$1,000

HOWARD, John B., to Pauline Myers; Columbus Av, 842, w s, 25x75, due May 1, 1915, 4½%.....$20,000

JOHN GLASS, Jr., CONSTRUCTION CO. to Peter Frees and another; 178th St, s s, 175 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x94.11, prior mtg $70,000, due April 1, 1912, 6%.....$10,000

JUNCTION REALTY CO. to Seymour E. Heymann and another; 65th St, 18 West, 25x 100.5, prior mtg $12,000, due Aug. 1, 1910, 6%.....$8,000

KATZ, Herman, and another to New York Savings Bank; 8th Av, 2,617, w s, 27x100, due as per bond.....$28,000

LATINO, Giuseppe R., to Elizabeth K. Dooling; 232d St, n s, 230 ft e of Paulding Av, 25x 114, due Oct. 20, 1912, 6%.....$450

LOUGHLIN, William F., to John T. Wall; 30th St, 443 West, 25x102.9x25.1x100.8, 1 year, 6%.....$1,500

LUSTIG, Morris, to Sigmund Kraus; Avenue C, s e s, 72 ft n e of 3d St, 2 lots, each 24x 80; 2 mtgs, each $5,000, 5 years, leasehold. $10,000

MAHER, Kate, to George Keiser; Tiebout Av, 2,093, w s, 16.8x90, prior mtg $2,500, due March 10, 1912, 6%.....$500

MALE, Eva, to New York Protestant Episcopal Public School; Avenue B, 97 and 99, e s, 37x93.5, 5 years.....$48,000

MERCHANT, Huntington W., to Along the Hudson Co.; River Drive, e s, 120.8 ft s of Everett Drive, 120.8x—, contains 16,346.58 square feet, 5 years.....$8,800

NACK, Mary C., to Dollar Savings Bank of the City of New York; Grant St, n w corner of Main St, 90x25x100x26.8, due June 1, 1913.....$5,000

NIEWOHNER, August, to Citizens' Savings Bank; 105th St, 347 East, 25x100.11, due May 15, 1915, 4½%.....$8,000

PARROTTA, Maria, to Salvatore M. D. Pasquale; Lot 164, map of property of W. F. Duncan at Williamsbridge, 3 years, 6%..$375

PHELAN, Ellen, and another to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Avenue A, 234, e s, 25.9x95.6, 5 years, 4½%.....$2,500

REALTY HOLDING CO. to Bertha Bartlett and another; 25th St., 30 West, s s, 25x98.9, 2 years.....$77,500

REYNOLDS, Michael M., to Ellsworth O. Dewing; Gleason Av, s s, 25 ft e of 174th St, 25x106.8, due June 1, 1913.....$4,500

RHINELANDER, Frederick W., and others, trustees, to Seamen's Bank for Savings in the City of New York; Washington St, 374 and 376, w s, 49.2x75.3x49.10x75.3, 5 years, 4½%.....$25,000

ROBERTSON, Thomas B., to John S. Sutphen; Tiebout Av, s e corner of 187th St, 16.8x83, 3 years.....$4,200

ROBERTSON, Thomas B., to Adeline E. Crockett; Tiebout Av, e s, 33.4 ft s of 187th St, 16.8x83, 3 years.....$3,400

ROBERTSON, Thomas B., to Amanda A. Pope; Tiebout Av, e s, 16.8 ft s of 187th St, 16.8x83, 3 years.....$3,400

ROEBER, Ernst, to George Ehret; 6th Av, s w corner of 30th St, 23.2x51.4, leasehold, 1 year.....$18,000

ROSENBERG, Solomon, of Ferndale, N. Y., to Union Trust Co. of New York; Chrystie St, 78, e s, 25x100, due April 1, 1915, 4½%...$23,000

ROSENBERG, Solomon, of Ferndale, N. Y., to Lena Stacye Chrystie St, 78, e s, 25x100, prior mtg $23,000, 2 years, 6%.....$2,000

RUSSELL, Ora M., to Zudah H. Reakirt; Columbus Av, 430, w s, 25.6x130.7x25.6x129.9, prior mtg $35,000.....$6,000

SCHROEDER, Laura, to May Jones; Tremont Av approach to Grand Boulevard and Concourse, s s, 190 ft w of Anthony Av, 24x 107.10x24x107.8, 1 year, 6%.....$2,500

SCHWAB, Abraham, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 4th Av, 830 and 832, w s, 50.5 years.....$135,000

SCHMITT, Clara G., to Henry F. Shoemaker; St. Nicholas Av, n e corner of 170th St, 100x 100, 3 years, 4½%.....$60,000

SCOTT, Ellen Y., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; St. Nicholas Av, n e corner of 117th St, 118.5x101.8x100.11x39.0, 5 years.. $125,000

SCOTT, Ellen Y., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 7th Av, n w corner of 117th St, 100.11x60, 5 years.....$125,000

SICHEL, Simon, and another to Union Dime Savings Bank; Broadway, s w corner of 140th St, 99.11x100, due as per bond.....$10,000

SIMIS, Milford, to Pauline Altrocchi; Lexington Av, 176, w s, 19.9x64, due May 20, 1915, 4½%.....$7,000

SOLLEY, Mary H., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Lexington Av., e s, 50.5 ft s of 52d St., 25x100, 5 years.....$25,000

SPOFFORD ESTATES, a corporation, to Michael Bissert; Faile St, 640 and 642, e s, 2 lots, each 20.10x100, 2 mtgs, each $7,500, 5 years.....$15,000

STEGMANN, Charlotte M., and another to Adam W. Hubschmitt; 36th St, s s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x98.9, due May 1, 1913....$4,500

STEGMANN, Charlotte M., and another to Ottilie F. Abbott; Avenue C, s w corner of 12th St, 19x67, 3 years.....$4,500

STEGMANN, Charlotte M., and another to Bank for Savings in the City of New York; Avenue C, s w corner of 12th St, 19x60, 5 years, 4½%.....$4,000

STEVANE, Albert, to Dry Dock Savings Institution; Division St, 48 to 52, s e corner of Chrystie St, 4, 81.5x—, due as per bond..$50,000

STEVANE, Albert, to Dry Dock Savings Institution; Madison St, 114, s s, 111.6 ft w of Market St, 25.8x100, due as per bond..$20,000

ST. JOHN'S PARK REALTY CO. to Jared W. Bell; Washington St, 389, e s, 25.2x70, 1 year, 6%.....$15,000

VICKERS, Thomas, to Dollar Savings Bank of the City of New York; 143d St, n s, 400 ft s of Willis Av, 25x100, due June 1, 1911..$4,000

WEDEEN, Philip, of Brooklyn, to Jeannette E. Wedeen; 138th St, w s, 290 ft e of Willis Av, 49.6x100, prior mtg $46,500, 3 years, 6%.....$15,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BROOME ST, 557; Max Weiser against Rebecca Shkolnikoff, owner; Union Square Contracting Co., contractor, $103.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 180th St, 102.1x 107.4; William Strianese against Barnard Realty Co., owner and contractor, $3,300.

BRONX RIVER, w s, 54.7 ft s of 174th St, 150x—; Isidor L. Cohen against John Heintz and John Ziegel, owners; Charles Schneider, contractor, $125.

150TH ST, 600 East; Bockmann & Shepard against Bernard Realty Co., owner; William Strianese, contractor, $2,400.

LONGFELLOW AV, n w corner of Freeman St, 30x100; Samuel Rosnik against Albert Gerhards, owner and contractor, $57.

FREEMAN ST, n w corner of Longfellow Av, 25x100; Henry G. Silleck, Jr., against Albert Gerhards, Incorporated, owner; Albert Gerhards, contractor, $510.

FREEMAN ST, n w corner of Longfellow Av, 25x100; Thibaut & Walker Co. against I. Friedman, owner and contractor, $60.

7TH ST, 64; Alexander Dickson Co. against Rebecca Spielberg, owner and contractor, $1,915.

5TH AV, 509; Hyman Zerman against Sturgis Estates, owner; S. H.

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at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

5,000 shs. Harris Manufacturing & Milling Co.
5 shs. Oyster Bay Steamboat Dock Co.
1,500 shs. Blanchard Electric Light & Power Co.
40 shs. University Publishing Co.
100 shs. Gallaher Gold & Stock Telegraph Co.
$400 Promissory Note of J. Alden Gaylord, dated Sept. 13, 1902, due 1 month at 6%.
Pew No. 28, Ground Floor, 5th Ave. Presbyterian Church.
Pew No. 71, Ground Floor, 5th Ave. Presbyterian Church.
100 shs. Human Instantaneous Water Heater Co.
$3,000 American Tobacco Co. 6% Gold Bds., 1944.
$3,000 People's Gas Light & Coke Co. of Chicago 6% Bds., 1943.
50 shs. Westchester Racing Association.
40 shs. Saratoga Asso. for Improvement of the Breed of Horses.
4 shs. Metcalf Co. common.
10 shs. Metcalf Co. Prefd.
67 shs. Standard Cordage Co.
80 shs. Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Ry. Co. 2d Pfd.
$1,000 Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Ry. Co. Const. Mtge. 4½% Bd., 1980, February, 1908. Coupon on.
$800 Old Point Comfort Impt. Co. 2d Mtge 6% Income Bds., 1926.
12 shs. Old Point Comfort Impt. Co.
$420 Public Service Corp. of New Jersey Perpetual Interest Bearing Ctf.
20 shs. Gray National Telautograph Co.
18 shs. Monmouth County Horse Show Asso. BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.
$1,000 Third Avenue R. R. 1st Const. Mtge. Bd., 2,000 (Ctf. of Dep.)
$1,000 Interborough-Metropolitan R'way Co. Coll. Trust 4½% Bd., 1956.
$1,000 Ozark & Cherokee Central R'way Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Bd., 1913.
1 sh. 6th Avenue R. R. Co.
1 sh. Guaranty Trust Co.
1 sh. Western Union Telegraph Co.
1 sh. American Horse Exchange, Limited.
1 sh. United States Trust Co.

BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATRIX.

All right, title, and interest, if any, of the estate of Walter Satterlee, late of the County of New York, deceased, in and to the estate of James Bowen, late of the County of Westchester, deceased, subject to transfer tax, if any, due the State of New York.

1 sh. Gray National Telautograph Co.
40 shs. Arcola Crude Oil Co.
10 shs. Hudson Trust Co., N. Y.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

20 shs. Central Trust Co.
10 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
$1,000 Winona & Southwestern Ry. Co. 1st 6s, 1928, Oct., 1894, Coupon on, and $500 do. Scrip (stamped).
18 shs. Winona & Southwestern Ry. Co.
100 shs. Registrar & Transfer Co. of New Jersey.
10 shs. Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.
20 shs. Central Trust Co.
10 shs. Consolidated Fruit Jar Co.
25 shs. Knickerbocker Trust Co.
2-3 of all the right, title, and interest of every kind, name, nature, and description of V. H. Youngman, Harry V. Youngman, and V. H. Youngman & Company in and to the Isle Royale Coal Co., Limited, and its property, assets, and stock.
50 shs. 14th Street Bank.
$2,000 Monaton Realty Investing Corpn. profit sharing ctf.
100 shs. New Amsterdam Nat'l Bank 40% paid in llq.
300 shs. Nat'l Bank of North America.
150 shs. Mercantile Nat'l Bank.
198 shs. Hudson Navigation Co.
10 shs. Guaranty Trust Co. V. T. C.
10 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
90 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
$10,000 Northern Westchester Lighting Co. 1 Consl. Mtg. 50-year 5 p. c. Bds., 1955.
25 shs. Metropolitan Trust Co.
14 shs. Northern Bank of N. Y.
10 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
$2,000 Pennsylvania Knitting Mills Co. 1 Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1952.
50 shs. Savoy Trust Co.
$2,000 Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron Co. 6 p. c. Bds.
$1,000 Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron Co. 1 Mtg. 5 p. c. Bond.
25 shs. Frank J. Mann Tool Appliance Co.
9 shs. Lincoln Trust Co.
4 shs. Northern Bank of N. Y.
6 shs. Havana Tobacco Co. Prefd.
$45,000 South Carolina Bds., Ap'l, 1872, coup's on.
$103,000 North Carolina Bds., Oct., 1868, coup's on.
500 shs. E. R. Squibb & Sons, common.
$50,000 Delaware & Eastern Ry. 5 p. c. Bds., 1957.
$80,000 Delaware & Eastern R. R. 6 p. c. Notes due Oct. 1, 1908.
$1,000 Bankers Realty & Security Co. 6 p. c. Deb. Bds., 1912.
250 shs. Cutler Mail Chute Co., pfd.
250 shs. Cutler Mail Chute Co. common.
10 shs. Northern Bank of New York.
168 shs. City Investing Co. common.
7 shs. Trust Co. of America.
$4,000 Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies S. S. Co., 5 p. c. Bds., 1959.
50 shs. Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies S. S. pfd.
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DANIEL GREENWALD, Auct.,

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at 10:30 A. M., on premises, 569 Broadway, N. Y. C., comprising office partitions, desks, carpets, tables, show racks, sewing machines, buttonhole machines, motors, etc. Entire stencil outfit with pattern letter and machinery used in stamping art novelties. Entire machinery plant and workroom. Stock, floss, silk thread, tape, art trimming, ruffling, notions, assorted buttons, ivory rings, embroidery hoops, rag dolls, dolls' dresses, wool, lawn, silk trimmings, etc.

Auct's Office: 50 Howard. Tel. 6093 Spring.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Keogh, J.; Part II., Morschauser, J. 347—Hooper v. Taylor. 337—Bennett v. L'Esperance. 463—Erickson v. White Plains Cons Co. 466—Golden v. Lowenstein. 469—Donahue v. Sinnott. 458—Mansfield v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 459—Piermont v. Victro. 460—Halber v. C I & Bklyn R R Co. 475—Kiss v. Richeter. 479 Magyar v. Citron.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 504—Stoll v. City of Yonkers and another. 518—Messinger v. Rhine and another. 616—Birmingham v. O'Rourke. 632—Guion v. Gironda. 668—Fellows v. Card, individually and as executor, &c. 712—Pagnillo v. Mack Pav & Cons Co. 738—Pennell v. N Y C & H R R Co. 45—Curley v. City of New Rochelle. 55—Reider v. City of Mount Vernon. 165—Schirmer v. Rehill. 186—Taylor v. A M E Church of N. Y. 146—Newell v. City of Mount Vernon. 181—Dudley v. N Y C & H R R Co. 205—Buckley v. N Y Cont Co. 216—Woch v. Westchester Lighting Co. 212—Vosburg v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 228—Reynolds v. Cowan. 234—Signorelli v. Bonnard Bronze Co. 282—Massomanzo v. N Y Cont Co. 271—Ratajazak v. Sup Council, R. A. 293—Bergin v. Halcyon Park Co. 294—Cleary v. Lese. 296—McCarten v. Zeltner Brew Co. 299—First Nat Bk of Yonkers v. Jungenson. 308—Slingallo v. Orthno and another. 325—McNally v. Georgia-Florida Lumber Co. 327—Rauch, Jr. v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 329—Maher v. Gauts and others. Highest number reached, 480.

Richmond County.

SUPREME COURT—Kapper, J.—4—Dermody, as admx, v. Richmond Light and R R Co. 8—Parker v. Barrett. 20—Hamilton, an infant, v. S I R T R R. 25—Yellow v. Hecksher et al. 29 and 30—Deisler v. Frawley.

The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. 41—Kelly v. Wood. 42—Same v. same. 43—Reppert v. S I Midland Ry. 47—Sawyer v. Lowenstein. 52—O'Donnell v. Hudson Structural Steel Co.

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COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Supreme Court of the United States:

135—The Citizens' National Bank and others, plaintiffs in error, vs. The Commonwealth of Kentucky for the use and benefit of Boyle County and others.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

493—Granada Lumber Company and others, plaintiffs in error, vs. The State of Mississippi.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

849—Charles R. Heike, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction. Mandate granted.

160—Standard Oil Company of Kentucky, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Tennessee, ex rel. Charles T. Cates, Jr., Attorney General of Tennessee.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

20—Paul A. Weems, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Judgment reversed and cause remanded, with directions to dismiss the proceedings.

162—Austin W. Lord and J. Monroe Hewlett, &c., appellants, vs. The United States.—Judgment affirmed.

165—William Fay and Eliza T. Fay, his wife, plaintiffs in error, vs. Samuel A. Crozer and others.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

330—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. George F. Lamson;

556—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. James Durle.

557—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. James Stott;

604—William Brown and others, &c., appellants, vs. The United States;

829—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Ansonia Brass and Copper Company and others. Advanced and assigned for argument Oct. 11.

501—Philip Brady and others, appellants, vs. Bernard & Kittinger and others.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction and certiorari denied.

794—Societe Anonyme Des Anciens Etablissements Call, appellant, vs. The United States.—Motion to remand for further findings postponed to the hearing on the merits.

873—Whitin Machine Works, petitioner, vs. Lewis T. Houghton.—Certiorari denied.

792—B. Altman & Co., plaintiffs in error, vs. The United States.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted.

887—Ray Vermont and Arthur Garrett, petitioners, vs. The United States.—Petition for certiorari submitted.

868—J. Harvey Ladew and others, appellants, vs. Tennessee Copper Company.

125—Charles A. Davis, executor of the estate of Frank E. Jandt, deceased, plaintiff in error, vs. Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company and others.—Mandate stayed until the 30th instant.

UNITED TATES CIRCUIT COURT OF Appeals—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—227—Matter of Barge Tommy. 231—N Y, N H & H R R v. Montauk. 254—N Y & N J Transp Co v. Cornell Steamboat Co. 255 Matter of Tracy. 258—Matter of Brewster. 208—Guffey Pet Co v. Coastwise Co. 209—Coastwise Co v. Guffey Pet Co. 232—In re Maagel. 240—Leonard v. Harlem. 244—Neall v. Dougherty Co. 245—Dougherty Co v. Neall. 248—Tweedie Trading Co v. Vangstad.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J. Jury calendar. 71—U S v. Neely. 46—Ohman v. City of N Y. 111—Hartigan v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 128—U S v. Bolognesia.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott and Miller, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 328—Stapleton v. La Shelle. 280—Kershaw v. Steurer. 253—Walker v. Ahearn. 319—People v. Weinberg. 329—Latargia v. Whitridge. 288—Corn v. Bergman. 278—Smith v. Hutton. 303—F V Smith Cont Co v. City of N Y. 309—Gardner v. N Y C & H R R R. 331—Jardine Matheson & Co v. Huguet Silk Co. 332—O'Reilly v. Gallagher. 534—Le Compte Mfg Co v. Aschenbach & Sons Co. 335—Chenkin v. Lipman. 336—Schnaier v. Onward Const Co. 338—People v. Scharff.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—Seabury, Guy, and Bljur, JJ. For hearing appeals from City and Municipal Courts.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—McCall, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Dean v. Miller. 2—Seligsberg v. Schepp. 3—Veil v. Woehrle. 4—In re McCray. 5—Salomon v. Salomon. 6—Lewis v. Blackwood. 7—In re Hartel Photo Eng, &c., Co. 8—Post v. Thomas. 9—Walker v. Schneider. 10—Man Ell Ry v. Cornwall. 11—Cottrell & Sons Co v. Seymour. 12—Becht v. Becht. 13—Solomon v. Solomon. 14—Grattius v. Dick. 15—In re Rizkillah. 16—Gennert v. Georger. 17—Meyer v. Lorraine. 18, 19—Fritsch v. Central Park, &c, R. R. 20—Bass v. same. 21—Atlantic Dredging Co v. Beard Dredging Co. 22—Delaney v. City of N Y. 23—Herzog v. Cont Imp Co. 24—Bartels v. Bartels. 25—In re Davis. 26—Jackson v. Lookstein. 27, 28, 29—Van Dyke v. Webb. 30—Johnston v. Ryan. 31—Risler v. Todd. 32—Weiss v. Albanese. 33—Freedman v. Jacobson. 34—Woodhouse v. Woodhouse. 35—McGarry v. Wetherbee. 36—Hayes v. Sobel. 37—In re Gould. 38—Kraus v. Hoffman. 39—Solomon v. Abeles. 40—Clarke Co v. Prendergast. 41—Brill v. Miller. 42—Barker v. Barker. 43—Ciancia v. Knobloch. 44—Shifrin v. Jackson. 45—Ciancia v. Knobloch. 47—Van Maasdyk v. Marks, &c. Co. 48—Catalano v. Board of Education. 49, 50—Rosenberg v. Shilvek. 51—In re Barry. 52—In re Rolfe. 53—Packard Co, Ltd, v. Rosenberg v. Shilvek. 55—Lukens Iron and Steel Co v. Ryan. 56—Berkowitz v. Schwartz. 57—In re Hackley. 58—Allington v. Union Cent Life Ins Co. 59—Crosby v. Cowen. 60—Grimm v. Smith. 61—Probst v. Andrews. 62—People v. N Y Bldg Loan Banking Co. 63—Bookbinder v. N Y Millinery, &c, Co. 64—Wright v. Wood. 65—In re White. 66—Brill v. Miller. 67—English v. City of N Y. 68—Calhoun v. Lodge. 69—Northern Bank v. La Sala. 70—Masterson v. McGivney. 71—Mikolina v. Millard Const Co. 72—People v. Barnes. 73—Boulant v. Ziegfeld. 74—Curnen v. Coe, &c, Co. 75—Peck v. Peck. 76—Plunkett, &c, Co v. Bassford Realty Co. 77—Gaskell v. Nolte. 78—Crown Cork and Seal Co v. William. 79—Bishop, &c, Co v. William. 80—Solomon v. Abeles. 81—Smith v. Palmer. 82—Nicholas Power Co v. Electrograph Co. 83—Engel v. Orlando. 84—Rutherford Realty Co v. Klansky. 85—Ratner v. Feld. 86, 87—In re Andular. 88—Collins v. Rennell. 90—Lowry v. de Chadenedes. 91—Moebs v. Shulaf. 92—Riordan v. Riordan. 93—Oppenheim v. Bloomingdale Bros. 94—People v. Woelfel. 95—Astor v. Stillings. 96—Lawrence v. Mendham. 97—Jackson v. Lookstern.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Whitney, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Motions. Demurrer. 2473—Pfaester v. Bach Fur Co. Preferred causes. 5543—Straus v. Weinstock. 5204—Feinglass v. Feinglass. 5141—Buda v. Capo. General calendar. 3206—White v. Waters. 3240—Gatti v. Sewell Island Box Board Co. 4930—Hayes v. Sobel. 4313—Bidwell v. Sherman Apartment Hotel Co. 4439—Leach v. Leach. 4694—Thomas v. Thomas. 4804—Berger Mfg Co v. Met Mere & Realty Co. 4702—Eldt v. Eidt. 4321—Stitt v. Ward. 3211—Sheehan v. Eastern Beef Co. 4305—Maloney v. Katzenstein. 4408—City Equity Co v. Housman. 4478—Empting v. Empting. 4409—Eagle v. Eagle. 4502—Middle v. Holden.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Certiorari special. 3722—Rains Co v. O'Donnell. Elevated R. R. cases. 5131—Lerch v. Int R T.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Fitzgerald, J.—1—Morris Ray. 2—Joseph Carey. 3—Max Lewin. 4—Giovanni L Quidece. 5—William Kuestner. 6—William Shanley. John Hartin.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J.—Inquest. 7391—Sindebaker v. Craven. 4588—Stroof v. Canarelli & Hettsheimer. 6813—Pelton Water Wheel Co v. Allis-Chalmers Co. 7385—International Hide & Skin Co v. Waldman. 7470—Hill v. Albert. 7453—Goldenblatt v. Harwitz. 7305—Carpenter v. Fox. 7215—Wyndo ex rel Dwyer v. McClellan. 7382—Gleichenhaus v. Bishop & Babcock Co. 6886—Eder v. Selleck. 7268—Coy, Hunt & Co v. Jurginson. 7492—Friedman v. Korn. 7482—Kurland v. Korn. 7201—Adler v. Washington. 7494—Adler v. Garry. 7418—Susquehanna v. Gainsborough Construction Co. 7411—Tanerstein v. German Union Fire Ins Co of Balt. 6995—O'Beirne v. Kelly. 6981—Racich Asbestos Mfg Co v. Wolf. 7454—Tetl v. Malone. 7325—Thompson Bonney Co v. Keesaville Eleo Co. 7451-7407—Lord Baltimore Press v. Dattilo. 7415—Hudson Trust Co v. Sullivan. 5642—Same v. Moyer. 5675—Same v. Judd. 7839—Same v. Wisner. 7476—Drayton v. Bates. 7432—Traders' Com Co v. Golde. 7444—Reinhardt v. Pelham Park R R. 7402—J. W. Coney Co v. Davis. 6930—Maksroff v. Ferara.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J. 1232—J V Lyons v. Linch. 1239—Sherwood v. Whitridge. 1205—Whitney v. Central R R of N J. 1245—Ruda v. Joline. 1240—Mahan v. Joline. 1056—Mandelberg v. Nassau Elec R R. 58—Mullerlelle v. Int R T Co and City of N Y. 1134—Sullivan v. Int R T Co. 730—Walter v. Joline. 854—Ulrich v. Bklyn Union El R R. 1053—Lauterbach v. City of N Y. 1215—Dwyer v. N Y City-Int Ry. 849—Vacarezza v. S I R T Co. 880—Young v. Cent R R. 916—Frey v. same. 984—Doyle v. same. 1016—Liebman v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 1074—Jenkins v. C I & B R R. 191—Coleman v. City of N Y.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Hendrick, J. 3551—Kancher v. City of New York. 3567—Staples v. Schnackenberg. 7241—Hausman v. City of New York. 3811—Helger v. Schulhels. 3828—Speh v. Star Co. 3908—Lento v. R L Stilson Co. 3718—F Miller v. Hayden. 3719—H Miller v. same. 2979—Garfinkel v. Segschneider. 2966—Erjauschek v. Kramer. 3560—Levine v. Fishbein. 3038—Gismano v. City of New York. 2855—Holliday v. Waters Auto Co. 3569—Patterson v. C. Lehman Co. 3777—Richman v. Flannagan. 3851—Bley v. City of New York. 3834—Malaverneri v. Turner Const Co. 3856, 3857—Jasper v. Rosenberg. 1403—Lennon v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 3750—Benson v. Westergreen. 3820—Wise v. Schlesinger. 3858—O'Hara v. Strauss. 3568—Freedman v. Shelley. 6504—Presby v. Degnon-MacLean Const Co. 3757—Nadelman v. Leventhal. 3190—Poirier v. Acme Bldg Co. 3871—O'Keefe v. O'Beirne. 3870—Kearney v. Knitzer. 3879—Viscouse v. Olson. 3882—Byrnes v. Ballin. 3885—Feigel v. Reich. 3894—Kearney v. Seymour. 3898—Lasker v. Upper Saranac Assn. 3900—Brush v. Buffett. 3901—Anderman v. Prov Loan Soc'y. 3903—Esposito v. City of New York. 3103—Caslin v. Reed & Barton Co. 3814, 3815—Bronnoff v. N Y Herald. 3883—Rothman v. same. 3810—Wilson v. N Y Eve Journal Pub Co. 2215—Loiano v. Cohen. 3480—Duffie v. Dennis. 3521—Tompkins v. City of New York. 3554—Williams v. same. 3702—O'Connor v. Rumann. 3225—Weil v. Drake. 8707—Rosenthal v. City of New York. 3710—Ungerland v. same. 7312—Priolo vs. Sutherland Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—5104—Ring v. Phillips. 6399—Clement v. Smith. 4967—Mancuso v. Int Cap Dev Co. 5040—Milgillin v. Emigrant Ind Sav Bk. 5061—Horn v. Gerstein. 4554—Diedrick v. E S Hall & Co. 4649—Jenkins v. Mahoney. 4415—Aldrich v. Thompson. 4603—Sulinski v. Zimmerman. 2384—Cornell Mills v. Brettill & Bray Co. 4925—Carpenter v. Hammond. 2954—Standard Fashion Co v. Hennessay-Robinson Co. 4347—Speers v. Leonard. 6722—Trust Co of Am v. Mendham. 4877—Frawley v. City of N Y. 4206—Rosenstock v. Metzger. 3963—Asphalt Pav & Const Co v. City of N Y. 3964—Same v. Same. 3073—Condict v. Onward Const Co. 5035—Univ Talking Machine Co v. Rose. 3958—Empire State Tire Co v. Wyatt & Listman. 3940—Sautheimer Emb Mfg Co v. Maier. 4328—Strinsky v. Mayer. 5140—Jackson v. Vail. 4414—Ohio German Fire Ins Co v. Du Four. 3918—Crompton v. Search. 6772—City of N Y v. Matthews. 4000—Bradley v. Perlman. 2693—Stallforth v. Davis. 5190—H C Miner Lith Co v. Frohman. 5205—Dryfus v. Dryfus. 5212—Axelrod v. Tendler. 5268—Filler v. Celentana. 5306—Blair v. Milazzo. 5315—Goldberg v. Rashkin. 5345—Condin v. Bleekmaz. 5351—Boessneck v. Miller. 5361—Harris v. Mauser Mfg Co. 5306—Burr v. Koster. 5350—Conay v. Bregstein. 5381—Fonda v. same. 5419—Conell v. Williston. 5420—Schoenfeld v. Foundation Co. 5422—Peck v. McCabe. 5449—Dally v. Browne. 5452—Scully v. Rady.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Motion calendar. Estates of Dorothea Edgarita Crouse McVickar, John C Martin, Paul Kavanagh, James E Surman, Henry Meyer, Silas C Force, Winifred Austin, Winifred Austin, Patrick F Galligan, Patrick Milay, Agnes L Martin, Moredcai Lublinsky, Timothy B Connors, William E Bartlett, Sadie Locket, Henry G Price, Maria Soledad Blanco, Gerges Pana, Hattie Schiff, Mary E Stafford, John McQuade, Christopher Blum, J Georg Schenk, Samuel Schendel, Patrick Robinson, Alexander McKenzie, Samuel Lichter, James A Grant, Ann J Kent, Sarah C Isham, Christian H Frazel, Rosa E Ralnsford, John Duer, Louis Angelakis, Airy L Finnell, Jacob Ullman, Anna M Knapp, George M Blotchford, John O'Brien No. 2, Ann Ryan Maher, Ellen Flood, Catharine J Franklin, Sarah E Woodman, Sarah B Totten. Wills for probate. Charles A Baumann, Elizabeth A B Crocker, Francis X Diller, Sarah J Miner, John M Burke, Jessie E McGibney, Amelia Howell, Charles Donohue, James Hefenstall, Clara Hildebrand, Joseph W Alexander, Marinda C Sturtevant, Maria Lang.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S.—Contested will: Klara Simon.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I., McAvoy, J.; Part II., Finelite, J.; Part III., Smith, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., La Fetra, C. J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 2290—Brown v. Coates. 7083—Walsh v. Dean. 7047—Weiss v. Fewtress. 7086—Gilles v. Wright. 7091—Taylor v. Cons Tel & Elec Subway Co. 7092—Schuhleln v. N Y Taxicab Co. 7099—Arnold v. Schmeidler. 6831—Met Printing Co v. Braden. 6715—Duff v. Niehaus. 3653—Speigleder v. Hirsch. 7102—Pelzner v. O'Rourke Eng Co. 7107—Lavine v. Wiegand. 7104—Balestina v. N Y Taxicab Co. 7105—Fink v. Hauptmann. 7109—Moulton v. Whitridge. 7110—Brandford v. same. 7113—Van Riper v. Arram. 7117—Hauser v. Siegbardt. 7119—Sweeney v. Kirkpatrick. 7121—Schussler v. Hudson Automobile Co. 7122—Garzle v. Rabinowitz. 7123—Thorn v. Interborough R T Co. 7127—Lichtenstein Millinery Co v. Minaldi. 7130—Machi v. Hastings Pavement Co. 7133—Keeler v. Fidelity and Casualty Co. 7134—Epstein v. Myers. 7135—Max v. Empire State Surety Co. 7136—McCarthy v. Fleischman Bros Co. 7138—Hene, Jr. v. Scarborough Estates. 7140—Hirschman v. Firemen's Fund Ins Co. 7143—Commercial Trust Co v. Levy. 7145—Como v. Central Park, &c, R R. 7146—Bruno v. Levy. 7147—Troglio v. Rodgers. 7148—Sancio v. Rodgers. 7152—Brounoff v. Liebowitz. 7153—Goldfarb v. Joline.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Short causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 2054—Washer v. Goodman. 2093—Hellprin v. Greenwich Sav Bank. 2094—Selbold v. Gotham Con Co. 2095—Deposito v. Illinois Surety Co. 2077—Buchler v. Jampol. 2081—Berger v. Schwengood. 2086—Maresca v. Illinois Surety Co. 2087—Costello v. same. 2006—Appell v. People's Surety Co. 2036—Peck Bros & Co v. Johnston. 2074—Italian Ben Soc v. Illinois Surety Co. 2075—Caramonte v. same. 2076—Parascondola v. same. 2018—Damiano v. same. 1998—Panzani v. same. 1999—Cact v. same. 2057—Guarrio v. same.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Hoagland-Hoagland—Job E Hedges. Hindley-Hindley—Phoenix Ingraham. In re Craw—Isaac F Russell. In re Tanshandian—George G Battle.

SUPREME COURT—Whitney, J. Levy-Goldstein—Isaac F Russell. Knefler-John Marx Const Co—Abraham Stern. Stewart-Swartwout—Samuel H Ordway.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J. Outcault-Lamar—Summer Gerard.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Woodward, Jenks, Burr, Thomas, Carr, J.J.—Enumerated Day Calendar. 411—O'Donnell v. Floyd. 236—Holm v. Shay. 231—Frost v. Village of Port Chester. 424—Johnstone v. Horowitz. 432—Panitz v. Manson. 422—Atchison v. C I & B R R Co. 438—Collins v. U S Fidelity Co. 441—Simons v. B H R R. 805 M A—Lamb v. Friedman. 86—Caporale v. Meyer. 452 M A—Ingram v. Cottler. 459—Rinkenberger v. Roxbury. 446—Burns v. L I Traction Co. 318—Simpson v. Interborough R T Co. 295—Hoskin v. L I Loan & Trust Co. 460—Abele v. James. 461—Wells v. Howard. 462—Schwartz v. Lewis. 463 M A—Sanders v. N Y & B Brewing Co. 464 M A—Burr Mfg Co v. Quick. 466—Raab v. Hudson Telephone Co. 467—Porter v. Baldwin. 468 M A—Brooklyn Trust Co v. Hanley. 469 M A—Buchanan v. Stout. 470 M A—Bombach v. Zielunis. 471 M A—Lustig v. Livingston.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Clark, J.—Demurrers. 4770—Cehlo v. Fischer. 4771—People State of N Y v. Clark. 4371—Heffernon v. N Y Taxicab Co. Issues of Fact. 4404—Shipman v. Co of Westchester. 2948—Elwards v. Edwards. 2902, 3036—Hickok (2 cases,) v. Cowperthwait. 4087—Schwein v. Dartmouth Realty Co. 4680—Jackson v. Darimouth Realty Co. 4696—Oelerich v. Oelerich. 4707—Cary v. Coney Island R. R. Co. 4710—Sparr v. Sparr. 4720—Hauxhurst v. Hauxhurst. 4110—Kammerer v. Pemitz. 4724—Bucksbaum v. Bucksbaum. 4725—Pollak v. Pollak. 4726—Ketcham v. Beneficial Realty & Const Co. 4727—Atlantic Dock Co v. Joralemon Co. 4730—Speciale v. Vitolo. 4234—Kelly v. Buck. 4645—Strittmatter v. Strittmatter.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Stapleton, J.; Part IV., Seudder, J.; Part V., Kelly, J.; Part VI., Jaycox, J.; Part VII., Marean, J.—456—Arnoldi v. Bankers Life Ins Co. 6527—Alles v. Beecher. 7738—Union Bank v. Schlessinger. 8414—Dyer v. Rademacher. 653—Nathan v. Woolverton. 1435—Thiele v. Scudder. 1297—

Lost.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Black patent leather bag containing $5 bill and small change, chamois gloves, bank book of City Bank of New Rochelle and one on Bank of Mount Vernon, also a collection of letters; reward, no questions asked. Return to Superintendent, James McCleery & Co., 34th St.

LOST.—Sunday evening, in New York taxicab, gold chatelaine bag and gold vanity box with initials M. K., H.; party who later occupied taxi may have discovered same. Kindly communicate with A. N. Dugan, 50 Church St., city.; 'phone 8480 Cortlandt; liberal reward.

LOST.—On April 30, in Long Island R. R. station, on special Long Island R. R. train, or on road from Westbury station to Wheatley, a pear-shaped emerald, ¾-inch long. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to Dana, 1 5th Av., city.

LOST.—On May 1, between Inter-State Park, via Fort Lee Ferry, to 351 West 119th St., New York, lady's open-faced watch; monogram E. N. U.; dial cracked, ring missing; suitable reward. E. N. Underwood, 351 West 119th St.

LOST—Monday afternoon, May 2, on 5th Av., between 17th and 20th Sts., silver watch, owner's name inside, small silver chain purse, both on silver fob; $10 reward, no questions asked, if returned to 21 East 9th St.

LOST—Gold watch and fob, between 62d and 75th Sts., on Broadway; return to Mr. Peterson, care Willard Storage Battery Co., 1,876 Broadway; reward given; valued as gift.

LOST.—Saturday, between 62d and Broadway, vicinity of Colonial Theatre, and 80th and Lexington Av., gold sapphire locket and chain; liberal reward. Hermes Rubin, 18 West 18th St.

LOST.—Field glasses in case with initials "J. L. S.," at Belasco's Stuyvesant Theatre, back of stalls, last Tuesday night. J. L. Shine, Portland Hotel, West 47th St.; reward.

LOST.—Saturday, brown stamped-leather bill fold, containing currency and cards. Finder notify 18 Lincoln St., New Rochelle; liberal reward. W. W. Fahnestock.

LOST.—Sunday between Sumner Av. and Prospect Park, wold bowknot pin; liberal reward when returned. Busing, 494B Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Amethyst brooch, Friday morning, between 56th and 57th Sts. Liberal reward if returned to B. Souto, 200 West 56th St.

LOST—From doctor's office, three silver Snuff Boxes; liberal reward; no questions. Irwin, 262 West 83d St.

LOST—Bank book No. 22,068 Harlem Savings Bank; payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST.—Sunday, silver watch and fob, West Farms; reward. McKenna, 1,941 Clinton Av., Bronx.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Scotch collie; sable and black; white collar. Reward return 2,114 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

REWARD.—Lost, bulldog, with white breast; license of Norwich, Conn., 1900. Notify Alice Randolph, 222 West 58th St.

ABANDONED AND UNWANTED DOGS, CATS placed in suitable homes; responsible people can secure pets free of charge. BIDE-A-WEE, 244 East 65th St. Tel. 455 Plaza. Country home, Harrington Park, N. Y.

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Lost and Found advertisements for The New York Times may be left at any Advertising Agency, or call 1000 Bryant.

FOUND, May 2.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two packages.

FOUND, May 2.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Packages, umbrellas.

FOUND, May 2.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master's Office, Weehawken, N. J.: Package, grip.

FOUND, May 2.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Five packages, two pocketbooks, umbrella, small handbag.

FOUND, May 2.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J. RAILROAD TRAINS—Pair shoes, four packages, neck fur, book, comb and brush and toothbrush, cloth bag, shaving brush, pajamas, overcoat, cape, papers, stickpin, military brush, coathanger, pajama pants, pajama coat, four umbrellas. JERSEY CITY STATION—Suitcase. 23D ST. BOAT—Umbrella.

FOUND, May 2.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Bureau, Grand Central Station: Umbrella, package, bag, shawl, wallet.

FOUND, May 1.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA Fall River Line—Lady's neckpiece, nightshirt and comb, pipe and tobacco, 2 nightgowns, shaving soap, bath towel and feathers, rubbers, 1 glove. S. S. NEW HAMPSHIRE—Box stick pins, 2 combs, shoe horn. S. S. PROVIDENCE—Neck chain, 2 gloves, nail file, 2 empty pocketbooks, nightshirt, umbrella, sweater, pants hanger, key, night dress, overcoat, cap, book, pocketbook.

FOUND, May 2.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Co. Apply 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrellas, purse, wall paper, key, overalls, jumper, jug. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, book, music, newspaper, gloves, calendar, book, overalls, jumper, samples, package cloth, iron, fittings, coffee, cloth. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, purse, pocketbook, glasses, coin case, books, magazine, gloves, shoes, letter, clothes, shirt, oil, 2 jars, &c. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, gloves, book, overalls. SUBWAY—Four umbrellas, pocketbook, pair glasses, pair spectacles, cuff button, pin check, cigars, &c., 4 pairs gloves, book, &c., papers, wall paper, blue prints, books, lace, portfolio, gun, pail, case, can ink, nails, paint brush.

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WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING REQUESTS FOR MALE STENOGRAPHERS AND SALESMEN, AND FEMALE BOOKKEEPERS AND STENOGRAPHERS; COMPETENT APPLICANTS FOR THE ABOVE POSITIONS WILL BE GIVEN OPPORTUNITY TO ACCEPT ANY POSITION WE MAY BE REQUESTED TO FILL, PROVIDING THEIR REFERENCES ARE FAVORABLE AND THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ORDER.

BOYS, (4,) age 18-21; grammar school graduates; no experience necessary.
BOYS, (6,) neat, wide awake, willing; $5.00.
CHECKER and PACKER—Wholesale drug experience; $12.
ENGINEER'S ASS'T—Familiar with Logarithms and Curve Plotting.
PACKER—Grocery experience; must be capable; $12.
SHIPPING CLERK—Grocery experience necessary; $12-$15.
STENOGRAPHER—Male; good beginner who can operate switchboard; $10.
STENOGRAPHER—(Female); must speak and write Spanish; $15.
STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER—Female, (3;) double entry experience.
STENOGRAPHERS—(Male,) 5; accurate, rapid; $12-$15.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, office assistants, cashiers, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. Franklin 973.

BOOKKEEPER stenographer; $16; correspondent, (Spanish,) $18; draftsman, $18; others. Mighill, (Position Broker,) Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, competent office help, male, female, wanted immediately. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th.

Domestic Help.

A. A. Hoffmayer, 320 Fifth Av., 9th floor—Well recommended servants; telephone 4527 Madison Square.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4696—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St.. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent servants supplied after a careful, thorough investigation of their references.

MRS. KERNAGHAN'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.—High-class help, male and female; established 19 years; references most carefully investigated. 844 6th Av. 'Phone 683—Bryant, New York.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington, (58.)

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, man, wife, useful men, country. Henderson, 110 West 134th St.; telephone 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th; bond, $1,000, guarantees colored help; 1119 Harlem.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A WELL EDUCATED WOMAN of adaptability is needed in the subscription department. Apply Houghton Mifflin Co., 85 5th Av.

FITTERS.
ALTERATION DEPARTMENT requires several thoroughly experienced and competent fitters; applicants must be accustomed to high-class work and come well recommended. Apply in person to Manager of Workroom, fifth floor.

Abraham & Straus,
Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

NURSE.—Competent, experienced young woman for child 17 months old; going to the country; personal reference required. Call before 11 A. M. or 5 and 7 P. M. Hotel Lucerne, 201 West 79th St., Room 1,203.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.—With automobile experience preferred; must be capable stenographer able to take dictation at a fair rate, and transcribe correctly; knowledge of bookkeeping necessary; work in Tarrytown, N. Y., until September, then New York City; state experience and salary expected. E. D. Perrin, Box 652, Tarrytown, N. Y.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A YOUNG MAN WANTED who is experienced in stenography and typewriting and understands bookkeeping. Must write a good hand and have had experience in business. Must be over 25 years of age. Best references required as to character and capacity. Employment will be in Yonkers. Work in private family. State salary expected. Address Box 171 P. O., Yonkers.

COACHMAN WANTED; one who has had experience and thoroughly understands the care and management of horses, carriages, harness, etc.; must be a good and careful driver and furnish references that may be referred to as to character, ability, and sobriety; wages $35 and board; only those who can fill above requirements need apply. Answer Box 29 Red Hook, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 2,430, Rochester, N. Y.

OFFICE BOY.—Christian family; 16 to 18; active, intelligent; good penman; state experience, if any, and give reference. H., 143 Times.

SAILORS for the yacht Volna, about to start on a voyage across the Atlantic. Apply mornings to Count Festetics, Columbia Yacht Club, foot West 86th St.

SALESMAN TO TRAVEL IN THE STATE OF OHIO TO SELL OUR STRONG LINES OF EMBROIDERIES, LACES, AND HANDKERCHIEFS. APPLICATIONS WILL RECEIVE CONSIDERATION ONLY IF ACCOMPANIED BY REFERENCES AND EXPERIENCE. FAMILIARITY WITH THE LINE AND ACQUAINTANCE WITH RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE ESSENTIALLY NECESSARY. CORRESPONDENCE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. ADDRESS IMPORTER, ROOM 600, TRIBUNE BUILDING.

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SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; hundreds of positions now open, paying from $100 to $500 monthly. Our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get one of them. Write, (or call,) for it today. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 D., Flatiron Building, New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

SALESMEN.—10 neat appearing, educated hustlers, about 25 years old, to handle a new proposition; no experience necessary; we teach you how to make from $25 to $50 a week. Call from 9:30 A. M. to 3:30 P. M., J. V. Murray, Room 31, 33 East 27th St., New York.

SALESMEN.—Can you sell accident insurance? Largest company issuing unequalled contracts, wants forceful, convincing salesmen; city only; salary and commission; only experienced salesmen, capable earning $25 to $50 weekly, need apply. Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced salesman for ladies' lingerie dresses for New York City and vicinity; none but those commanding department store trade need apply; good inducements to right party. Altman & Sivins, 34 West 22d St.

SALESMEN wanted; best-advertised real estate proposition in Greater New York; any good salesman can make good on this property; call before 1 o'clock; special arrangements with good men. Johnston, 150 Nassau St., Room 804.

SALESMAN.—Addressing, fac simile letters, general printing; must be capable of securing good business; guarantee and commissions given to right party. Fac Simile, H 146 Times.

SALESMEN for best visible typewriter; Greater New York; good proposition. Victor, 79 Nassau St.

SOLICITOR.—An excellent opportunity is offered a bright, energetic young man soliciting orders for a high class financial weekly; salary and commission to the right man. Address, giving previous experience, if any, H 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.—With automobile experience preferred; must be a capable stenographer, able to take dictation at a fair rate, and transcribe correctly; knowledge of bookkeeping necessary; work in Tarrytown, N. Y., until September, then New York City; state experience and salary expected. E. D. Perrin, Box 652, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—We want to train two or three young men, college or High School graduates preferred, to sell a good, clean book proposition; no previous experience required; must be intelligent, ambitious, and have a good address; an opportunity to make $25 to $75 a week in commissions. Call at Funk & Wagnalls Company, 44 to 60 East 23d St., New York City.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, six years' experience; moderate salary; good references. D 123 Times Downtown.

COLUMBIA STUDENT, experienced visiting governess, (German and English,) desires Summer engagement in family about June 1; references. Miss J., Teachers College.

COMPANION.—Educated, refined, graduate nurse; experienced European traveler; personal reference. Sherry's 5th Av.

CORRESPONDENCE CLERK and STENOGRAPHER.—Unusually capable and efficient; several years' experience; $25 to start. H 147 times.

FRENCH GOVERNESS or COMPANION.—Call Monday and Tuesday mornings between 9 and 11, present employer, 67 East 52d St.

GOVERNESS.—Qualified teacher music, drawing, kindergarten, &c.; highest references. Address 107 West 70th St.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, and general office assistant; six years' experience in various lines; competent to hold difficult position; unquestionable references from former employers; $15. Qualified, 122 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Few months' experience; good education; can take and transcribe accurately 100 words a minute; $7. May Connery, D 105 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight months' experience; neat, accurate, rapid, painstaking, and reliable; excellent references; $8. Efficient, 121 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; good education; can be trusted with confidential correspondence; efficient and intelligent; best reference. D 144 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Touch operator; thoroughly competent all lines; 100 per cent. in grammar, punctuation; refined, educated. Miss Maguire, 247 West, 21st St.

STENOGRAPHERS, year's experience; bright, correct, willing to work hard to get a start; modest salary. Miss Sattler, 605 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHY and TYPEWRITING.—Expert work at reasonable rates. Miss Hallock, 44 West 38th St.; telephone 4873 Murray Hill.

STENOGRAPHER.—By competent stenographer, permanent position; 2 years' experience. H 136 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, careful; any machine; transcribes accurately, intelligently; $12; references. D 71 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, educated; capable of handling any work; operates any machine. Expert, 11 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; competent; capable taking difficult dictations; high-class work. H 144 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; reads notes well; operates machine neatly; $8. W 44 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

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15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.
156 Fifth Av.
Room 923; telephone 2458 Gramercy; audits, investigations, systematizing, reports; books kept for small concerns, trustees, and estates; highest references; reasonable rates.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT BOOKKEEPER examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, cost system expert; reliable work; reasonable charge. Y 138 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN, 15 years' residence abroad, speaking six languages, will conduct small party on motor or ordinary European trip; best references. Grant Cramer, 31 West 55th St.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, or assistant; American young man; good education; address; experienced; rapid; accurate; understands stenography, typewriting; present employers retiring; furnish exceptional credentials, character, ability. Greer, care of Laurie, 205 West 101st St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER with good firm that wants good man; is not afraid of work; 14 years' experience, 4 with present employer; speaks German and English; wages $25.00. Call after 6 P. M. or write J. K., 219 West 53d St.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2825 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier; 32; high-grade; capable; executive; wide experience; sterling character; ability; best references. Watson, Room 1,822 Park Row Building, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPING or clerical work of any kind by competent young man, 23 years; high school graduate; best recommendations; $12. H 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, legible penman. A1 reference. D 127 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (32,) with A1 references, open for position. Address H 139 Times.

BOY 17, school graduate, desires position in broker's office; best references. D 129 Times Downtown.

BOY 17 wishes position at anything. Harold Ratzel, 88 Onderdonk Av., Brooklyn.

CARETAKER.—Very respectable Jewish man and wife, over 50, as caretaker of house, or watchman; willing; useful in any capacity. H 119 Times.

CHAUFFEUR. — German-American, married; position on Buick car; business house or private; city, country; references. Gus, 1,174 Washington Av., Bronx.

COACHMAN.—Married; English; 5 feet 4; strictly temperate; good rider; country preferred; references. W. H., care of Atkins, 78 Madison Av., Morristown, N. J.

COACHMAN.—Single man; thoroughly understands his business; present employer can be telephoned, 7244—River. Larkin, 9 West 83d St.

COACHMAN AND HANDY MAN.—SINGLE; GOOD REFERENCE. APPLY BOX 377, GREAT NECK, L. I.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY STUDENT EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE can furnish thoroughly competent men and women tutors and companions; also clerks and draftsmen for part time and Summer work. Employment Committee, Sub-station 84, City. Telephone 1400 Morningside.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

GERMAN, 22, engineer, second class, licensed, wishes position any kind, or city. H 137 Times.

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Scientific, manual, electrical, and vibratory treatments in your home by appointment; graduate Bellevue Hospital. 'Phone 4590 Audubon. 241 West 157th St.
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OFFICE MANAGER, now employed as cashier and advertising manager; good correspondent and experienced in detail; age, 30. D. G., Box 128 Times Downtown.

SPANISH technical translations; speedy; accurate; cheap; references. W. Beers, 3750 Broadway. Telephone 490 Audubon.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—By young man, limited experience; assist with books. H 92 Times.

WELL-KNOWN Superintendent desires charge of first-class bachelor apartment house or hotel. H 134 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school education, five years' business experience, desires position where conscientious work counts. E. C., 125 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 16, no experience, wants clerical work, office or factory; good penman; neat appearance; start at anything. D 113 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, clean, light rooms; running water; telephone; references.

17TH ST., 44 WEST.—Light parlor, other rooms; $2 up; convenient for transients; shopping district; attractive those appreciate quiet, well-ordered house.

34TH ST., 214 WEST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; baths; hot and cold water; telephone; rent moderate.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, for two men; breakfast optional; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Large room; all conveniences; homelike, comfortable, and quiet; references exchanged.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Large, cheerful rooms; private bath or otherwise; pleasant home.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—One floor; rooms separate, en suite; private house; gentlemen; reference.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, private baths; furnished or unfurnished.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Private American family; elegantly furnished large room, conecting bath; gentleman; reference.

50TH, 156 WEST.—Private room and bath; $2 per day; tourists accommodated.

64TH, 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; all improvements; low rental until September.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath; also suite; select house; Summer rates.

71ST ST., 235 WEST.—Large front south room, second floor; private house. Tel. 470 Col.

71ST ST., 147 WEST.—Rooms; hot and cold water; bath same floor; gentlemen.

72D ST., 105 WEST.—One large, finely furnished room; bath; telephone 8380 Columbus.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; private bath; electric light; telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large third-story front room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.
Desirable small room; gentleman; reasonable.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house: medium-sized room; southern exposure; newly furnished, decorated; references.

80TH ST., 135 WEST.—Two rooms, rented together or singly; light, airy; Summer rates; references.

81ST ST., 202 WEST.—Two pleasant rooms, convenient Subway, elevated; business person; $18, $20. Hull.

81ST ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable large parlor; running water; convenient "L" and Subway; private house.

81ST ST., 200 WEST.—Newly furnished double, single rooms; one flight; telephone convenient. Apartment B.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; southern exposure; bath, telephone; gentlemen only; references. Inquire mornings.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable large room, bath; all modern conveniences; also parlor for doctor.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, medium room, dressing room; running water; telephone; convenient "L," Subway.

82D, 113 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, adjoining bath.

83D ST., 54 WEST.—Desirable second floor suite or separate; private house; telephone; reasonable.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful, large room, with bath; private house; references.

85TH ST., 255 WEST.—Furnished room, with connecting bath; two gentlemen or couple; Subway; references.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Homelike room, near bath, in small family; moderate. Phone 9160 Riverside.

91ST ST., 9 WEST.—Desirable single, also double room; conveniences; elevator apartment; telephone; near Park.

91ST ST., 15 WEST.—Large, airy front room in modern elevator apartment; also other rooms; ample closets; convenient to "L" and Subway; $4 to $8. Brown.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Well furnished hall room; bath same floor; telephone; near "L."

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortable, newly furnished rooms, near bath; running water; select; telephone.

93D ST., 111 WEST.—Sunny, furnished front room; hot, cold running water; private house.

93D ST., 161 WEST.—Well-furnished room; board optional; private family; conveniences.

94TH ST., 205 WEST.—Three well-furnished rooms; phone, elevator; reasonable; single, $3.50; evenings. Sander.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Newly furnished pleasant rooms, large and small; near L; moderate. Henderson.

105TH ST., 156 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor suite in apartment, ground floor; all improvements; independent entrance; "L," Subway; no other roomers. Michel.

110TH ST., 217 WEST.—Very pleasant room, facing Central Park; elevator apartment; 3 minutes L, Subway. White.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Parlor, single or en suite; other rooms; elevator. Wells.

121ST ST., 210 WEST.—Private family will rent one furnished room to gentleman; references.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Summer rates; front, attractive, modern rooms; telephone, elevator; board optional. Miller.

123D ST., 245 WEST.—Large front room; private house; neat; convenient; choice; one gentleman; reference.

128TH ST., 212 WEST.—Large front room, 1-2 gentlemen; running water; telephone; private house.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; private house; bath; shower; Subway; reasonable.

142D ST., WEST.—Bright, cool, comfortable rooms in newly furnished bachelor apartment in most desirable neighborhood; references required. Lawrence Dunham, 31 Nassau St.

ACCOMMODATIONS for one or two gentlemen; private house; West 79th St., near Broadway. H 108 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 475—Room, bath, separate entrance, in American adult family; special rates. Williams.

FURNISHED ROOMS for men. Hotel Clemens, 98th St. and Amsterdam Av.

LADY having beautifully furnished modern house, will rent few rooms to gentleman furnishing unexceptional reference. H 118 Times.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, corner 127th St.—Handsomely furnished suites; five large rooms; elevator; telephone; electricity; silver; linen; Summer rates; $11.50 weekly upward; room, bath, kitchen, $4, $6 weekly.

SURPLUS FRONT SINGLE ROOM, southern exposure; bachelors' apartment; excellent bath; sublet to neat, refined gentleman; $2.50; West 125th St. H 145 Times.

ATTRACTIVE ROOM, private bath, second floor, near 72d St. Subway; references. H 148 Times.

East Side.

1.—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates. 32 East 76th St.

17TH ST., 113 EAST.—Light front parlor; other rooms; two flights up; attractive those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; near Union Square.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; showers, needle baths, and swimming pool; $6 weekly.

43D ST., 13 EAST, (opposite Hotel Manhattan.)—Small, pleasant room.

55TH ST., 207 EAST.—Large front hall room, newly furnished, $2; gentleman; private house.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms for gentlemen; small; all conveniences.

68TH ST., 226 EAST.—Single front room, nicely furnished; bath; private house; convenient to "L."

89TH ST., 154 EAST.—Elegant, large front room; bath, telephone; private house; separate entrance.

201ST ST., 322 EAST.—Double room; five windows, two beds, sitting room, bath; also single room; suburban; reasonable. Telephone 2370—Tremont.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; private baths; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

PARK AV., 562, Corner 62d St.—A large, sunny hall room. H. Williams.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN
has newly renovated rooms overlooking Bay; for men; with or without private baths; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, (Heights,) Brooklyn, N. Y.

REMSEN ST., 137.—Neatly furnished large and small rooms; private baths; prices reasonable; one block from Borough Hall Subway station.

REMSEN ST., 165.—New, large, small, select; Subway; moderate; reference.

6TH AV., 91, Near Subway.—Desirable second floor, front; refined and private; board optional.

Bronx.

201ST ST., 822 EAST.—Bachelor apartments; large single rooms; bath; suburban. Tel. 2370 Tremont.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

REFINED YOUNG MAN desires room; private family; west side; between 72d and 96th Sts. preferred; give particulars. G. Chelsea, 54 West 18th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Charming apartment to share with business woman; about $4.25 week; all conveniences. H 115 Times.

86th St., 38 West.—Unfurnished floor and rooms to let for light, high-class business or living.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms, with board; front parlor; Southerners accommodated.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; telephone; good table.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; well-appointed house; close to 5th Av.; telephone.

20TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, square room, second floor; bath adjoining.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; comfortable; homelike; parlor; telephone; with good board; $7.

58TH ST., 135 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near "L" and Subway; parlor dining; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Rooms; high-class accommodations; cuisine unexcelled; moderate; references; table guests accommodated.

74TH ST., 121 WEST.—Large second-story rooms; private bath; superior table; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, large closets; with or without bath; parlor dining room; excellent table; fine neighborhood; rates reasonable; table board; telephone; doctor's offices; references exchanged.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Pleasant medium rooms; suitable one or two; telephone; references; table boarders.

82D ST., 8 WEST.
Highest grade cuisine; exceptionally fine rooms; cleanliness; parlor, dining room; individual tables; summer rates.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, with board; large parlor floor room; private bath; furnished suit; references.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; Summer terms; table guests; telephone; reference.

82D ST., 126 WEST.—Rooms; table board; American family; telephone; references.

88D ST., 57 WEST.—Superior home table, $4; attractive, south, single room, with board, $7.50.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Desirable large, medium rooms; all conveniences; telephone; near "L"; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Large pleasant room; all conveniences; fine closets; near Park, Drive, "L."

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; southern exposure; moderate; telephone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; southern cuisine; refined home service; parlor dining; table guests.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Airy, large, well-furnished rooms; first-class board optional; moderate; references.

126TH ST., 108 WEST.—Desirable rooms; conveniences; Summer terms; near Subway; telephone; table board.

149TH ST., 540 to 546 WEST, Near Broadway Subway.—Most beautiful healthiest section in city.

"THE AUDUBON."
Comfortably furnished, large, bright, clean rooms, bathroom adjoining; meals the best and plenty; parlor dining rooms; large porch and a real home.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

PRIVATE Jewish family, having fine residence, can accommodate one or two gentlemen; excellent board. C. B., 150 Times.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway at 215th St., OPPOSITE SUBWAY STATION; ONLY PLACE OF ITS KIND IN CITY; FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS; large, small rooms; suites; immense grounds, overlooking Hudson, Palisades, Harlem River. Telephone.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d St.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars; beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; superior table.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Front parlor, suitable light business or small family; table board; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small rooms, suites; reasonable; excellent table; transients.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large suites; separate rooms; second floor; private bath; elevator; excellent board.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Second floor; suites and separate rooms, with excellent board; reasonable.

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Country Board Wanted.

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

Board in the country within 25 mi

F. A. HEINZE SHARED IN THE COPPER POOL

Government Shows That the Accused Operator Was Interested in the Stock Deals.

HE GAVE A GUARANTEE

Court Thinks It Was Continuous, Making Him Responsible for His Brother's Loans.

Just before the adjournment of yesterday's session in the trial of F. A. Heinze in the United States Circuit Court for overcertification and misapplication of the funds of the Mercantile National Bank in connection with the United Copper pool of 1907 and during his Presidency of that institution, the Government succeeded for the first time in showing that the defendant had a financial interest in any of the stock deals which led to overcertifications by the bank on Oct. 14, 1907. That was the day when the United Copper pool started to break, and the day on which the bank certified checks of Otto Heinze & Co. for some $460,000 against a $39,000 bank account on the strength of a $500,000 loan that F. A. Heinze proposed to make to himself for the benefit of his brother's firm.

Previously in the day's evidence the Government had been hit hard by several rulings of Judge Hough, who presided. He refused to allow United States Attorney Wise to introduce evidence concerning the various speculative operations of the Heinzes, either from the books of Otto Heinze or otherwise, on the theory that it would be connected later on with the defendant through knowledge or participation.

This ruling, coupled with the fact that he was examining Otto C. Heinze and Max H. Schulze, partners in the firm of Otto Heinze & Co., put Mr. Wise in a difficult position until he cornered the latter with some original documents just before the adjournment was taken.

The new point established by the Government was that F. A. Heinze was interested in the results of the operations of his brother, Arthur P. Heinze, so far as those operations were conducted through the firm of J. S. Bache & Co., by reason of a paper which Judge Hough termed a "continuing guarantee," given to Bache & Co. on Jan. 10, 1906, by which F. A. Heine stood sponsor for the then accounts of A. P. Heinze and Max F. Schulze, and for "all future transactions made for them or either of them."

An Uncertain Guarantee.

Mr. Schulze on the witness stand was unable to say that the guarantee had ever been revoked, and Judge Hough said the paper was prima facie evidence of a continuing nature until its definite revocation could be established.

The importance of this guarantee in the Government's case lies in these facts, appearing from the testimony of either Otto C. Heinze or Max F. Schulze:

First—That the United Copper pool speculation, which came to its destruction on Oct. 14, 1907, in the attempt of Otto C. Heinze to corner the stock, was conducted in the name of Arthur P. Heinze through the books of Otto Heinze & Co. and personally by Max H. Schulze, as broker.

Second—That the United Copper stock which Otto C. Heinze on Oct. 14 undertook to call from the brokers whom he suspected of having sold out the collateral they held for the pool loans, had been purchased for the account of his brother, Arthur P. Heinze.

Third—That the stock delivered by Bache & Co., being a part of this total amount called by Otto C. Heinze, had also been bought for the Arthur P. Heinze account, under which lay the "continuing guarantee" of F. A. Heinze.

Fourth—That a check for $126,000 in payment for this Bache stock when delivered, was one of the checks of Otto C. Heinze & Co., which the Mercantile National Bank certified on the strength of the $500,000 loan that F. A. Heinze said he would make to himself for the benefit of Otto Heinze & Co. after Vice President O'Brien had pointed out that with Otto Heinze & Co. owing $636,000 already on Oct. 14, it was out of the question to make a further loan of $500,000 to them direct, as F. A. Heinze at first proposed.

That $126,000 Check.

The Government just missed getting it definitely into the record from the mouth of Schulze that the $126,000 check to Bache & Co. went to purchase stock bought for A. H. Heinze's account and hence was subject to the "continuing guarantee." Mr. Wise, after getting from Otto C. Heinze the general admission that the stocks which he called on Oct. 14 had been bought for A. P. Heinze's account, and from Schulze the admission that to his knowledge no definite revocation of the guarantee had ever been given, confronted the latter with the Bache $126,000 check and asked him whose stock that went to take up.

Schulze said he didn't remember. Then, to refresh the memory of the witness, Mr. Wise showed him the stub in the check book of Otto Heinze & Co., to which the check belonged. The stub bore the letters "A. P. H. Acc't." The witness said that this refreshed his memory, but still he could not recall whose stock was taken up with the check. The Government is not yet able to introduce the stub itself into evidence because of the rulings of Judge Hough already referred to.

This lack of memory of Schulze was on a par with a theory of relationships between the three Heinze brothers and Schulze, worked out by the defense in the evidence yesterday, and covering all phases of the activities extending from May to October of 1907. Otto Heinze, according to the statement of his brother, Otto, had no interest in Otto Heinze & Co. or in any United Copper speculation which that firm or any of its members had to do with, and had not a dollar's worth of interest in the transactions of Oct. 14. Meantime, Arthur P. Heinze carried on the pool operations in United Copper stock without having succeeded in interesting in them either of his brothers or Max F. Schulze, his partner. Nevertheless Otto C. Heinze felt at liberty, while having no interest in the pool, to call on the brokers carrying the stock to deliver on a certain fateful October day while his brother Arthur was still in Europe.

Within the firm of Otto Heinze & Co. these distinctions were followed also. Arthur C. Heinze, the speculator, employed his partner, Max F. Schulze, individually to act as his broker in buying the stock through various brokers, and the firm of which his brother Otto was the head, to carry the entire operation, although neither Otto nor Schulze, according to their stories, were interested in it financially. And brother Fritz, also disinterested, at the Mercantile National Bank, approved as President and a member of the Executive Committee of that institution every loan required to keep the game going except the first in the series made in his absence.

The assistance rendered by Fritz Heinze is stated in the above terms because the Government's documentary evidence thus far connects him as inspiring agent only with the transactions of Oct 14, and with the substitution which took the last Stock Exchange collateral out from under one of the $150,000 loans in the month of August. Miles M. O'Brien, however, has made the general statement on the stand that Fritz Heinze, and not he, was responsible for all the loans after the first one.

Max H. Schulze was the last witness called by the Government yesterday. He testified that he was Assistant Treasurer of the United Copper Company of which Fritz Heinze was President, during 1907, and that the offices of the company were on the same floor at 42 Broadway with those of Otto Heinze & Co. He wasn't sure whether the offices were used in common, although he recalled that the treasurer, assistant treasurer, and transfer agent of the copper company transacted its business in the suite of offices used by Otto Heinze & Co., and that even President Fritz A. Heinze came there for some of the business of the copper company.

Nor did Schulze have any idea what had become of the private ledger of Otto Heinze & Co., which the Government had failed to get hold of, nor of various other ledgers which he last saw on Oct. 20, 1907. Mr. Wise offered to prove that Schulze had talked with an employe of F. A. Heinze about these ledgers since that date and prior to the issuance of the Government's subpoena for them, but Judge Hough did not allow him to do so.

When Mr. Wise produced the written guarantee of F. A. Heinze, dated Jan. 10, 1906, assuring the firm of Bache & Co. that he would stand behind the accounts of his brother Arthur and of Max H. Schulze, John B. Stanchfield, leading counsel for the defense, made a determined effort to keep the document out, on the contention that it contained no specific reference to any operation in United Copper stock and under Judge Hough's ruling earlier in the day that the Government could not go into any of the Heinze deals antedating the indictment without first showing their connection with the transactions which the indictment covers.

Judge Hough, however, decided to admit the guarantee, which said:

United Copper Company,
42 Broadway, New York,
Jan. 10, 1906.

J. S. Bache & Co., New York:

Gentlemen: For value received I hereby undertake to guarantee and hold myself responsible for the accounts of Arthur P. Heinze or Max H. Schulze, or either of them, as now standing on your books, and all future transactions made by them or either of them.

Very truly yours,
F. A. HEINZE.

The testimony of Otto C. Heinze, preceding that of Schulze, had to do with two distinct branches of the prosecution's case, first the transactions of Oct. 14, 1907, and second, the general subject of pools. On the first of these subjects the contest between the prosecutor and the witness brought out the fact that the defense is seeking to shift to Charles W. Morse, now serving a fifteen-year term in the Federal prison at Atlanta, part of the responsibility for what happened in the Mercantile Bank that day.

The course of Mr. Wise in seeking to inquire into the United Copper pools through Otto C. Heinze was a thorny one indeed, between the truculency of the witness and the adverse rulings of the court.

Mr. Wise reverted to the statement of the witness on the preceding day that the members of the firm of Otto Heinze & Co. had a responsibility of millions when it entered Wall Street in 1904, and asked if a like responsibility existed in October, 1907. The witness said such was the case. Mr. Wise brought out that a large part of the capital of the firm consisted of holdings of stock, and that much of this stock was hypothecated in October as collateral for loans; also that in that month Otto C. Heinze's supply of ready cash in bank was between $5,000 and $10,000.

Question of Millions

Mr. Wise started to inquire what other property the witness had as a preliminary step in the process of ascertaining just what individual responsibility went into the "millions" behind the firm. He asked what real estate Otto C. Heinze had "anywhere in the world," but Mr. Stanchfield objected and Judge Hough sustained the objection.

Mr. Stanchfield objected to the question and was sustained. The United States Attorney tried several other leads without success, and finally let the witness leave the stand, after bringing out that Otto C. Heinze did not sell any of his own United Copper common stock during the Summer of 1907.

The only question on cross-examination by Mr. Stanchfield was whether F. A. Heinze had a dollar's worth of interest in the transactions by which the stock was taken up on Oct. 14. The witness answered in the negative. In his earlier testimony Otto Heinze told a story which brought Morse into the Mercantile Bank transactions of Oct. 14 and made it appear that F. A. Heinze had declined to lend the $400,000 or $500,000 that his brother's firm wanted that morning without Morse's aid and approval.

The witness also gave further details of the story printed in THE TIMES on Sunday morning as to how he tried to pull the string of the bag which contained the United Copper shorts, when he got home from Europe on Oct. 9, 1907. Otto Heinze recited that having discovered that 475,000 shares of United Copper common had been sold in various quarters, as against 450,000 shares constituting the entire capital stock of the company, he concluded that some of the brokers had sold out their collateral and would not be able to make deliveries if called upon.

He went to F. A. Heinze on Oct. 10 and proposed "a business operation," which being further explained amounted to a call on all this stock. F. A. Heinze said he would think the matter over and told Otto to come back the next day.

Either the 11th, which was Friday, or the 12th, Saturday, Otto and Fritz Heinze had luncheon with Charles W. Morse, and Otto unfolded his scheme. Morse listened to it and said that he thought at least $3,000,000 would be required, as against Otto Heinze's estimate of $1,500,000 as the outside financial requirement.

In the end, Morse agreed to call Charles T. Barney in from the country and arrange an interview at his own house on the Sunday evening following. This was held, with Barney, President of the Knickerbocker Trust; Morse, and F. A. and Otto Heinze present. Barney listened to the statement of Otto Heinze and said he didn't have the money to go into the scheme. Then Morse dissented, and finally F. A. Heinze.

Arthur P. Heinze being still in Europe, it appeared that Otto Heinze decided that he would go it alone, and, according to the testimony he gave yesterday, he issued the call on the brokers who held the pool stock, found that some $460,000 worth of it was coming in, and then went to his brother Fritz for a loan. This was on Oct. 14. Fritz told him, Otto Heinze said yesterday, that he wouldn't make so large a loan as that on his own responsibility, and the two went to the National Bank of North America to see Morse, who was also Chairman of the Directors of the Mercantile National Bank.

"He told me to get the money at the Mercantile Bank," said Heinze, "and I took that as meaning that I was to make my note to the Mercantile and deposit the securities there. The securities that Mr. Morse spoke of taking were those which were to come in from Bache & Co."

There was an argument yesterday before the testimony began as to whether the overcertification counts should be dismissed as the Government's case then stood. Judge Hough reserved decision, but the argument served to bring out two interesting theories of the defense. One of these was promulgated by Mr. Stanchfield and was that when the Otto Heinze checks were certified a loan to that firm had actually been made by "the meeting of the mind of Otto Heinze & Co. with that of F. A. Heinze," the President of the bank.

To this theory of banking by psychology John C. Tomlinson, the lawyer who argued recently that payment of dividends out of capital was merely a distribution of the property of a corporation to members of the corporation, and therefore not wrong, made the additional contribution that the only person who could be guilty of the crime of overcertification was the clerk who affixed the bank's stamp and initialed it.

The case will be continued this morning.

NOT THE EMPIRE SURETY CO.

Only the United Surety Company Involved in Hotchkiss's Report.

The account which THE TIMES printed yesterday morning of the refusal of the Superintendent of Insurance to renew the license of the United Surety Company of Baltimore to do business in this State on account of an impairment of its capital, and the business deals between that corporation, the Knabe brothers, and the Metropolitan Trust Company, contained an inadvertent reference to the "Empire Surety Company," which had no place in the situation to which the article referred. No institution of that name is doing business in this State. There is an Empire State Surety Company and an Empire Trust Company, neither of which had any part in or relation to the United Surety Company question in any of its phases.

It was reported in banking circles yesterday that Orion H. Cheney, State Superintendent of Banking, is making an investigation, based upon the material placed in his hands by Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss, regarding the manner in which William and Ernest J. Knabe, Jr., are alleged to have borrowed large amounts of money from the Metropolitan Trust Company in 1908 and 1909 and to have given "sweeteners" or commissions to the trust company over and above the legal rate of interest and contrary to the provisions of the banking law.

A transcript of the testimony of Ernest J. Knabe before the Superintendent of Insurance, in which he is said to have admitted giving "sweeteners" to the Metropolitan Trust Company on time loans, was handed over to the State Department of Banking shortly before Supt. Hotchkiss made public the fact that he had refused to reissue a license to the United Surety Company of Baltimore to do business in New York State, owing to the manner in which the Knabe brothers, who formerly controlled the surety company, conducted the business here with the Metropolitan Trust Company.

President Ives and Vice President Chew of the Metropolitan Trust Company refused yesterday to reply to the allegations of the Superintendent of Insurance that their company had been accepting commissions over and above the legal rate of interest on time loans.

To Men Who Know

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GRAND JURY HEARS WHITE'S BRIBE TALE

Illinois Assemblyman Details Alleged Purchase of His Vote for Lorimer.

TO CALL OTHER MEMBERS

Several Named by Him to be Subpoenaed—Browne Won't Talk—Lorimer Elected Bank President.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 2.—State Representative Charles A. White held the attention of twenty-three special Grand Jurors for two hours this afternoon while he repeated his charge that United States Senator Lorimer was elected to the Senate by the purchased votes of Illinois General Assemblymen.

Implicating himself in the story of bribery, he told how he had been solicited for his vote, how he had promised to deliver it, how he had delivered it, and then he carried the recital up to the point where he alleged that Lee O'Neil Browne of Ottawa, Democratic leader of the House, paid him the balance of the $1,000 in the Briggs House, in Chicago. This nine-hundred-dollar bribe comprises the part of the alleged crime committed in the jurisdiction of the Cook County Grand Jury. He will testify again to-morrow.

While the story of a corrupted Legislature was thus being told by one of its members, down in State's Attorney Wayman's office preparations to bring other witnesses to Chicago were in progress, and late at night it was said that no less than six persons from various parts of the State would be brought to Chicago before Wednesday to tell what they know of the bribery of Assemblymen for the election of Senator Lorimer.

Among those for whom it was said subpoenas had been issued were Representatives Henry A. Shepherd of Jerseyville, Michael S. Link of Mitchell, Joseph S. Clark of Vandalia, and H. J. C. Beckmeyer of Carlyle, and Mrs. Charles Luke of St. Louis, widow of former Representative Charles Luke.

Shepherd, Link, and Clark are the men mentioned by White as participating with him and "Bob" Wilson in the "jackpot" meeting in the Southern Hotel in St. Louis. Their evidence is desired in connection with this "jackpot" and its distributors.

Other members of the Assembly who will probably be called to testify before the special panel in connection with the bribery charge include Representative Jacob Groves of Quincy, Senator Albert E. Isley of Newton, Senator George McCormick of Collinsville, Senator F. J. Tossey of Toledo, and Representative George W. English of Vienna.

Groves, Isley, Tossey, and English voted for Stringer to the end, but they are to be brought before the Grand Jury to shed what light they can on the efforts to induce them to mount the Lorimer band wagon. McCormick is a Republican. He voted for Lorimer.

Representative White was taken to the Grand Jury chambers on the sixth floor of the Criminal Court building by means of an elevator which connects the inquisitorial rooms with the State's Attorney's office. Detectives in Mr. Wayman's office cleared the corridors both in his own office and on the sixth floor while the representative was being conducted to the inquisition by one of his men.

With instructions from Judge Kersten cautioning them of the seriousness of the charges which they were making, and with the opening resumé of the case by State Attorney Wayman fresh in mind the jurors sat in absolute silence while White was ushered into the room.

The witness at once began his story, and thereafter, for nearly two hours, went over the details, being interrupted frequently with questions from the State Attorney and the jurors. At 5:30 o'clock he had not finished his narrative of his dealings with Brown at the Briggs House, while the "jackpot" distribution in St. Louis had not been touched upon.

When White resumes his testimony tomorrow morning it is expected that at least an hour will be necessary to complete it.

White's parentage, birth, and early life occupied but a few minutes at the outset of his testimony, and then Mr. Wayman took him through his labor experiences with the interurban lines running out of East St. Louis, and thence to Springfield. White told of his work during the session of 1907 as a member of the so-called labor body and his work on certain bills favorable to labor in the southern part of the State, notably the Employers' Liability bill and meaures for the safeguarding and benefit of the coal miners.

This line of examination led to his election to the last Legislature as a Representative from St. Clair County and his intimacy with Lee O'Neil Browne and Robert E. Wilson. White's acquaintance with Senator Lorimer was the subject of frequent interjected questions by the jurors.

Lee O'Neil Browne, accused by White, spent to-day in Ottawa, engaged in trying several lawsuits. He left Chicago late last night, after several conferences with Senator Lorimer, and political friends. The time of his return to Chicago is problematical.

"I have nothing particular to say to the newspapers to-day," he declared this evening in response to an invitation to reply to additional disclosures made by Representative White. "I don't care to say anything about anything right now. I may have something to say when the right time comes, and it will be enough for Mr. White and the people who are back of him."

"Wouldn't you care to talk about the vacation trip across the lake to Michigan last Summer," he was asked. "Mr. White gives it as an evidence of your close friendship with him."

"No, I don't care to say anything about it," was the reply.

"There were several men in the party—were they members of the Legislature, and will you give their names?"

"I don't care to give their names," Mr. Brown replied.

Senator Lorimer was not communicative to-day. With his election in the morning by his Directors to the Presidency of his bank he shifted his personality from that of politician and contractor to that of banker. In this capacity he refused to discuss the White charges, except to state that the letter received by White concerning bank stock was merely a "circular," 1,000 copies of which were sent out by his son to possible subscribers for stock.

DENIES MRS. BABCOCK'S STORY

Miss Dietz Says She Never Had a Husband and Never "Went Mad."

Miss Ethelinda Dietz, who was reported recently by Mrs. Maude Kissam Babcock as one of those who met with mishaps after quarrels with Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, the deposed and excommunicated leader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, denied yesterday that the published report of Mrs. Babcock's interview was in accordance with the facts.

In the article in question, which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES of April 27, shortly after the suicide of Miss Marion Stephens, Mrs. Babcock was quoted as saying: "Mrs. Dietz had separated from her husband. She went mad after a quarrel with Mrs. Stetson, and was for months in a sanitarium before she recovered."

Miss Dietz said yesterday:

"There is not one word of truth in this statement. Never having been married, I could not have been separated from a husband, and there is no more foundation for the other statements than for that. If necessary, proofs of the opposite facts can be given."

FOUR WHITE SLAVES WERE SOLD FOR $160

Testimony Before the Grand Jury Discloses the Prices Received by the Traffickers.

SIX INDICTMENTS FOUND

District Attorney's Agents Think a Girl of 11 Has Been Spirited Out of Their Reach.

When the Grand Jury handed down six indictments yesterday afternoon, charging Harry Levinson and Belle Moore with the sale of four girls, the price that is alleged to have been paid became known—$40 for the two girls of foreign birth and $120 for the two native American girls who are younger.

The names of the girls and the name of the man into whose custody it is said they were sold could be read in the indictment, but so far as the District Attorney's office is concerned no hint was given as to the identity of the two college women who went into the underworld as Mr. Whitman's agents, and played the principal part in the negotiations which led to the sales.

The indictments carried on their backs the names of no witnesses, an unusual omission, and it is understood that Mr. Whitman wishes to shield the women as far as possible from the danger that would be apt to threaten them in case their names became public property. They must inevitably be disclosed when the prisoners are tried, which will probably be within the next two weeks.

There are three indictments found against Levinson, alias Druckerman, for his part in the transaction which placed Ida Greenberg and Augusta Ehrlich in the hands of the District Attorney, it being charged that the sale was made to one George A. Miller on April 2 for $40. Two of the indictments, one in reference to each of the girls, simply alleges the placing of women in the custody of another.

Two such indictments were found also against Belle Moore and Alec Anderson in reference to Alice Milton and Belle Woods, while a third indictment against the Moore woman alone charges her with the sale of both girls on April 27 for $120.

Again the name of Miller appears as the purchaser, and it is understood that he was the third agent of the District Attorney, one of whose duties was to shield the two women investigators in the dangerous paths into which their work took them. Miller has done service in Federal investigations.

The three prisoners were arraigned before Judge Crain in Part I. of General Sessions shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday, where, at the request of Assistant District Attorney Press, bail was fixed at $25,000 each. He predicted their flight in case a lower sum was named.

"In addition to that, we may charge two of these defendants with a far more serious offense in connection with the loss of an 11-year-old child, for we believe them to have been intimately connected with her being sent beyond the jurisdiction of the court," Mr. Press explained.

The 11-year-old child referred to was seen and bartered for in the flat in West Forty-first Street where Belle Moore lived, according to the agents. In the midst of the negotiations she disappeared, and the agents were told that she had injured her leg. If they can find her now, and they are searching everywhere, the investigators hope to prefer charges of kidnapping, an offense which carries with it imprisonment for not less than five nor more than fifty years.

In each indictment it is noted that the girls changed hands with their own consent, and their ostensible destination was Seattle. The penalty for conviction in cases of this kind may be imprisonment for five years and a fine of $1,000.

The Grand Jury yesterday heard further testimony from Miller, and called as a witness ex-Police Commissioner Bingham. One who has been close to the investigation gave this review of the new evidence yesterday:

"As far as we have been able to discover, the original charges in the George Kibbe Turner article have been sustained in so far as he pointed to the existence of a large traffic, and not sustained in so far as he said the traffic was organized. There is no organization to the point of pooling profits, with an executive head here and branches in other cities. There is, however, just so much organization as comes from a perfect understanding between the traders in different cities, an understanding that has grown in intimacy with the necessity of secret trading.

"It is not contended that these two sales dealt with innocent girls, or that the sale of innocent girls is frequent. How could it be otherwise? The girls could not remain innocent twenty-four hours in the atmosphere into which they are forced."

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
6:27—441	Lafayette St.; Lafayette Press.	Unknown
7:55—326	Monroe St.; M. Kossiok	$100
10:00—536	W. 25d St.; H. Danough	Trifling
10:50—1,736	Lexington Av.; J. Wendel	$50
11:00—538	W. 49th St.; J. Vanser	$120
P. M.		
12:45—56	Roosevelt St.; J. Lynsky	$10
1:15—154	W 87th St.; unknown	$100
12:01—118	West 47th St.; unknown	Slight
1:25—313	Amsterdam Av.; P. Bayer	$50
3:25—313	West 16th St.; Ritta Cartella	$50
4:20—142d	St. and Concord Av.; J. Alten	$25
4:20—341	East 122d St.; A. Newman	Trifling
7:00—309-311	East 22d St.; Commercial Steam Laundry Co.	$100
7:25—226	East 109th St.; Joseph Cohen	Trifling
8:45—20	West 64th St.; John Hordins	$50
9:30—102	Lawrence St.; T. A. Patterson	Trifling
10:10—481	East Houston St.; Fanny Gilbert	Trifling
10:25—438	Lexington Av.; J. C. Rogers	Trifling

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$6.50 Buys a $15 Suit or Topcoat.
TO CLOSE ESTATE.
Old Established High Grade MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP,
38 NEW ST.
(One Block Below Wall).
POSITIVELY GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.
Every Garment Must Be Sold.
All the Newest Goods, up-to-the-minute styles. Big assortment to select from. All strictly hand-tailored garments and made for this season's trade.
Everything Less Than ½ Former Prices.
$20.00 Suits and Topcoats, now.....$8.50
$25.00 Suits and Topcoats, now.....10.00
$30.00 Suits and Topcoats, now.....12.50
$35.00 Suits and Topcoats, (silk lined), now.15.00
English Slip-ons, Trousers, Vests, Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits, Etc., Etc.
All at less ½ former prices.
James Young, Inc.,
38 NEW ST.,
One block from Wall St. Subway
SELLING OUT

RAIDERS SMASH DOOR OF A HARLEM CLUB

Police Arrest Alleged Gambling House Proprietor and Three Men as His Assistants.

CALLED A POOLROOM, TOO

"Just Saw That Tub Corcoran; Look Out," Was Warning the Captain Says He Heard Over the Telephone.

"The Turk" had just won the fourth race at Aqueduct Park and the third race at Pimlico was on yesterday afternoon when into the second floor of the three-story brownstone dwelling occupied by the Rosalie Social Club, at 54 West 118th Street, came the sound of axe blows on the solid vestibule front door of the floor below, and a man who, the police say, was the doorkeeper of the club, rushed breathlessly into the room, where crowded thirty other men. Two of them, Detectives George Mahr and Fred McKenna, who had been getting evidence in the place all week and warrants for eight of the alleged "members" from Magistrate Corrigan, in the Harlem Court, yesterday morning, stepped back from the windows where they had just drawn up the blinds, as a signal for the raid.

A moment later nearly the whole plain clothes force of the East 104th Street Police Station, led by Capt. Corcoran and Inspector Titus, burst into the room and ordered the frightened patrons to submit quietly to the arrest of those for whom warrants were exhibited.

Leaving a squad of men to attend to this, Inspector Titus and Capt. Corcoran hurried up stairs. On the third floor, near the fire escape, they found, they say, a bucket filled with kerosene and paper and stuffed beneath the carpets a bunch of racing charts which, according to the police, had been hidden in haste before they could be destroyed in the bucket. On the wall was a telephone, and two speaking tubes led to the floor below, where, according to the police, the betting was done. Suddenly the telephone bell began tinkling. Capt. Corcoran answered it.

"Cheese it!" he says a voice gasped to him. "I've just seen Capt. Corcoran and Inspector Titus in Lenox Avenue."

"Are you sure?" asked Corcoran in pretended excitement.

"Sure!" answered the voice; then "How could I mistake that tub, Corcoran? He's wearing a vest that would knock your eye out! And I know Titus, too."

The Captain glanced down redly at his florid and rotund vest.

"I guess you're right. Them's the fellers," he said, and rang off.

The four men arrested on the second floor were Charles Freeman, 64 West 101st Street, charged with keeping and maintaining a gambling house; Ed Gordon, 2,383 Eighth Avenue; Albert Wing, 235 West 116th Street, and John Clark, 531 West 147th Street, all charged with aiding and abetting in gambling. Clark, according to the police, was the doorkeeper.

All were taken to the station in a patrol wagon that had been kept in readiness at the corner of 112th Street and Lenox Avenue. The rest of the patrons, many of whom Capt. Corcoran said he recognized as residents of the neighborhood, went away with derbies drawn over their eyes.

The place, according to the police, had been in operation as an incorporated association for two weeks, with a three-year lease. It was expensively fitted with draperies and lounging furniture on the ground floor, billiard and pool tables, and richly hung with pictures. Near by are the Merchants' Club of Harlem, at 62 West 118th Street, and other well-known clubs.

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